

# The London Gazette.

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From Monday March 7. to Thursday March 10. 1680.

Lisbon, Feb. 3.

**T**He 21 past arrived here the Marquis de Dronero Ambassador Extraordinary from the Duke of Savoy, in a French man of War Commanded by the Marquis de Porta, having been 38 days in his Voyage from Thoulon, and suffered much bad weather. The Prince Regent being informed of his arrival sent Don Gonzales de Costa de Menesses to Compliment him, and soon after the Marquis d' Ericeira was sent with the Princes Regiments to bring him ashore; at his Landing the Princes Coaches were there ready to receive him, they carried him to the House of the Count de Gubernatis, Envoye Extraordinary from Savoy, where he continued three days and then removed to the House which the Prince had ordered to be prepared for him. In the mean time we are told that his Excellency comes fully impowered to adjust all matters that yet remain undetermined concerning the Marriage of the Duke his Matter with our Infanta, and that being done, that his Highness will come immediately hither to consummate the same.

*Warsaw, Feb. 18.* We had an account by our last Letters from Moscow that the Ambassadors which the Czar sends to this Crown, were on their journey hither; We expect them with some impatience, for till their arrival the Dyet will not take any final resolution concerning a War against the Turks; and it's probable, what yet disposition there be here to it, that this Crown will not engage it self, unless the Moscovites make such overtures, as may let us see, that their resolutions for the prosecuting the War are sincere and vigorous, and that if we joyn with them in it, we may do it upon just and equal terms; Those they have proposed hitherto have not been thought so, and that's the reason that the Negotiation which has so long been on Foot concerning an Offensive and Defensive Alliance has not hitherto produced any effect. In the mean time, while we are expecting what the issue of this matter will be, the Dyet is consulting how best to provide for the Defence and security of the Kingdom; For though we are used to Alarimes from the Turks, and that there may be reason to believe, that those we now receive of their great preparations may be as groundless as the former, yet the Dyet seems resolved against the worst, and to put the Kingdom into a condition to oppose the designs of their Enemies, if they have any. The jealousie which some have of certain of the Foreign Ministers that are here, begat the other day a motion in the Dyet, that they might all be obliged to leave the Court within 8 days after the conclusion of

the Dyet, but it was opposed by others, who said, that instead of disobliging the Princes, who had Ambassadors here, by such a proceeding, they ought rather to seek their Friendship and Assistance in the present juncture of Affairs, which gave them a prospect of an approaching War, and that with a formidable Enemy.

*Madrid, Feb. 20.* The Duke d' Ossunz, who has been in the Kings disfavor for some time, is returned to Court. Don Inigo de Velandia is declared Viceroy of Navarre, and has Orders to hasten thither, there being some apprehensions of the French on that side. On Saturday last Madam de Colonna took upon her the Religious Habit, according to what had been agreed between her and the Constable her Husband.

*Venice, Feb. 22.* The Letters from Rome do not tell us of any progress that has been made, since the arrival of the Cardinal d' Estree towards accommodating the matters in difference between that Court and the French King concerning the Regality, though they still keep us in expectation, that we shall very shortly hear that the thing is in a fair way to a composition. From Turkey they continue to write of the great preparations that are making in all the Ottoman Dominions for the carrying on the War against the Moscovites.

*Genova, Feb. 26.* Yesterday arrived here the Mediterranean, Captain Gunnel, in 45 days from Plymouth, and 13 from Tangier, they left the Convoy with 10 Merchant Ships five days since off of Villa Franca bound for Legborne. Four Vessels are now coming in which we suppose to be French. We have advise that the Sicknes is broke out at Cadix, which occasions much trouble among the Merchants.

*Lintz, Feb. 28.* The Court begins to prepare for it's leaving this place which it will presently do after the Emperors return from Oettingen, whither as we have already told you, he is going to perform his Devotions. In Hungary things are preparing against the meeting of the Dyet. The Emperor as we are informed has made choice of the City of Francford for the meeting of his Commissioners with those of the French King.

*Francfort, March 2.* We understand that the Imperial and French Commissioners have made choice of this City to meet in; and that they will be here very suddenly. Count Tass, who has been with the Princes of Wirtenberg to Confer with them on the part of the Emperor, concerning the present State of the Empire, came hither two days since, and intends to part from hence again the beginning of the next week for Mentz.

*Strasburg, March 3.* We are told that the Bishop of Strasburg is expected at Saveran from Paris before the end of this Month, to be present at the Election

Election of a Dean of this Cathedral, which the French endeavor to have fall upon one in their Interests, and are opposed in it by the Imperialists.

*Berlin, March 5.* Our Letters from *Warsaw* inform us, that the *Sieur Overbeck*, our Electors Ambassador at that Court, had been with most of the Senators, and that he found them so well inclined towards his Electoral Highness, that he doubted not but he should obtain the consent of the Dyet to the Marriage of Prince *Louis* with the Princess *Radzeville*. The *Moscovite* Ambassadors were not yet arrived at *Warsaw*, nor did any body know when to expect them.

*Cologne, March 7.* The Marquis de *La Vaugion*, Envoye from *France* has been at *Coblenz*, and returned thither again the fifth Instant, not having that we hear of, effected any thing at that Court, and probably his business at present was only to observe. Count *Taff*, the Emperors Envoye to several Princes of the Empire, has been with those of *Wirtemberg*, and is now going to the Electors of *Metz* and *Trier*. From *Linz* they write that a great many boots were providing in order to the Courts removing from thence to *Vienna*.

