

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Thursday July 21. to Sunday July 25. 1681.

Vienna, July 17.

THere are great hopes that the Dyct at Oedenburg, will have a happy Conclusion; they have now before them the Matter of Religion; and it is believed, that Count Teckelej, will be persuaded to come in Person to the Dyct.

Cologne, July 25. The Sieur Fodocus, the Imperial Minister, is returned hither from Liege, and had yesterday an Audience of our Elector; and its hoped his Endeavours will produce an Accommodation which is very much to be wished. The French are moving on all sides; We are told that a Body of 10000 Men is posted near *Saverne*, and that there are 30 Battalions in *Lorraine*, ready to March.

Hamburg, July 26. The Princes and Princesses that were met at *Piermont*, are separated, very much satisfied with each other. The Elector of *Brandenburg* is returned to *Berlin*, and the Queen Mother of *Denmark* is now at *Hanouer*, and from thence will go to *Zell*. We have an account from *Stockholm*, that on the 6th Instant, the Queen of *Sweden* was brought to Bed of a Princess, who was the next day Christned by the name of *Sophia*: We have the ill news of the Plagues being broke out at *Maegdenburg*.

Hague, July 29. The Prince of *Orange* is returned from *Dieren*, and lay the last Night at *Sorgoliet*; and to Morrow, or the Day following, his Highness will Embark for *England*. From *Flanders* they write, of the great anxiety People were there in, upon the March of the French Troops, who had Orders to enter into *Flanders* and *Brabant*, if the Spanish Troops were not drawn out of *Chinay*, before the 28th of this Month.

Brussels, July 25. On Monday last, the Prince of *Parma* (who returned hither from *Antwerp* on Saturday) gave Audience to Monsieur *Corsel*, the French King's Lieutenant, at *Tournay*; his Business was to acquaint his Highness, That in case *Chinay* and its Dependencies, were not delivered up in 8 days, the French Troops had Orders to enter into the Provinces of *Flanders* and *Brabant*, and to continue there till satisfaction was given to his Majesty. On Wednesday, Monsieur *Corsel* parted from hence again; and the same day we received advice, that the French Troops were in Motion: That the Chevalier *de Sourdis* was come with a Body of Foot to *Mennin*, and the Count *de Montbron* with a Body of both Horse and Foot to *Pont de Perrieres*, between *Tournay* and *Aeth*, which put People into great Consternation. And at the same time we had an account from *Luxemburg*, that the Count *de Bissy* had separated his Troops, and had Quartered them in Parties up and down the Countries.

Brussels, July 29. Upon the Sieur *Del Vals* returned hither yesterday from *Paris*, as likewise the Baron *d'Espels* (whom his Highness had sent to the Count *de Montbron*, encamped with the Troops under his Command at *Pont Perrieres*) his Highness

called an extraordinary Council, where it was resolved, that to prevent the Ruine of the Provinces of *Flanders* and *Brabant* (which the French Troops would certainly enter in a day or two) *Chinay*, and all the other Places which the French pretend to in *Luxemburg*, should be immediately delivered up; and accordingly an Express was presently sent to the Count *de Montbron*, to acquaint him with the Resolution his Highness had taken; and that in pursuance thereof, Orders had been sent to the Prince *de Chinay*, Governor of *Luxemburg*, and therefore to desire him to retire with his Troops from our Frontiers.

Paris, July 30. The English and Dutch Ministers at this Court, have had an Audience of the King concerning *Chinay*; but we do not hear of any change of the Orders that have been sent, to Monsieur *de Bissy*, to enter with the Troops under his Command, into the Province of *Luxemburg*; and to the Chevalier *de Sourdis*, to go and Quarter with another Body of Men in the Province of *Flanders*, in case *Chinay* and its Dependencies were not given up before, or on, the 28th Instant. The Cardinal *Grimali*, who is Archbishop of *Aix*, has refused to Assemble the Bishops of this Province, in order to the Choosing of Deputies, to be sent to the General Assembly of the Clergy, and has written to the Chancellor, and other of the Ministers, with much freedom, justifying his refusal. There is a Discourse, as if there was a Treaty on foot between our King and the Crown of *Denmark*. The Dauphiness continues very much indisposed; however she is removed to *Fontainbleau*. The Sieur *de St. Romani*, and the Sieur *Harley*, the King's Commissioners for the Conferences that are going to be held at *Francfort*, have Orders to hasten thither.

Windsor, July 22. Since our last, several Addresses have been presented to His Majesty; Those of the County of *Essex* and the Burrough of *Lancaster* by his Grace the Duke of *Albemarle*, and that from *Plymouth* by the Right Honourable the Earl of *Bath*.

To the Kings most Excellent Majesty.

The Humble Address of Your Majesties Justices of the Peace, the Magistrates, Common-Council, Free-Burghers, and other Loyal Subjects of Your Majesties Town and Corporation of Plymouth.

WE Your Majesties most Loyal and Obedient Subjects, (having with all due Respect, and possible demonstrations of Joy, received Your Majesties Gracious Declaration, wherein Your Majesty is Graciously pleased to condescend to discover Your Majesties Royal Intentions and Resolutions, to preserve the established Protestant Religion, and the Liberty, and Property of Your Subjects, to have frequent Parliaments, to use Your Majesties utmost endeavours to extirpate Popery, and in all things to Govern according to the Laws of Your Kingdom) Do with all Humility, Loyalty, and Sincerity, render unto Your most Royal Majesty, our most hearty and unfeigned Thanks and Acknowledgments for those Great and most Gracious Assurances Your Majesty hath been pleased, both now and heretofore, to make unto us and all Your loving Subjects, and do most humbly beg Your Majesties Graçi