

Sept. 1680.

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Thursday September 8. to Monday September 12. 1681.

Whitehal, Sept. 7.

This day was published an Order of His Majesty in Council, dated the 28th of the last Month at Hampton-Court; wherein His Majesty is pleased to Declare, That He holds Himself obliged in Honour and Conscience, to Comfort and Support all such afflicted Protestants, who by reason of the Rigors and Severities which are us'd towards them upon the account of their Religion, shall be forced to quit their Native Country, and shall desire to shelter themselves under His Majesties Royal Protection, for the preservation and free exercise of their Religion; And in order hereunto, His Majesty was pleased further to Declare, That he will Grant unto every such distressed Protestant, who shall come hither for refuge, and reside here, His Letters of Denization under the Great Seal, without any charge whatsoever; and likewise such further priviledges and immunities as are consistent with the Laws, for the Liberty and free exercise of their Trades and Handicrafts; And that His Majesty will likewise recommend it to his Parliament at their next Meeting, to pass an Act for the general Naturalization of all such Protestants as shall come over as aforesaid; And for the further enlarging their Liberties and Franchises granted to them by His Majesty, as reasonably may be necessary for them. And for their encouragement, His Majesty is likewise pleased to Grant unto them, That they shall pay no greater Duties in any case, than His Majesties own Natural born Subjects; and that they shall have all the Priviledges and Immunities that generally His Majesties Native Subject have; for the Introduction of their Children into Schools and Colledges. And His Majesty was likewise pleased to Order, That all His Majesties Officers, both Civil and Military, do give a kind Reception to all such Protestants as shall arrive within any of His Majesties Ports in this Kingdom, and furnish them with free Passports, and give them all assistance and furtherance in their Journys to the places to which they shall desire to go. And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesties Treasury are to give Orders to the Commissioners of His Majesties Customs, to suffer the said Protestants to pass free with their Goods and Householdstuff, whether of a greater or a smaller value, together with their Tools and Instruments belonging to their Crafts, or Trades, and generally all what belongs to them, that may be Imported according to the Laws now in force, without exacting any thing from them. And for the further Relief and Encouragement of the said necessitous Protestants, His Majesty hath been pleased to give Order for a general Brief through His Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick, for Collecting the Charity of all well-disposed persons, for the relief of the said Protestants, who may stand in need thereof. And to the end, that when any such come over, being Strangers, they may know where to Address themselves to sitting persons, to

lay their Requests before His Majesty: His Majesty was Graciously pleased to appoint the most Reverend Father in God, His Grace the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, and the Right Reverend Father in God, the Lord Bishop of London, or either of them, to receive all the said Requests and Petitions, and to present the same to His Majesty, to the end such Order may be given therein as shall be necessary.

PHI. LLOYD.

Vienna, Sept. 4. The Emperor is now at Oedenburg, where the Dyet continues its endeavors for the settling the Matter of Religion; and we are told that the Emperor has Declared, he will consent that such Churches as have been built by the Protestants, shall be restored to them, but not those they formerly got from the Roman Catholicks. In the mean time, it becomes every day more and more notorious, that Count Teckley has in reality no thoughts of bringing things to a composition, however he endeavours to disguise the Matter; there is a discourse that his Troops have fallen upon the Regiment of Baden, and defeated it; and on the other side it is said, that the States assembled at Oederburg, will assist the Emperor with 18000 Foot and 2000 Dragoons, which they will raise themselves.

Strasburg, Sept. 5. The French Troops that were in Alsace are gone into their Winter Quarters; though its said that part of them have Orders to march towards Dauphine. The French have laid a Taxe of 200000 Livres upon the Upper and Lower Alsace, Santsgau and Brisgau, to be employed for the building certain Religious Houses, instead of those that were pulled down at Friburg, in order to the enlarging the Fortifications.

Francfort, Sept. 7. The French Ambassadors that are to assist at the Conferences, are come to Hoggst, within a League of this City, where its believed they will continue till the Imperial Ambassadors arrive here; they came hither two days since incognito to see a House, and having done it, returned presently to Hoggst. The Swedish Minister has taken his place in the Dyet at Ratubannz, as the Deputy of the Duke of Bremen, Pometen, and Deuxpons.

Hamburg, Sept. 7. The Plague is very violent in Maegdeburg, An English Ship that has been Trading in the East-Indies on private Accounts, is come into the Elbe; and we are told that an Arrest is laid upon her.

Brussels, Sept. 12. The Prince of Parma continues still at Antwerp, much afflicted with the Gout. The Nations of this City, cannot yet come to any agreement in the Matter of the Subsidies his Highness Demands of them; Yesterday they were Assembled, and appointed several persons to attend his Highness, and to represent to him the Reasons why they cannot comply with his Highnesses Demands, till satisfaction be given them, in some points concerning their Priviledges. From Gourvras we have an Account, that the Conferences are again broken up, and

and that Monsieur *Pelletier*, the first of the French Commissioners was returned to *Lille*, having obtained the liberty of Navigation on the Spanish Rivers, which was demanded for the Vessels belonging to the French Kings Subjects. From *Strasburg* they write, that notwithstanding the great preparations of the French towards Italy they continue on that side very apprehensive that the design is really against them. From *Cologne* they tell us, that the Popes Internuncio, the Emperors Commissioner, and the Bishop of *Strasburg* do joyn in their Endeavours for the composing the Affairs of *Liege*.

