

The London Gazette.

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From **Monday** January 10. to **Thursday** January 13. 1680.

Dantzick, Decemb. 28.

From *Coningsberg* we have an account of the Marriage of Prince *Louis of Brandenburg* with the Princess *Radzeville*; We are told that the Elector purposes to be himself in *Prussia* at the time of the meeting of the Dyet in *Poland*, whither he is sending the Baron *d'Overbecke* as his Ambassador. They write from *Poland* that all the Provincial Dyets that have been held in the several Palatinates, in order to the General Dyet that is appointed to be held at *Warsaw*, have had a very good conclusion; That in most of them it has been proposed, whether the Crown should enter into a War against the Turks, in conjunction with the Moscovites, and that upon the debate thereof, they had for most part empowered the Deputies they sent to the General Dyet, to act as they shall think fit, and that they will have those lights given them, that they shall make resolutions by, which these Provincial Dyets cannot have. At the same time we are told that the Negotiation concerning an Offensive and Defensive Alliance between the Crown of *Poland* and the Czar of *Moscovy* is still depending, and that it is the general opinion it will be concluded before Spring.

Lintz, Jan. 3. The 30th past the Sieur *Stadion*, Envoy Extraordinary from the Elector of *Mentz*, received from the Emperor the Investiture of the Fiefs which his Electoral Highness possesses on account of his Electorate. We are expecting here an Envoy from the Elector Palatine on the same Subject. The Emperor has appointed Commissioners to treat with the Bishop of *Sebestini* and the Hungarian Deputies. They have very frequent conferences, and we are told that there is a great prospect of their bringing things to a happy conclusion; and that a general assembly of the States of Hungary will be held at *Newstadt*, and that there, this great work will be perfected, and that in order thereunto the Emperor means to remove very suddenly from hence to *Vienna*. The Sentence against the Count *de Zinzendorf* late President of the Finances is executed with all severity, the Emperor having caused the Count of *Newburg*, which was part of his Patrimonial Estate to be seized, and the Moneys he payd as a Fine, have been distributed among the Officers that are making new Leavies.

Strasburg, Jan. 6. Here are several Officers in this Town, who are expecting Commissions to raise men, some for the service of the Emperor, and others for that of *France*. We are told that fresh Orders are come from the French Court to hasten the fortifications of *Germersheim*, and that the Baron *de Monclar*, and the Sieur *d'Espel* the Ingineer

are for that purpose gone thither. We are likewise informed that the said Baron *de Monclar* has received Orders from the French King to draw a body of 10000 men together, and to post them in the Neighborhood of this City, which does not a little encrease our fears, though some persons would remove them, by telling us, that the design of the French, is upon *Philipsburg*, and that they purpose to put it in execution during this hard frost, which they think will render their Enterprize the more eacie; whether there is any ground for this opinion, is uncertain, but this we know, that upon intimations of this kind the Garrison of *Philipsburg* has been lately reinforced.

Strasburg, Jan. 9. The Count of *Starenberg*, Governor of *Philipsburg* having been several days in this City, whether about private or publick Affairs we know not, returned two days since to his Government, having received advice from several hands, that it behoved him to have a watchful eye upon the motions of the French, for that it is more then probable, they have a design upon that Fortress. All the Bayliffs, Stewards, and other Officers, which the Duke of *Deuxponts*, the Prince of *Veldents*, the Count *de Hanaw*, and some other Princes have upon their Lands, are summoned to appear the 10th of this Month before the Sovereign Chamber at *Brisac*, as depending on *Alsace*, of which the French claim the Sovereignty, and to bring with them their publick Registers and other Acts which may declare the value of the said Lands &c. The Prince of *Soltrae* who is now at *Aix la Chapelle* is cited to appear within 40 days before the Chamber at *Metz*, to do homage for his principality; And the County of *Falkenstein* belonging to the Prince of *Vaudemont*, is given to the Count of *Mundersheir*, because that Prince did not obey a like citation.

Berlin, Decemb. 31. The States-General of the *United-Provinces*, having upon the seising of the Spanish Ship in the Road of *Ostend*, caused a *Placet* to be published recalling their Subjects out of the service of Foreign Princes, our Elector very much resented it, looking upon the intention of that *Placet* to be, to render his Maritime designs fruitless, for that his Ships were chiefly manned with Seamen, and commanded by Officers that were Subjects to the States; since, upon the representations that have been made concerning this matter, the States-General have declared, that such of their Subjects as are in the service of his Electoral Highness, may notwithstanding the said *Placet* continue in it, and thereupon Our Elector has put out a *Placet*, in which he gives notice of the leave which the Subjects of the States have from thence to remain in his service, and declares if any of them shall presume to quit it, without having first obtained his Electoral Highnesses permission so to do

do, they shall be lookt upon and dealt with as Deserters.

