

The London Gazette.

1711 The 29th August.

From Thursday January 20. to Monday January 24. 1680.

Madrid, Decemb. 28.

THe several Councils are now busied about raising the Moneys which they are to furnish the King with. The Council of Italy has undertaken to Supply the King with 100 thousand Crowns; the Council of Flanders has promised double that Summ; the Council of Castile likewise, That of the Indies, of Arragon, of the War, &c. have done the like, which together will provide a considerable Fonds, which as we understand is designed for the defraying the charge of the Naval Preparations that are making in order to the having a Fleet of 25 or 30 stout men of War at Sea the next Summer in the Mediterranean. Sir Henry Goodricke Envoy Extraordinary from the King of England had this week an Audience, in which he offered by Mediation of the King his Master for the composing the differences now depending between this Crown and the Elector of Brandenburg. From Alicante we have advice that a Vessel was arrived there with the baggage of the Marquis d'Offera from Sardinia; That the Marquis and his Lady, who were on Board another Vessel came from thence at the same time; that in bad weather they were separated, and that since the Marquis has not been heard of, which makes it very much feared, he is cast away.

Vienna, Jan. 10. We cannot yet learn what progress the Bishop of Sebessini and the Hungarian Deputies have made in their Negotiations at Lintz. We know they have had many conferences with the Chief Ministers, and that there appears a good disposition on both sides to accommodate matters, but whether that work be to be finished at Lintz, or is to be left to the Dyet, which they say the Emperor has promised shall meet at Newstadt, is somewhat doubtful, though the general discourse if we may believe it, says the latter. In order thereunto the Emperor they say will be here in March, and that from hence he will go to Newstadt to be present at the said Dyet: but the Emperors and her Court will not remove from Lintz till the Danube be open, that so they may come down by Water. We have several reports here concerning the Turks, as well with relation to the Preparations they are making against the Poles and the Moscovites, as the endeavors they are said to be using to withdraw the Hungarians from their duty to the Emperor, but they deserve not any credit.

Frankfort, Jan. 19. Leavies are making in many places of the Empire as well for the Service of the Emperor as the French King, though some Princes

will permit neither within their Territories. From Lintz they write, that the Affairs of Hungary do now chiefly employ the Ministers of the Court, and the Emperor at the desire of Count Teckley and some other Principal men among the Hungarians, who are disposed to a Peace, had appointed a General meeting of the States of Hungary, to be held in March next at Newstadt, and that it was the common saying at Court that the Emperor intended to be there in person.

Berlin, Jan. 14. Here has happened a very sad accident by Fire, which begun in the House of the Heer Somnitz, Son to the Heer Somnitz that was our Electors Ambassador at Nimaguén, in so dead a time of the night, that it was not discovered in a long time, and when it was, the Fire had got to such a head, that it was not possible to save his Wife, 3 Children and 4 or 5 Servants who were all burnt, he himself escaping with great hazard; his House and three more were destroyed by the Fire, which was at last overcome, the presence of the Electoral Officers not a little contributing therunto. Our Letters from Spain give us no great prospect of an accommodation of the differences between the Crown and our Elector, so that that Affair continues in the same State it was. We are assured that the Elector of Saxony will be at this Court about the beginning of the next Month.

Berlin, Jan. 19. Last night arrived here an Ambassador from Moscow in his way to Paris, Monsieur Rabenac the French Minister at this Court went to meet him, and brought him into the Town; He will stay here two or three days and then continue his journey by the way of Hamburg. From Poland we have an account that the General Dyet met at Warsaw the 15 Instant. Our Elector returned yesterday to Potsdam.

Hamburg, Jan. 21. The Letters we receive from Berlin give us an account, that the three Months set by the Elector of Brandenburg as the terme in which he would expect the resolution of the Crown of Spain, concerning the giving him satisfaction in his pretensions about the Arrears of Subsidies, being expired, without any appearance of an accommodation, his Electoral Highness has resolved to proceed to the disposal of the Ship taken by his Frigates in the Road of Ostend, and of the goods that were laden in her which have hitherto remained untouched. The Dyet is met in Poland, and we are told that the King will endeavor to get the Succession of the Crown secured to his Eldest Son, but that he is like to meet with much opposition. It is likewise said that the King of Poland does not approve of the Marriage between Prince Louis the Elector of Brandenburg's Second Son and the Princess Radzeville, and that it will be brought before the Dyet.