

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Monday August 21. to Thursday August 25. 1681.

Genova, Aug. 13.

Yesterday failed from hence two Dutch men of War, and eight Merchant Ships under their Convoy for the *Levants*; they had been at *Cadix*, and therefore were denied Prattick here, which was granted to the English Ships that came directly from *England*. A Brigantine of this place has brought in a Turks Brigantine, and one of the Great Duke of *Tuscany's* Gallies has taken another Prize, on board of which were 70 Turks.

Colgne, Aug. 22. Our Elector has ordered his Troops to attack the City of *Liege*, being resolved to make use of his Arms to bring them to their Duty. However, the Imperial Minister continues his Endeavours for a composition.

Hague, Aug. 29. Our Letters from *Paris* give an Account, that the French King is sending an Army towards *Italy*, under the Command of the Marschal de *Schomberg*, to take possession of *Cazal*, in pursuance of a Treaty concluded three years since with one of the Duke of *Mantoua's* Ministers, by which *Cazal* was sold to the French King for three Millions; though the Duke of *Mantoua* did afterwards wholly disown it, as done without his knowledge, and caused the said Minister to be imprisoned. There is a talk as if this State was about sending Ambassadors to the French King, to interpose in favour of the oppressed Protestants of *France*; or as others say, to represent to the King, how much they are concerned in the preservation of *Flanders*, and therefore to pray him to desist from any further pretensions upon those Provinces; but whether this be a Truth, or only a Discourse, time must shew.

Brussels, Aug. 26. The Nations continue Assembled, without coming to any Resolution concerning the Supply Demanded by the Prince of *Parma*. By the last Spanish Ordinary His Highness received Bills of Exchange for 100000 Crowns, and great sums are promised so soon as the Gallions arrive; and we are assured, that 3000 *Italians* and 2000 *Spaniards* are hastening hither for the service of these Countreys, and that they may be here the next Month. Our Letters from *Liege* of the 23 tell us, that the Electors Troops having advanced to the Suburbs of the City, had attacked the Guards that were there; some they killed, and took others prisoners, and burnt five or six Houses, after having plundered them, so that all hopes of an Accommodation seem now to be laid aside; they of *Liege* have resolved to raise 1500 Men immediately.

Brussels, Aug. 29. The City of *Antwerp* has Granted the Subsidy demanded by the Prince of *Parma*, which its not doubted but will be a good example to the Nations that are Assembled here, This day arrived an Express from *Auxemburg*, being sent by the Prince of *Chimay*, to give his Highness an Account, that the French Troops continue Encamped

within a League of the City of *Luxemburg*; that they will not permit any Provisions to be brought thither, by which means the Garrison is reduced to great extremity, and cannot long subsist. We are likewise told, that the French have Commanded the Villages in that Province, now under their jurisdiction, to provide each of them a Horseman well mounted; and besides, have laid a Tax of a Gilder upon every House, to be paid yearly. From *Liege* they write, that they have resolved to raise Men, and to put themselves into a posture of Defence.

Paris, Aug. 30. The march of the Kings Troops towards *Italy*, begins now to be the main subject of Peoples Discourses; every body concludes that the first design is upon *Cazal*, and when that is executed, its not doubted but the King will find other employment for his Forces on that side, and will perhaps by their Motions, dispose the Court of *Rome* to quit the points concerning the Regality, which it seems at present so positively to insist upon. Some are of opinion that the *Sieur du Quefne's* action at *Scio*, will be very much reented by the Turks; and that the Kings Ambassador at *Constantinople* may feel the effects of it.

Windsor, Aug. 20. This day the following Address was presented to His Majesty from the Burrough of *Richmond*, which had been performed much sooner, but that the Mayor, notwithstanding the earnest solicitations of most of the Corporation, would not consent to it, upon which, that there might be no further delay in giving this testimony of their fidelity and Loyalty, they chose to make it without him, the whole Town being unanimous in it, and the Aldermen, Burghers, and most substantial Inhabitants Signing it, excepting only *John Wilson* the Mayor, and *John Bartlet Senior*, *Henry Bartlet*, and *Francis Blackburne's* Aldermen, who dissented. His Majesty was pleased to receive it very Graciously, and ordered *Marmaduke Darcy*, Esq; who presented the same in the name; and at the desire of the said Burrough, to return them his Thanks, and assure them of his Royal satisfaction in their Loyalty and Affection to His Service.