Berlin, Jan. 7. The Elector came hither the 22nd past and intends to stay in this City till the Holy-days are over. On the 24th his Electoral Highness caused a *Placet* to be published for encouraging trade and commerce within his Dominions. In it He declares, That he will give Wood to any person that has a mind to build a Ship; that Ships built in his Territories shall for the space of six years pay 10 in the hundred less than foreign built Ships. That his Electoral Highness will take care that the River between the *Pilaw* and *Coningsberg* shall be made so deep, as that the biggest Ships may come laden to *Coningsberg*. And to the end that all disputes arising between Merchants may be speedily ended, there shall be erected a Colledge, consisting of experienced Merchants, who shall judge of all differences that may happen concerning Trade. That in case of a War by Sea the Merchant Ships shall be provided with sufficient Convoys. That the Ships belonging to his Subjects, shall not be made use of in time of War to transport Troops or Ammunition, without the consent of the Owners, who shall in such case be payd their full freight. That if any of his Subjects, have an inclination thereto they may go and trade on the *Casts of Affricae* with the Natives for Gold, Slaves, and Elephants Teeth, provided they do not carry on their trade near any Fort or Castle, possessed by the Subjects of a Christian Prince, but that they may make use of necessity, require to be furnished for the voyage with water and victuallis, and other necessaries of life. And that all Ships, which trade to foreign parts shall be furnished with his Electoral Highness Pass who will maintain them in all their priviledges, and will grant them any others that shall be thought necessary for their farther encouragement.

Hague, Jan. 14. There is not any thing to write from hence unless we tell you what the Letters we receive from *Germany* say; They give an account, That Count *Taff*, whom the Emperor has sent to the Princes on the *Rhine*, had orders to propose to them, that they would receive the Emperors Troops, and quarter them in their Territories, that so they might be the readier at hand to be employed for the opposing the designs of the French; and that they themselves would likewise raise Forces for their common defence and security, at a time, that their dangers are so imminent and apparent. The same Letters add that the Chambers at *Brisac* and *Metz* continue to summon the Princes of the Empire to appear before them to do homage to the French King.

Brussels, Jan. 14. On Friday last the *Sieur Christian* returned hither from *Courtray*, where the Conferences for the regulating the limits have been for a long time discontinued, by reason of the absence of *Monsieur Pelletier*, the Chief of the French Commissioners. We are expecting to hear what the French do in *Luxemburg*; they having threatened, that in case the Spanish Troops were not drawn out of *Verton*, *Arlois* and *St. Maure*, before the First of *February*, they would send a body of men to quarter upon the Country. The march of the

Brandenburg Troops, has given the Governor of *Guelderland* some disturbance, and he has by an Express acquainted the Prince of *Parma* therewith; and the *Brandenburg* Officers gave out, they were to make a body of 20000 men. We cannot believe here that they have orders to commit any hostility; and besides we have ground to hope that the differences between our King and the Elector of *Brandenburg*, will be speedily composed by the Interposition of the King of *England*.

Kinsale, Decemb. 21. On Saturday last arrived here the *Unity of London*, laden with Sugar from *Nevis*; as likewise the *Nicholas of London*, bound home from *Barbary*; with some other small Vessels.

Plimouth, Jan. 7. On Wednesday last arrived here His Majesties Ship the *Orange-Tree* from cruising, to victual, which when she has done, she will return to the station appointed her.

Portsmouth, Jan. 10. Yesterday in the afternoon came to *Spithead*, the *Garland* Frigate Captain *Hodder* Commander.

Deal, Jan. 11. There are now in the Downs, the *George*, the *London*, the *Cæsar*, the *Ann*, the *Bangal Merchant*, the *Persian Merchant*, and the *Golden Fleece*, bound for the *East Indies*.

Westminster, Jan. 10. This day his Majesty being come into the House of Lords in His Royal Robes, and seated on His Throne, and the House of Commons being sent for up, and accordingly attending, His Majesty was pleased to give His Royal Assent to

An Act prohibiting the Importation of Cattle from Ireland,

An Act for supplying the late Act for Burying in Woollen,

And to a private Act concerning Sir. Charles Houghton.

And then His Majesty was pleased to command the Lord Chancellor to Prorogue the Parliament to Thursday the 20th day of this Instant *January*.

Advertisements.

¶ *Vitæ Selectorum aliquot Virorum Qui Doctrinâ, Dignitate, aut Pietate, Inclaruere Londini, Prostant, apud Georgium Wells in Cementerio Paulino.*

Lost lately a Steel Watch, finely cut, and the worke of it made by *Brunet*, in a black Shagreen Case. Whoever hath found the same if they bring it to Mr. *Michael Scrimgeur*, Goldsmith, at the sign of the *Golden Lyon* in *Fleet-street* shall have twenty shillings for a Reward.

Lost the third of this Instant *January* from His Majesties Great Wardrobe in *Yorkbous Bunting*, a little Spaniel Dog, with long Liver-coloured Ears; a Liver-colour and white head and body. Whoever hath taken him up, and brings him to the Porter, of the said Wardrobe, or to Mr. *William Richards*, at his Houle in *Bowstreet* *Queen's Garden*, shall have two Guineas Reward.

Stolen or strayed from the Grounds of *Bregram* in the Parish of *Kimbolton* in *Huntingtonshire* from Mr. *William Fitz*, Yeoman the 29th past; a black bald Stone Horle, two white Eyes, six years old, a little white on his feet behinde and before, 14 hands and an halt, a long Tail. Whoever gives notice to the said Mr. *Taylor*, or to *Nicholas Clark* at the *Red Lyon* in *Aldersgate Street*, shall have 40 s. Reward.