## The London Gazette.

## Pubulhed by Authority:

From Thursday April 21. to Banday April 25. 1681.

Lisbon, March 27:

eHe25th Instant was Signed the Contract of Marriage between the Duke of Savey and our Infanta, by the Marquis de Dronero that Dukes Ambaisador, and the Duke of Cadaval, who had for that purpose a Procuration from the Infanta, which being done, the Ambassador was conducted to an Audience of the Infanta, to whom he made his first Address kneeling, as to the Wife of his Sovereign, and presented to her a Letter from the Duke, wherein his Highness Declares his Resolution of coming hither the next year. The Express that was sent to Madrid to acquaint the King of Spain with the great Resentment the Prince Regent had of what had happened in America, and that it might have very ill Effects, and perhaps disturb the Friendship between the two Crowns, even here in Europe, if satisfaction was not given, is not yet returned; though in the mean time the Spanish Minister at this Court is not wanting in his Endeavours for the amicable composure of this Matter.

Turia, April 9. These Parts afford not at present any thing worth the Writing, all things being very quiet, and the Reports concerning Cazal, which we have been so often Atlarmed with, appearing to have no Foundation, so that People begin to be pretty well at case as to that Matter, being satisfied that the Duke of Mantoua will not be prevailed with, to do a thing fo prejudicial to the common Interest of Italy, as would be his parting

with a Place of that Importance.

Genoua, April 16. The 13th Instant parted hence
the eight French Gallies on their return home. Our Letters from Rome do not as yet give us any hopes of an Accommodation between the Crown of France and that Court; but fay, that things happen daily, which rather tend to the increasing the differences, and making the breach wider; and that there was a difcourse of the Cardinal

d' Estrees suddain return for France.

Pienna, April 17. The Emperor will part from hence on the 25th of this Month for Neustadt on the Frontiers of Hurgary, and will continue there during the meeting of the Dyet at Oedenburg, at the opening whereof on the 28th his Imperial Majesty intends to be present. The Officers employed in making the new Leavies, proceed therein with good success, and its not doubted but they will very suddainly have the number they are to raise, compleat. The Marquis de Bourgomanero the Spanish Ambassador remains as yet incognito, however has frequent Conferences with the Ministers of

this Court, concerning the present state of Af-

Francfort, April 15. From Ratisbonne we have an Account, That on the feventh Inflant the Dyet took into confideration the present State of the Empire, and after a long Debate concerning the most effectual means for the providing for its security, it was judged necessary to raise an Army, of fixty thousand Men, to be kept on foot for two years.

Strasburg, April 22. The French are drawing a body of an Army together at Saar Louis; several Regiments being on their march thither from Metz and other places It is reported that the King of Sweden has made the Marquis of Baden-Dourlach

Governor of the Dutchy of Deuxponts.

Cologne, April 18. The Bishop of Munster is pretty well recovered of his late illness. We are told that endeavours are using to accommodate Mattors between our Elector and the City of Liege; but they are not like to prevail, unless things be resto red to the state they were formerly in, and his E-lectoral Highnesses Authority re-established upon its antient foundation, and the Authors of the late troubles exemplarily punished. The King of Sweden being become Duke of Deuxponts, by the death of the late Duke, who dyed the 11th Instant, we are expecting to see how Matters will be ordered between him and the French, who are now possessed of

that Countrey.

Hamburg, April 25. The Advice we received by the former Post is confirmed by the Letters come in this day from Warfaw, which fay, That the Allyance between that Crown and the Mofcovites was going to be concluded; and that the Elector of Brandenburg had promised to assist the Poles in the War they are now entring into against the Turks with 2000 Foot, 500 Horse, and 500 Dragoons. The King of Denmark has possessed himself of the Lards that belonged to Count Anthony of Oldenburg (who dyed not long fince, leaving as is reported, his Wife, whom he Married not many Months before with Child) and has displaced all the former Officers, and put others in their rooms, against which some Commissioners of the said Lady and of Monsieur Guldenlieu protesting, they have by the Kings Order been secured. We do not hear that Monsieur Gourville the French Minister at the Court of the Dake of Zell is able to effect any

Bruffels April 29. On Sunday last the Prince of Parma received an Express from the Governor of Luxemburg, which gave an account that the Count de Biffy had received Orders from the French King. to retire, with the Troops under his Command, out of that Country; and that he would in f. w days quit it accordingly, which makes us expect our next Let-

ters with fome impatience. This Morning one of the Deacons of the Nations (as they call him) who was one of the most active in their late Assemblies in opposing their granting the Subsidies demanded by his High nels, was this morning leized by his Highnelfes Order, and fent Prisoner to the Castle of Vilvord, being Charged with matters that deferve an exemplary Punishment. To morrow morning his Hig neis parts from hence for Flanders, will Lodge at Dendermond, and be the next day at Gaunt, and from thence will go to Bruges and Oftend, and will be back here by the end of the next Week; after which he will go to Antwerp and Malines. The Duke of Hannouer's youngest Son, who passed this place in his way to Paris, is returned, and intends to stay some days here: the Prince has presented him with a rery fine Spanish Horse and a rich Furnicone.