To the Kings most Excellent Majesty,

Most Dread Sovereign,

WE Your most Dutiful, Loyal and Humble Subjects; the Aldermen, Common Council, Free-Burghers and Inhabitants of your ancient Burrough of *Richmond*, in the North-Riding of the County of *York*, whose Names are underwritten, do most humbly beg leave to present to Your Sacred Majesty, from our hearts a more thankful Acknowledgment for Your most Gracious late Declaration, than we can by any words express; whereby you have assured unto us, the preservation of our Religion, Liberties and Properties were all lastly likely to have been swallowed up in monstrous confusions, if the special Spirit of God had not inspired your heart timely to prevent it. Direct SIR, For these

and

and all other those great Blessings, which since your return to your rightful Government of and over us, we have in an extraordinary manner enjoyed, we shall (as we have just cause) Bless God and Your Majesty, and beseech his Almighty Power, continually to assist you with the Spirit of Wisdom and Courage, to preserve the just Prerogatives of your Imperial Crown, and the Succession of these your Kingdoms in the right Line, and the true Protestant Religion as by Law is now established; whereby we may have confidence our posterities shall enjoy, by the Laws of the Land, what is due to them, which by that means only can be secured unto us; In defence whereof, as of your most Sacred Person, we do prostitute our Lives and Fortunes at your Majesties Feet, to be disposed of whensoever you shall please to Command; And we shall do our utmost Endeavours when ever your Majesty shall please to call another Parliament, to choose such Representatives for this Burrough, as shall take care in the first place, to do what your Majesty Declares you call themfor; that the greatness of your Power, and the strength of your Kingdoms, may be a terror to your Enemies, a support to your Neighbours and Allies, and all your Dominions preserved in Peace and Plenty.

Windsor, Aug. 22, The following Address was presented by the Lord Lieutenant, and the Deputy-Lieutenants of that County, being Signed by them and by the Bishop of Peterborough and his Clergy, with near six thousand others.

To the Kings most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of your Majesties most Loyal and Obedient Subjects, the Grand Jury of the County of Northampton, at the Assizes there held the 12th day of July, 1681.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE Your Majesties said Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, do with all Humility, give Your Majesty our most hearty and unfeigned Thanks for Your Majesties most Gracious Declaration of the 8th of April last, and of those Instances of Your Royal Goodness and Condescensions therein expressed; and more especially for Your Princely Resolution, in preferring the Succession of the Crown in its due and legal course of Descent, in humble and thankful acknowledgment whereof, and sense of our Duty, we prelude humbly to give Your Majesty an assurance, that we will sacrifice our Lives and Fortunes in the preservation of Your Majesties Sacred Person (whom God long preserve) the Protestant Religion, Monarchical Government, and the Succession, as now established by the Laws of this Your Kingdom. against all Opposers whatsoever. And we humbly beseech God to give Your Majesty a long and happy Reign, and that we may never want one of Your Royal Line, so long as the World endures, to sit in the Throne and Rule over us.

May it please Your Majesty,

WE Your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Lords, Gentlemen, Clergy, Freeholders and Inhabitants of the County of Northampton, in testimony of our hearty concurrence to the Address of the Grand Jury above-mentioned, have hereunto Subscribed our Hands.

Windsor, Aug. 23, The Addresses which follow, were presented to His Majesty the last week, by the Right Honourable the Lord Bruce.

To the Kings most Excellent Majesty.

Most Dread Sovereign,

WE the Bayliff, Portreeve, Burgesses and Inhabitants of Your Majesties most Obedient and Dutiful Subjects of the Burrough of Great Bowden in the County of Wilts, understanding with great joy, how Graciously your Majesty has been pleased to receive, and taken good part, the humble Address from most part of this Your Majesties Kingdom we should be the unworthiest Persons living, did we not embrace this and all opportunities whatsoever to express our real Gratitude to Your Majesty for those unspeakable Blessings we have enjoyed since your most happy Restauration; before which time this poor Nation was so distracted a condition, that we cannot but wish horror and amazement detest and abhor those wicked Incendiaries, who make it their business to bring us again into the same Confusion, under pre-

