the Emperor has made choice of the Bilhop of Gurcke, and Count Kinski to be his Commissioners, for the adjusting with those of France the matter of the Dependenceies, and from Hungary we have advice that the Malecontents, who had fent their Deputies to Presbourg to be present at the Conferences held there, did demand fuch things, and that with a Declaration that they could not recede from any of them, as did very much abate the hopes many people had, that the Diet which is going to be held, would produce a happy fettlement. At Mentz, Francford and some other places of the Empire, was, as they write from thence felt on the 7th Instant an Earthquake between four and five in the morn-

Bruffels, Feb. 18. The Military reform is not yet declared, several difficulties as we are informed, arising, which have been the reason of it's being deferred to long; There will be many Officers concerned in it, who, as they give out, intend to put them lives into the French service, into which they doubt not but they shall be readily received. His Highness is expecting by the next Spanish Ordinary the necessary Orders for puting the Civill Reform likewise in execution, by which a great many Councellors and other Officers belonging to the Finances, the Chamber of Accounts and the other Soveraign Chambers will be removed.

Bruffels, Feb. 21. The Carneval was ended last Tuesday night at the Count d' Archinto's house, where the Prince of Parma, and all the persons of Quality in Town were entertained with a Ball, and afterwards with a very noble Banquet, His Highness intends to goe very suddainly to Antwerp, and to pass some time there. The Sieur Christin the Chief of the Spanish Commissioners for the Conferences at Courtray is still here, and will continue so, till he hears that Monsieur Pelletier the first of the French Commissioners is on his journey thither. Our Letters from Paris tell us, that the endeavors which the French have for some time used to engage the Elector of Bavaria to enter into an Allyance with them, have proved fcuitless, that Prince being resolved firmly to adhere to the Interest of the Empire. Our Letters from Rome tell us, that the Cardinal d' Ellree had the third Instant his first Audience of the Pope, which was very long, but that no judgment could yet be made of the iffue things might

Bruffels, Feb. 25. All the Horse quartered in Flanders, is appointed to rendevous to morrow at Ghent, and that of Brabant at Louvaine; they will rec ive a Months pay and then the Reform will be declared; There will be above 100 Troops broken and 13 Collonels with their inferior Officers reformed. And on the 28 of this Month 17 Regiments of Foot will in like manner be reformed besides all the Independent Companies, which are under the particular command of the Governor of the place where they are, When this is done the Civil Reform will be published which will fall very heavy upon the Councellors of the Finances and other Soveraigne Chambers who bought the p'aces they are by this reform removed from.

Hague, Feb. 28. Upon the resolution of the States

to lay a greater imposition upon the Cattle that comes from Denmarke, and other commodities brought from the Northern parts, the Ministers that are here, of the Princes whose subjects are like to be concerned therein, are preparing to make such representations to the States, as may let themsee the inconveniencies of this their resolution, and may induce them to alter it. The French Ambailador returned hither the last night from Amsterdam. The Prince of Orange will go to morrow to Soeftdike, and continue there till the latter end of the next

Marseilles Feb. 18. The Envoye which we informed you was fent by our King to Argiers to demand reparation for several abuses committed by those Pirates upon his subjects, is already returned, having as is given out, received all imaginable fatisfaction in the marters he was charged with, and ren wed the Peace with some additional Articles of great benefit and advantage to the subjects of this Crown; but the private Letters of Everal Merchants fay the contrary, and tell us that the Algierins would not hearken to any of the proposalls which the faid Envoye made to them, and that when he demanded the liberty of such French as they had taken on Board Forreign Vessells and had made Slaves contrary to the Peace, they told him, that when the French King had caused all the Turks which are Slaves in his Galleys to be released, they would do the like with the French that are Slaves at Aigiers. They likewise write from thence that the powder house of that place in which were above 200 barelis of powder (supposed to be that which the Dutch furnished them with upon their makeing the Peace with them) about two Months fince took fire, by what accident not known, and that it blew up above 300 houses and great part of the City walls, and destroyed 250 persons.

Paris, March, 1. We are with some impatience expecting our Italian Letters which we perfuade our felves will give us some further account of what the Cardinal d' Estree has done at Rome; for that Affair is now the general subject of peoples discourfe.

Lime, Feb. 19. Yesterday arrived here the William and John of this Place in 12 days from Sr. Sebajtian; the Master tells us, that it was reported there, that the French King was expected in a short time at Bayonne.

THe Osficers of the Receipt of His Majesties Exche quer have Money in Bank to pay to Number 643 Inclusive, of the Orders Registred on the Second Act for Disbanding the Army.

Advertisement.

'He infallible Medicine of Sir Robert Talber, for cure of Agnes and Feavours, being in his ablence rightly prepared by his Brother according to his directions, is to be had when he is out of Town, at Mr. Lords a Barber in St. Swithings-lane near Lumbardstreet, where he lodges when in Town, or at Mr. Poles next dore to Grayes-Irn-gaie; with directions for the right use: The price a Guinea two Doses.