people. We carried them under the smoke of their second discharge, without the loss of a man, and only two wounded on the part of the enemy; the galley boarding the first, and the Blazer's cutter, in the most gallant manner, the second. They proved to be the Danish gun-boats "Die Junge Troutman," commanded by Lieutenant Lutkin, and " Die Liebe," Lieutenant Writt, each mounting two long eighteen pounders, and three twelve pounder carronades, with a complement of twentyfive men each.

When you consider that each of these formidable vessels was carried by a single boat, one by a cutter with twelve men, and the other by a galley with nine, the conduct of the brave fellows under my orders needs no comment ; and, I beg to return my sincere thanks to them, and to Mr. Dunbar, the Master of the Blazer.

These two vessels were sent, three days ago, from Gluckstadt, for the express purpose of intercepting the trade from Heligoland. I beg you to report the above proceeding to the Commander-in-Chief, who, I trust, will approve of my conduct on this occasion.

I have the honour to be, &c. THOMAS BARKER DEVON. Lieutenant and Commander.

Lieutenant Banks, His Majésty's Gun-Vessel Blazer.

Admiralty-Office, March 30, 1813.

7ICE-ADMIRAL Sir Edward Pellew has transmitted to John Wilson Croker, Esq. a letter from Captain Hoste, of His Majesty's ship the Bacchante, addressed to Rear-Admiral Fremantle, and dated off Otranto the 6th of January, giving an account of the capture of the armed vessels mentioned in the margin,* on that day, by the Bac-chante and Wearle sloop, under Lieutenants O'Brien, Hood, and Gossling of the former, and Lieutenant Whaley, of the latter.

These vessels were bound from the island of Corfu to Otranto, for the purpose of conveying money for the payment of the troops on the island, and although the boats met with a spirited resistance, they were carried without any loss on our part.

Captain Hoste highly commends the conduct of all the officers and men employed in the boats, for the zeal and gallantry displayed by them on the occasion.

Admiralty-Office, March 30, 1813.

7 ICE-ADMIRAL Sir Edward Pellew has transmitted to John Wilson Croker, Esq. a letter from Captain Mounsey, of His Majesty's ship Furieuse, giving au account of his having on the 10th

- .* L'Indomptable, 1 fourteen-pounder, 1 six-pounder, and 36 men. Francis Effren, Enseigne de Vaisseau. La Diligente, 1 fourteen-pounder, 1 six-pounder, and 36 36 men.
- men
- L'Arrogante, 1 fourteen-pounder, 1 six-pounder, and 40 men.
 - La Salamine, 1 nine-pounder, 1 six-pounder, and 86 men. La Calypso, 1 twelve-pounder, and 30 men.

2

of January, captured, off Monto Christo, L'Argus French brigantine privateer, pierced for twelve guns, but only four long twelve-pounders mounted, and eighty-five men, eight days from Leghorn, without making any capture.

Admiralty-Office, March 30, 1813.

THE following lists of vessels captured from the enemy (omitting such as have before been published) have been transmitted to John Wilson Croker, Esq. by the respective Commanders in Chief.

- A List of Vessels captured and recaptured by His Majesty's Ships and Vessels, under the Command of Admiral Lord Keith, K. B. between the 31st July 1812, and the 25th March 1813, so far as Returns have been received.
- French sloop Zephyr, of 50 tons, from Landernau, laden with empty casks, &c. captured by the Strenuous, July 31, 1812.
- French chasse marée La Providence, of 48 tons, 2 guns, and 7 men, from St. Martin's, bound to Nantes, laden with salt, captured by the Insolent and Martial, September 20, 1812.
- English brig Alicia Hill, from Bristol, bound to Gibraltar, laden with beer and sundries, recaptured by the Rota, same date.
- American ship Asia, of 251 tons, from St. Mary's, bound to Plymouth, laden with timber, captured by the Royal Sovereign, August 5, 1812.
- French sloop Emelie, of 56 tons, in ballast, captured by the Strenuous, August 29, 1812.
- American schooner Baltimore, of 240 tons, 8 guns, and 48 men, from Baltimore, bound to Bourdeaux, laden with coffee, sugar, and hides, captured by the squadron off the north coast of Spain,
- October 7, 1812, American schooner Independence, of 213 tons, 4 guns, and 23 men, from Bayonne, bound to New York, laden with brandy, silks, &c. captured by the Medusa, November 9, 1812.
- French chasse marée La Providence, of 70 tons and 5 men, from Bourdeaux, bound to L'Orient, laden with brandy, oil, prunes, &c. captured by the Martial, November 8, 1812 (retaken by the enemy).
- English ship Racehorse, from Havannah, bound to Guernsey, laden with tobacco, recaptured by the Rota, November 23, 1812.
- English ship Mary, from Honduras, bound to London, laden with mahogany, recaptured by the Rota, November 24, 1812.
- English brig Concord, from Newfoundland, bound to Teignmouth, laden with fish and oil, recaptured by the Rota, same date.
- French brig Bonne Mere, of 120 tons, from Nautes, bound to Belleisle, laden with salt, &c. captured. by the Strenuous, same date.
- French'schooner Hazard, of 97 tons, from Nantes, bound to Belleisle, laden with salt, &c. captured by the Strenuous, same date.
- French sloop L'Ainable Julie, of 80 tons, from Nantes, bound to Belleisle, laden with salt, &c., captured by the Strenuous, same date.