textence of securing our Religion and Property, as thinking the putting fears and jealousies into the Minds and Hearts of your Subjects, the surest way to bring their Traiterous Designs to effect; but we do assure your Majesty, that we are so far from being wrought upon by those tempting baits, that heretofore deluded so many of this Nation; that we shall sacrifice our Lives and Fortunes, and all that is dear to us in the Defence of Your Sacred Person, Crown and Dignity, Your lawful Heirs and Successors, the Protestant Religion, of the Church of England, and the Laws as now established against all audacious and rebellious Persons of what Religion soever; we humbly beg your Majesties acceptance of this our firm and steady Resolution, from the Hands of the Right Honourable the Lord Bruce, as the least and most submissive acknowledgment we could make, for those Princely assurances, contained in your Majesties most Gracious Declaration.

May it please your most Sacred Majesty,

WE your Majesties most Loyal and Obedient Subjects, the Bayliff, Burgesses and Inhabitants of your Burrough of Ludgershall in the County of Wilts; (however otherwise mean) yet desirous to express our selves inferior to none in all Loyalty and unfeigned regard to your Majesty, out of a deep sense of your Majesties great Prudence, Justice and Clemency in the Government of this your Kingdom, and your particular pity on us, do with all Humility return your Majesty our most thankful acknowledgments, especially for your Majesties late Declaration, containing so many Gracious and Princely assurances of our Religion, Laws, just Liberties and Properties, as much as the best of Kings could Grant, and the best Subjects wish, that none but Men of very ill Principles, have any other reason but to bless God for the same; and that no provocation whatsoever can tempt your Majesty to the contrary. Wherefore we shall with our utmost All (so long as we live) sincerely endeavour the preservation of your Majesties Sacred Person, Crown and Dignity, your lawful Heirs and Successors, the true Protestant Religion of the Church of England, and the established Laws, against all Popish and disaffected persons whatsoever.

Whitehal, Aug. 23. This Morning Mr. John Harrington was taken into custody, and having been examined before the Lords of the Council, was required to give in Bail to appear the first day of the next Term, to answer such Matters as he should be charged with. The same day the Lord Blaney, who was in the hands of one of His Majesties Sergeants at Arms was discharged.

Whitehal, Aug. 23. His Majesty being pleased to confirm to the Town of Cowbridge in Glamorganshire, their ancient Charters; by which, amongst other Privileges and Immunities, they hold one Fair yearly on the 24th of June, and another on the 14th day of September, and fourteen days next immediately after; his Majesty Graciously added to their two former Fairs, one new Fair, to be held yearly on the 23 day of April.

Advertisements.

Lost since about Germanish. 1681, the 23 Instant, six small fine Keys, tyed in a Bunch; Whosoever can give notice of them to the Countess of Arundel, at her House in Germanish. 1681, shall have a Guinea reward.

These are to give Notice, that there are lately taken, and in the custody of the Keeper of His Majesties Goal of Newgate, London; some Persons suspected to have committed Robberies on the Hig-way; and likewise two Horses, supposed to have been taken on the Road; the one a Bay Gelding about 15 hands high, tull aged, broken winded, a Star on his Forehead, a snip on his Nose, the further Eye griled, three white Feet, some Saddle Spots on both sides. The other a Bay Gelding about 15 hands high, with a thorn Mane, no white at all, about eight years old; if any person have been Robbed of the said Horses, let them repair to the Keeper of Newgate, where they may have a view of the Men and Horses, and the Owners have the Horses restored, prosecuting the Offenders according to Law.

Stolen or layed out of Mr. Nicholas Shapels Ground at Slowe near Kimboldton in Huntingdonshire, the 20th Instant at night, a large yellowish Dun Gelding, three white Feet, a Star in his Forehead, a Snip on his Nose, five years old, between 14 and 15 hands high, all his Haces, one walk Eye, the other Red, he is a very broad made Horse. Also a Brown Bay Colt two years old, a Star on his Forehead, a snip on his Nose, three white Feet, a long Tail, between 14 and 15 hands high; Whosoever can give notice of them to Mr. Shapels at Slowe aforesaid, or to Mr. Thomas Rahon at the Mill in Swep in Wallingford, shall have 40 s. reward.