*Stamburg, March 7.* The King of *Sweden* has given the Government of *Stade* to the *Sieur Sidan*, and thereupon his Regiment is ordered to march thither from *Pomeran*, and Colonel *Vangelins* Regiment that is now in *Stade*, is to remove from thence. There is a discourse again that Count *Henry Horn*, Governor of the Dutchy of *Bremen*, has received Orders to assaile to Court, but on what account is not said.

*Bresla, March 13.* The Reform that is now in hand, makes many persons very uneasy, being put out of employments, which some of them payd very dear for, and several Military Officers, that are Reformed, are soliciting his Highness to take some care of them; but in the mean time though some particular persons suffer, yet the publick Affairs will be in a much better posture then they were before, and for the future there will be a complicit body of 30000 men kept on Foot, and in a readines to take the Field whenever the service of these Countries shall require it. The Seizing upon *Orchimons* by the French, which we mentioned in our last, does very much disturbe us; and we understand that our Governor has sent an Express to *Paris* about it.

*Paris, March 12.* The last week were brought thither Prisoners from the Country and put into the *Bastile* two Ecclesiasticks, the one a Parish Priest in the Diocels of *Beauvais*, and the other is called the Abbot of *Croisy*; we cannot yet certainly learn the cause of their imprisonment, but it is supposed to be, that they have published some writings in favor of the Pops pretensions in the matter of the Regality. The Cardinal d' *Estree* has not yet been able to do any thing for the adjusting this Affair, in which the Pope appears very positive, declaring that no consideration shall make him consent to any thing that may lessen the Privileges of the Church. We had a report here some days since of new disorders in *Sicily*, and that those people had surprized and destroy'd most of the Spaniards, but we have reason to believe it a meer

fable, seeing the fresh Letters we have from those parts make no mention thereof.

*Falmouth, March 3.* The 28 past arrived here the *Philip* and *Mary* of *Rye* in 10 days from *Bayonne*, the Master reports, that there are 7 or 8000 Soldiers quartered in that City, and agreeat many more in the Country thereabouts; and that all the discourse was, that the King would be there this Summer.

*Plimouth, March 4.* Yesterday sailed the *Sweepstakes* Captain *Temple* Commander, with the Merchant Ships under his Convoy bound for *Portugal*. This day the *Oxford* came before this Port, and fired a Gun, to give notice to such Ships as are here bound for the *Streights*, to come out and joyne the Fleet.

*Whitehal, March 7.* This morning the President and Assistants of the Artillery Company were to wait upon His Majesty, humbly to acquaint him, that they had made choice of the same Officers for the ensuing year, that served the last.

**M**R. Adams of the Inner-Temple, having undertaken the Actual Survey of all the Counties in England and Wales, doth desire that his Papers of Proposals already Subscribed, maybe Returned upon, or before the last day of this Instant March, to Mr. Pen a Stationer, at his Shop near the Temple-Church, where the said Proposals may be had Gratis.

#### Advertisements.

The History of the Reformation of the Church of England, the Second Part. Containing an Account of the Progress made in it by King *Edward* the Sixth. Its interruption by Queen *Mary*, and the Establishment of it in the beginning of Queen *Elizabeth*'s Reign. By *Gilbert Burnet*, D. D. Sold by *Richard Child*, at the Rose and Crown in St. Paul's Church-yard.

A view of the late Troubles in England, Briefly setting forth their Rise, Growth and Tragical Conclusion: As also some parallel thereof with the Barons Wars, in the time of King *Henry* the Third; but chiefly with that in France, called the *Hundred Years*, in the Reign of *Henry* the Third and *Henry* the Fourth, late Kings of that Realm. To which is added a perfect Narrative of the Treaty at *Brabant*, in Ann. 1648. Sold by *Moses Pas* at the Angel in St. Pauls Church-yard.

Dr. *Manton*'s Sermons on the 119th Psalm, are now finished, with the addition of his Epistle, and a large Alphabetical Table, whereof the Subscribers are to take notice and send in their second Payments (according to the Proposals) to *Tho. Parkhurst*, *J. Robinson*, *B. Aylmer*, and *B. Allop* the Undertakers.

Notice found the latter end of *October* 1680, payable to *James Arton*, or Bearer upon Demand, 35*l.* Five pound whereof was paid the 21<sup>st</sup> of *October*, by Mr. *Ballard* in *Lumbardestreet*. If any Person enquire for the said Note, they may hear of it from *Kobert Braithwaite*, at *Sir Robert Viner*'s in *Coleman-street* *London*.

Tolerant of the Stable of Mr. *William Harbham*, of *Tipton* in *Staffordshire*, the second Instant, a Bay Nag about five years old, near 14 hands high, a Star in his Forehead, his Mane cut off about half a foot upon the Withers, and the hair of his sides very much rubbed off with the Straces: Whoever gives notice of the foresaid Nag to Mr. *Tho. Dales*, a Grocer in *Thrace-crown* Court, *Southwark*, *London*, or to the foresaid Mr. *Harbham* in *Tipton*, shall have a Guinea reward.

Taken by four Men, upon *Whirring-way* between *Dover* and *Canterbury*, a black Mare about 14 hands high, with a little notch in one of her Ears, and a white Foot behind, the Saddle was marked with *G.* Whoever can give notice of the foresaid Mare at the Duke of *Demarques* Head at *Duck-lance* in *West-minster*, shall have twenty Shillings reward.