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Warsaw, June 131

THe Moscovite Ambassadors are lookt upon here with a very ill Eye; and great reproaches have been made them for having at the same time that they were Treating here a Defensive and Offensive League. concluded a Peace with the Ottomans, without Including this Crown therein, which the Ambassadors have endeavoured to excuse, by saying, that the Czar their Master observing with how much slowness and difficulty Matters with relation to that League were managed here, could not deny his Subjects the advantages of a Peace which the Turks offered him upon Terms so Just and Honourable: but this does not satisfie: And in the mean time our King is endeavouring to put the publique Affairs in the best posture he can. It is said that this Peace between the Turks and the Moscovites, as well as the breaking up of our Dyet, has been effected by the endeavour of those that would have the Ottomans turn their Arms towards Hungary.

Moscow, June 17. Since the conclusion of the Peace with the Turks, the Czar, has resolved to make a great Reform of his Troops, and particularly of the strangers that are now in his Service. It is said the Czar will send Ambassadors to Poland to Treat a perpetual Peace with that Crown.

Dantzick, June 21. From Warsaw they write, that the Moscovite Ambassadors were parted privately from thence, without taking their leave of any body; the Poles being extremely exasperated against them, finding that the Treaty of an Alliance with them, was set on foot by the Moscovites for no other end, than to induce the Turks to make a Peace with them upon the better terms; And there is reason to believe that the Turks would not have been so compliant to the Moscovites, were it not out of a desire to revenge the forwardness this Crown has shewn to engage in a War against them.

Halberstadt, June 20. The 12th Instant the Elector of Brandenburg arrived at Hall, where great preparations had been made for his Reception; a Triumphal Arch was Erected near the first Gate, under which his Electoral Highness passed, attended, besides his own Train, with the Nobility of the Countrey, who were wry rich in their Cloaths and Equipages: the Elector had seventeen Coaches of his own, with six Horses each, and a great many led Horses, and as the Court was in great splendor, so the Magistrates and Inhabitants of Hall were not wanting by all ways to testify with how much joy they received their new Prince: The 14th the Nobility did their Homage, as the Town did the day following. The 17th the Court left Hall, and arrived here yesterday, from whence it removes to

tomorrow, and intends to be the 25th at *Piermont* and *Westphalia*. We have advice that four Frigats which have been fitted out by his Electoral Highness's Order at the *Pillau*, are ready to Sail from thence, being bound for the *East-Indies* to Trade; and that the Frigats which have been in the *West-Indies* to make Reprisals upon the Spaniards, are returned to the *Pillau*.

Francfort, July 4. From *Ratisbonne* they write, that there is still some difference between the Electoral Colledge and that of the Princes, concerning the proportioning the Troops that are to be raised by the States of the Empire, but that it was hoped that Matters would be agreed in few days. The French Officers have thrice affix'd Citations on the Stadthouse at *Creusnach* in the Palatinate, thereby summoning the Inhabitants to do Homage to the French King, which have as often been torn down by the Officers of his Electoral Highness, who has Commanded his Subjects not to submit to the said Summons.

Hamburg, July 4. It is reported that Count *Berká*, the Emperors Minister at *Copenhagen* is Treating about an Alliance, between his Imperial Majesty and the King of *Denmark*; and it is likewise said, that that King has resolved to send the Heer *Guldenlieu*, as his Ambassador to *Spain*, to make a Treaty with that Crown; but what Truth there is in it time must shew. It is believed that some Matters of Moment will be managed at the Meeting of *Piermont*, where the Dukes of *Zell* and *Wolfenbuttel* intend to meet the Elector of *Brandenburg*.

Hamburg, July 4. It is certain that the Peace between the Turks and the Moscovites has been confirmed and ratified by the Czar, and now it is the general belief, that the Ottomans will turn their Arms against *Poland* or *Hungary*.

Hague, July 8. To Morrow the States of *Holland* meet, and the Prince of *Orange* who is gone to *Breda* to visit the new Fortifications that are making there, is expected back here in a day or two. From *Liege* we have Letters of the fourth Instant, which say, that the Heer *Jodocus*, the Emperors Envoye was arrived there, and that it was hoped he would be successful in his Commission; which was to endeavour to reconcile that City to their Prince the Elector of *Cologne*.

Brussels, July 8. The Advice we have from *Dunkirk*, that an Embargo has been laid upon all Spanish Ships in that Port, does somewhat alarm us here, not well knowing the reason of it. The Prince of *Parma* (who is still at *Antwerp*) has given out Commissions for the raising two German Regiments, to consist of 1500 Men each, and the Colonels have received their Moneys, and are gone to make their Leavies. Colonel *Gage* has likewise received his Moneys for recruiting the Scotch Regiment to 600 Men; and its likewise believed the same care will be speedily taken concerning the *English* and *Irish* Regiments.

