

purpose, the Emperor has desired me to express to His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, that the sympathy and cordiality manifested on this occasion by Great Britain towards his people, has made a deep and most satisfactory impression on his mind, which will never be effaced; and that with these sentiments he accepts for his people what has been so liberally offered, and will take care that the distribution shall be made conformably to the purpose for which it is intended.

The Emperor has charged me to take the most effectual means to communicate his thanks and sentiments on this occasion, and I therefore rely on your Lordship's good offices to give effect to this part of His Imperial Majesty's intentions.

I have the honour to be, &c.

(Signed) CATHCART.

AT the Court at *Carlton-House*, the 1st of *February* 1813,

PRESENT,

His Royal Highness the PRINCE REGENT in Council.

WHEREAS the time limited by the Order of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent in Council of the seventeenth day of July last, prohibiting, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, the transporting into any parts out of this kingdom of any pig iron, bar iron, hemp, pitch, tar, rosin, turpentine, anchors, cables, cordage, masts, yards, bowsprits, oars, oakum, sheet copper, or other naval stores, will expire upon the eighth day of this instant February; and whereas it is judged expedient for His Majesty's service and the safety of this kingdom, that the said prohibition should be continued for some time longer, His Royal Highness, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, and by and with the advice of His Majesty's Privy Council, doth therefore hereby order, require, prohibit, and command, that no person or persons whosoever do at any time, for the space of six months from the said eighth day of this instant February, presume to transport into any parts out of this kingdom any pig iron, bar iron, hemp, pitch, tar, rosin, turpentine, anchors, cables, cordage, masts, yards, bowsprits, oars, oakum, sheet copper, sail-cloth or canvas, or other naval stores, or do ship or lade any pig iron, bar iron, hemp, pitch, tar, rosin, turpentine, anchors, cables, cordage, masts, yards, bowsprits, oars, oakum, sheet copper, sail-cloth or canvas, or other naval stores, on board any ship or vessel, in order to transporting the same into any parts beyond the seas, without leave or permission first being had and obtained from His Majesty or His Privy Council, upon pain of incurring the forfeitures inflicted by an Act, passed in the thirty-third year of His Majesty's reign, intituled, "An Act to enable His Majesty to restrain the exportation of naval stores, and more effectually to prevent the ex-

portation of salt petre, arms, and ammunition, when prohibited by Proclamation or Order in Council." But it is nevertheless His Royal Highness's pleasure, that nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to any of His Majesty's ships of war, or to any other ships or vessels or boats in the service of His Majesty, or employed or freighted by His Majesty's Board of Ordnance, or by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy; nor to prevent any ship or vessel from taking or having on board such quantities of naval stores as may be necessary for the use of such ship or vessel during the course of her intended voyage, or by licence from the Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, or the Commissioners of the Admiralty for the time being; nor to the exportation of the said several articles to Ireland, or to His Majesty's yards and garrisons, or to His Majesty's colonies and plantations in America or the West Indies, or to Newfoundland, or to His Majesty's forts and settlements on the coast of Africa, or to the island of Saint Helena, or to the British settlements or factories in the East Indies; provided that, upon the exportation of any of the said articles for the purposes of trade to Ireland, or to His Majesty's yards and garrisons, or to His Majesty's colonies and plantations in America or the West Indies, or to the island of Newfoundland, or to His Majesty's forts and settlements on the coast of Africa, or to the island of Saint Helena, or to the British settlements or factories in the East Indies, the exporters of such articles do first make oath of the true destination of the same to the places for which they shall be entered outwards; before the entry of the same shall be made, and do give full and sufficient security by bond (except as hereinafter excepted), to the satisfaction of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, to carry the said articles to the places for which they are so entered outwards, and for the purposes specified, and none other; and such bond shall not be cancelled or delivered up, until proof be made to the satisfaction of the said Commissioners, by the production, within a time to be fixed by the said Commissioners and specified in the bond, of a certificate or certificates, in such form and manner as shall be directed by the said Commissioners, shewing that the said articles have been all duly landed at the places for which they were entered outwards. But it is His Royal Highness's pleasure, nevertheless, that the following articles, viz. bar iron, white and tarred rope, tallow or mill grease, tarpaulins for waggon covers, pitch, tar, and turpentine, shall be permitted to be exported, upon payment of the proper duties, without bond being entered into by the merchant exporter, to any of the British plantations in the West Indies, or to any of His Majesty's settlements in South America; provided the merchant exporter shall first verify, upon oath, that the articles so exported are intended for the use of a particular plantation or settlement, to be named in the entry outwards, and not for sale, and that the said plantation or settlement has not before been furnished with any supply of the said articles during the same season; and provided also that the exportation of the said articles shall in no case exceed the value of fifty pounds sterling for any given plantation or settle-