Hague, April 29. The States as we are informed have written to the Prince of Orange, To pray him to have a care of his Person, in the preservation whereof they have so great an interest, and that he will return as foon as conveniently he can, for that they cannot dispatch the publick Assairs in his absence. According to the last Advices we had, his Highness will not raturn hither till about the middie of the next Month, and the Duke of Zell and other Princes of Germany intend to come with him. We have Letters from Spain and Portugal, which fay, That according to all appearance the Action of the Revernor of Buenos Ayres in America would have no farther consequence, and that the differences that are between the two Crowns about the Sovereignty of some Lands in those Parts, would be amicably determined. From Paris they write, That the Count de la Fuente, the Spanish Ambassador, had, in a late Audience he had of the King, been rold, That Orders were fent to the French Troops that are in the Country of Luxemburg, to retire, which we are expecting to hear they have accordingly done. The States have defired leave of the Prince of Parma, That a Scotch Regiment, now at Maestricht, and which is ordered to Breda may passthrough the Spanish Territories, that lye between those two pla-

Marfeilles, April 22. This afternoon arrived here > Vessel from Alicans, from whence the came on the 7th Infant, and tells us, That the Hump foire Frigat was then there in Port, with twelve Merchants Ships under her Convoy, bound for England, and that they were ready to Sail in a day or two. From Cadiz we have Alvice, That the Truce between the City of Tangier and the Moors was observed with great exactness; and that Sir fames Leslie, the King of Englands Ambassador to the Emperor of Morocco was parted from Tangier for Fez, and that it was not doubted but that he would conclude a Peace for some years, the Moors seeming to be very defirous of it, and of living in such a Friendship with the English, as may open a Trade between the Town and the Countrey. The eight French Gallies are returned from the coast of Italy; there are ten others now fitting out with all diligence, and are Its faid, deligned to the Wellward, and will be Commanded by the Duke of Mortemar who is expected here in few days. Two men of War failed the laft week from Thoulan to cruile against the Tripolins, and the rest that are fitting there will be ready to put to Sea in a very short time.

Paris, April 30. The King has nominated Monficur de Cuama iin and Monsieur Courtints be his Commissioners at the Conferences that are to be held at Francfort, for the adjusting all differences concerning the Limits and Dependencies of Alface; and we understand that the Emperor has named the Bishop of Gurck and Count Kinski (two of his Plenipotentiaries at the Treaty of Nimeguen) to be there on his part; In the mean time Count Mansfeldt the Imperial Minister at this Court, has desired of the King, that things may be put into the fame flate they were in at the Signing of the Peace at Nimeguen; but he has been answered, That his Ma-jesty will restore whatever shall be adjudged not to belong to him: but that in the interim the Chamber of Metz shall proceed according to the Method they are now in, and that he will cause the Decrees they make to be executed. The Mofcovite Ambassadors are to make their publick Entry in few days, and are to have their Audience of the King at Versailles. The Bilhops, who we formerly told you had had one or two Meetings concerning the Affair of the Regality, were to have metagain on Monday last, to receive the Report of the Commissioners, to whose particular examination they had left the whole Matter, but it was put off till to motrow, by reason of the indisposition of some that were necessarily to be present. The Parliament of Tholouze has made a very severe Decree against the Grand Vicar of the Chapter of Pamiers, who we told you heretofore had done fer weral things in favour of the Popes Pretenfions, and thus there seems to be every day less hopes of an Accommodation.

Phymouth, April 19, Yesterday morning arrived here His Majesties Ship the Phanix, Capt. Blague Commander, with above 30 Sail of Merchantmen under his Convoy, bound to the Southward.

## Advertisements.

off M. Tulii Ciceronis Opera, in two Volumes in Folio, with the Entire Notes of Janus Galielman, and Janus Griverus, Printed under the Text in each Page, and those taborious ten Indices, called Penn-Tulinnian, is now finished and ready to be delivered to the Subscribers, by J. Duamere in Ivy lane, T. Dring at the corner of Chancery lane in Fleetstreen, B. Took at the Ship in St. Pages Courch-pard, T. Samberdge, and C. Mearn in Little B isain.

Toft the 5th Inflant of His Majesties, a Tarfell Centle with the Kings Varvels on, the hind Pounce of the Field-Foot lest. Toft between H unft w-Heath and Esidenhead. Whosever can give notice of this Hawk to Mr. Chiffined at the Privy Stairs in Whiteball, shall have a good reward.

A Nibony Barnard is removed from his Whatf at the Bridge-boufe, to Mr. Chunes Whatf at Bartle-Bridge; it is the next Whatf to the Bidge-house: There lies Ships to take in Goods for Rie, Hillings, Si hifter Foresmuth, Ife of Wight Pole, Lyme, Rown, Parmouth, Plymouth, Briftol, Chester, and Southampton.

Stollen the 22 Instant from one William Dye, Yeoman, at Sthe Tallor in St. Mary. Isington as supposed by one for n Half, the sum of thirty sour pounds, three Silver Spoons, and a Silver hafted Knife, the said 7-bn Holl was either in a Grey Coat and Red Wastroat, with a Black Har, and Brown long curled Hair, or else in a sad coloured Cloth Suit with a Black Hat; he carried it away in a new Sack with Cloachs in it. Whoever shall give notice of the aforesaid fin Holl at the Tallor in Islungton shall be well rewarded for their pains.