Brussels

Brussels, July 11. Our Letters of the 5th Instant from *Luxemburg* tell us, that the French Troops were advanced as far as *Ivois* with a Train of Artillery; from whence they were to march the 12th Instant, to take Possession of the County of *Chimay* by force, if the same were not delivered to them by this day. That the French Officers continued to summon several other places to do Homage to the French King; and that Monsieur *Spondran* coming the 8th Instant to *Luxemburg*, and speaking with the Prince de *Chimay*; an Expres was immediately dispatched to his Highness at *Antwerp*, of whose errand we know nothing as yet. They write from *Namur* that the French have put themselves in possession of all the Countrey between the *Sambre* and the *Meuse*, and have set up the French Kings Arms in all publique places, and particularly in *Maloigne*, hard by *Namur*. It's uncertain when our Court will return hither, there being a report that his Highness will first go to *Guelderland*. We understand that the reason of the Embargo at *Dunkirk* is, that a Ship of that place having been seized by those of *Ostend*, a considerable time since, and the French King having written several times hither, to have the Process decided, but without effect, he has thought fit at the instance of the Owners, to use this way of Reprizal.

Paris, July 12. The King has nominated the Abbot of *Bur-emont* to the Bishoprick of *Pamiers*, which has been some time vacant. The necessary Summons have been issued for the Convoking the general Assembly of the Clergy, the King has appointed to meet in *September*, which its believed will produce some notable things. The King has put out a Declaration, forbidding his Protestant Subjects to send their Children to be bred beyond Sea.

Windsor, July 4. An Humble Address has been presented to His Majesty from the Nobility, Gentry, and Clergy of the West-Riding of *Yorkshire*.

May it please Your Sacred Majesty,

WE Your Majesties most Loyal and Faithful Subjects, the Nobility, Gentry, and Clergy of the West-Riding of *Yorkshire*, do hold our selves in Duty bound, to render Your Majesty our humblest Thanks and Acknowledgments for Your great Goodness in vouchsafing by Your Declaration to give a general assurance, that Your Majesty will always make the Law the Rule of Your Government, of which we no ways doubt. That Your Majesty is also pleased to Declare Your Royal intentions to have frequent Parliaments, and to preserve the Government both in Church and State, as it is now established by Law; we are bound most humbly to thank Your Majesty for such Comforts, as in Your Princely Consideration You thereby afford us; and upon so great cause to express them, we do in all Humility beseech Your Majesty Graciously to accept of these Duties to You, and withall of our faithful Protestations, with our Lives and Fortunes to maintain Your Majesties Crown and Dignity against all attempts whatsoever, praying to God for Your Majesties long and prosperous Reign over us, and all Your Dominions, and afterwards of Your Majesties lawful Successors.

To the Kings most Excellent Majesty.

The Humble Address of Your Majesties Officers of the Militia, with the Gentlemen, and other Loyal Inhabitants of Your Majesties antient City of *Canterbury*.

May it please Your Majesty.

WE your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, having with the greatest satisfac-

tion heard your Majesties late Declaration (which certainly cannot but excite in all Loyal Hearts the most grateful acknowledgments,) think our selves highly obliged (out of the sense of Gratitude as well as Duty) to return our unfeigned Thanks to your Sacred Majesty for those Royal and Heady Resolutions your Majesty has been pleased to manifest to your Subjects in it, viz. That your Majesty would constantly maintain the Crown in its just Rights and due course of Succession; That you would Govern your People by the known Laws of the Land; and as your Majesty had resolved not to exercise any Arbitrary Power over us your self, so you would not suffer it in our fellow Subjects, and that which is more dear unto us than any Secular Interest, your Majesty has been freely pleased to assure us that you would protect the Orthodox Church of England (which never yet taught Subject to Rebel.) We therefore who have Subscribed this Address, do with Hearts filled with Loyalty, as well as Gratitude assure your Sacred Majesty, that we will at all times, to the utmost hazard of our Estates and Lives, assist your Majesty, your lawful Heirs and Successors, in Defence of the Crown, and Church, and the established Laws of the Land, against all Popish and Fanatical Designs whatsoever, and this Honest and Loyal Resolution, we do faithfully promise to adhere to and maintain: and that we will always continue, Your Majesties most Dutiful and Obedient Subjects. Signed by near 400 Persons.

To the Kings most Excellent Majesty.

The Humble Address of Your Majesties most Loyal and Obedient Subjects, the Mayor, Recorder, and Burgesses of Your Majesties Burrough of the *Deuizes*, in the County of *Wilts*, unanimously agreed upon to be presented to Your most Sacred Majesty, at a Common-Council there held the 15th of this Instant *June*, *Ann. Dom. 1681.*

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE Your Majesties said Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, do in all Humility render unto Your Majesty our hearty Thanks for Your Majesties most Gracious Declaration of the 8th of April last, and those instances of Your Royal Goodness and Condescension therein: And we do promise heartily, that we will on all occasions (and as in Duty bound) endeavour to the utmost of our Abilities, the preservation of Your Majesties Sacred Person, Royal Prerogatives, and the true Religion, as now by Law established, against all Popish, Seditious, and Faction attempts whatsoever.

And we do with much comfort and satisfaction acquiesce in Your Majesties Princely Government; and in all sincerity assure Your Majesty, that when You shall be pleased hereafter to call a Parliament, we will as much as in us lies, Elect such Representatives, as may be ready to perform that Service to Your Majesty, which in the true affections of our Hearts we do profess, and likewise we do, and shall pour out our daily and devout Prayers to the King of Kings for Your Majesties long Life, happy and auspicious Reign, and prosperous Estate of your Majesty, and Royal Successors after you for ever.

Windsor, July 2. The Address from the Town of *Penryn* in *Cornewal*, published in our last, was presented to His Majesty by the Right Honourable the Lord *Arundel* of *Trerize*; which His Majesty received very Graciously, and Commanded his Lordship to return the Town his Thanks.