Hague, Sept. 15. The Prince of *Orange* is still at *Dieren*, nor is it yet known when he will be back here. Prince *Casimir*, Stadtholder of *Friesland* has been in this Town several days, but intends now to return home very suddenly. From *Germany* we have an Account that the Dyet at *Ratisbonne* has finally agreed on the Quota, or Proportions of Men to be raised by the several Circles, for the forming the Army of 40000 Men, which is to be kept on foot for the defence of the Empire. At the same time we are told that the French King has Declared, that he will most Religiously preserve the Barriere in *Flanders*; and as for the Dependencies, that he will pretend to none but what of right belong to him; and that he is going to employ his Arms towards *Italy*.

Paris, Sept. 13. The 8th Instant the Sieur *Taborda*, Envoye Extraordinary from the Prince Regent of *Portugal*, had his first Audience of the King; there is a discourse as if difficulties might yet arise concerning the Marriage of the Duke of *Savoy* with the Infanta of *Portugal*, The Troops continue to march towards *Italy*; Monsieur de *Louvois* is gone that way, to be present, as is said, at a general Rendezvous that is appointed to be held; In the mean time People make divers conjectures concerning the designs of this Army; and some are of opinion, that notwithstanding these appearances, the King has not taken his thoughts from *Germany*. Several Petitions have been Presented to the King on the behalf of the Protestants, who lye at present under such great hardships and oppressions, but we do not hear that they have had any good effect.

Paris, April 17. The last week one *Baranton* was broken upon the Wheel, being Convicted of High Treason, in being privy to a design against the Kings Person. Some days since were likewise executed two Persons, Condemned by the Chamber of Poisonings. The discourse is, that the Court will remove the beginning of the next Month to *Chambor*; but this alters not the opinion many have, that they shall suddenly hear of the Kings going towards *Italy* or *Germany*. From *Rome* we have Advice, that the Pope has made a Promotion of sixteen Cardinals. The Duke of *Orleans* has been very ill.

Whitehal Sept. 9. The following Addresses have been presented to His Majesty.

To the Kings most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Common-Council of the City and Burrough of *Liverpool*, in the County-Palatine of *Lancaster*,

Most Dread Sovereign,

WE Your Majesties most Loyal Subjects hold it our Duty most Solemnly and Publickly to Acknowledge to Your Majesty, the great Blessings which God hath pleased to vouchsafe us in Your Majesties steadfast adherence to the true Protestant Religion, during

the time of Your unhappy Exile; notwithstanding Your many and great Temptations to the contrary; In your merciful Indulgence to Your Subjects at Your miraculous Restoration; in Your having maintained our said Religion with our Civil Liberty and Property by Law established; and Lastly, in assuring us by Your late Gracious Declaration, That Your Majesty will make the Excellent Laws of the Land the Rule of Your Government both in Church and State, and endeavour the Extirpation of Popery.

In testimony of our thankfulness to God and Your Majesty for these great Blessings and Favours. We most humbly and cordially engage our selves, with the hazard of our Lives and Fortunes (as both by our natural and sworn Allegiance we are bound) to Defend and Maintain Your Majesties Royal Person, Heirs, and lawful Successors, Crown and Dignity, against all Popish Contrivances and other Devices whatsoever, praying for Your Majesties long and Peaceable Reign, and everlasting happiness hereafter.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty.

The Humble Address of the Mayor, Magistrates, and other the Inhabitants of the Burrough of *Warham*, in the County of *Dorset*,

Dread Sovereign,

NOT the many Words, but the seasonable Actions of Subjects express their Loyalty to their Prince, the Sense whereof maketh us humbly to Lodge this Address at Your Majesties Feet; Assuring Your Majesty, that in these few Lines there is comprehended that faithful Obedience which Divinity Commandeth, and as much as Humanity can pay.

And this we do most sincerely Profess with all possible Gratitude, from that assurance which Your Majesty hath given us by Your late Declaration, of maintaining our Religion as it is now established, and our Rights and Privileges, as they are now enjoyed; for which, whilst we live, we will serve Your Majesty and Your lawful Successors to the utmost, against all rebellious Opposers; and when we Dye, we will as much as in us lyeth, Entail our Allegiance on those that shall succeed us, that our Childrens Children in their first Language may say, and pray,

God Save the KING.

Plymouth, Sept. 6. This day arrived here an open Shalop, having on Board between 40 and 50 French Protestants, who lived about *Rochel*; there came out with this, four Boats more, one of which we hear is put into *Dartmouth*, but of the other three we have not as yet any Account.

Portsmouth, Sept. 8. Yesterday in the afternoon came into this Harbor the *Phoenix* to refit, and yesterday came to an Anchor at *Spithead*, His Majesties Ship the *Dover*, Captain *Deering* Commander, from the *Downs*.

Whitehal, Sept. 10. On Thursday their Majesties went from hence for *Newmarket*, intending to pass some short time there.

Advertisements.

Taken away upon *Luton Downs* by four Highway-Men, on Thursday last, towards the Evening, a Grey Mare about 14 hands and half high, Trots and Walks, she was lately Rowell'd has a great Cold upon her As also a Gold Watch, with a Gold Chain, and a Gold-studded Case; made by *Arthur Dove* of *St. Martins*. Whoever gives Notice of either the Watch or Mare to Mr. *Thomas Milner* at his House in *Hundred Court* in *Fleet Street*, or at Mr. *Forns*'s Coffee-House in *Devonshire Court* in *Essex-Buildings*, shall have 40 s. reward.

Whereas the Horse-Law at *Peckridge* in the County of *Stafford*, which by an ancient Charter ought yearly to begin upon the 23 day of *Septemher*, and continue for the space of eight days, having formerly been disordered, was the two last years reduted by a Subscription made by the Gentlemen of the Countrey, that they would not sell their Horses a Month before the said time; but bring them into the said Fair; This is therefore to give further Notice thereof, so that all Buyers and Sellers may repair thither at the laid legal time.