

	Current Money of Jamaica.
On Bread, for every Hundred Pounds made from Wheat or any other Grain whatever, imported in Bags, or other Packages than Barrels, weighing as aforesaid,	£ 3 4
On Flour or Meal made from Rye, Pease, Beans, Indian Corn, or other Grain than Wheat, per Barrel, not weighing more than One Hundred and Ninety-six Pounds,	0 3 4
On Pease, Beans, Rye, Indian Corn, Callivancies, or other Grain, per Bushel,	0 0 10
On Rice, for every One Hundred Pounds Net Weight,	0 3 4
And so in proportion for a less or larger Quantity.	
On Shingles, called Boston Chips, not more than Twelve Inches in Length, per Thousand,	0 3 4
On Shingles, being more than Twelve Inches in Length, per Thousand,	0 6 8
For every Twelve Hundred (commonly called One thousand) of Red Oak Staves,	0 15 0
For every Twelve Hundred (commonly called One Thousand) of White Oak Staves, and for every One Thousand Pieces of Heading,	0 15 0
For every One Thousand Feet of White or Yellow Pine, Lumber of all Descriptions,	0 10 0
For every Thousand Feet of Pitch Pine Lumber,	0 15 0
For all other Kinds of Wood or Timber not before enumerated,	0 15 0
For every One Thousand Wood-Hoops,	0 5 0
And in Proportion for a less or larger Quantity of all and every the Articles enumerated.	
Horses, Neat Cattle, or other Live Stock, or other Goods, Wares, and Merchandize whatsoever, which by Law may be imported into Jamaica from the United States of North America, not before enumerated and taxed, for every One Hundred Pounds of the Value thereof, at the Port or Place of Importation,	10 0 0

And whereas the Tonnage Duty of Six Shillings and Eight Pence current Money of Jamaica, is not equal to Five Shillings British, required by the said Order to be imposed on Vessels importing such Articles as aforesaid, but such Deficiency in the Tonnage Duty appears to be fully compensated by the Duties

as aforesaid, imposed on the Articles imported in such Vessels; His Majesty, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, is thereupon pleased to authorize the Governor and Lieutenant-Governor of the said Island of Jamaica, and the Governors and Lieutenant-Governors of all His Majesty's Islands and Colonies in the West Indies, (including therein the Bahama Islands and the Bermuda or Somer Islands,) and of any Lands or Territories on the Continent of South America to His Majesty belonging, in which Duties, equal in Amount, when taken together, to those imposed as aforesaid, by the Legislature of the Island of Jamaica have been or shall be granted on the Importation of the several Articles specified in the said Order of the 12th of April, and on the Vessels importing the same, to permit notwithstanding any Thing in the said Order of the 12th of April last, the Importation and Exportation into and from the said Islands, Colonies, Lands, and Territories of the several Articles mentioned and permitted in the said Order of the 12th of April last, for the Period thereby allowed, subject to be sooner determined, varied or altered as therein expressed.

*Steph. Cottrell.*

*Whitehall, August 26, 1809.*

The King has been pleased to grant the Dignities of Baron and Viscount of the United Kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland unto the Right Honourable Sir Arthur Wellesley, Knight of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, and Lieutenant-General of His Majesty's Forces, and to the Heirs Male of his Body lawfully begotten, by the Names, Styles, and Titles of Baron Douro of Wellesley, in the County of Somerset, and Viscount Wellington of Talavera, and of Wellington, in the said County.

*Downing Street, August 26, 1809.*

**A** DISPATCH, of which the following is a Copy, has been received from Major Maxwell, of the Royal African Corps, addressed to Lord Viscount Castlereagh, one of His Majesty's Principle Secretaries of State.

*My LORD, Senegal, July 18, 1809.*

WHEN I had last the Honour of writing to Your Lordship, I communicated such Information as I had received concerning the Situation of the French Colony of Senegal, and my Opinion of the Practicability of reducing it with a small Force; I also mentioned the Annoyance we had received at Gorée and its Vicinity, from their Privateers, during the Absence of Ships of War from that Station.

On the 24th June, Commodore Columbine arrived at Gorée with the Solebay Frigate, and Brig Tigres, having the Colonial Schooner George, Agincourt Transport, and several Merchant Vessels under Convoy, and having communicated to him what Intelligence I had lately obtained, we thought the Reduction of Senegal practicable with the Force we possessed, provided no Obstacles should prevent our being able to pass the Bars at the Mouth of the River.