

The London Gazette.

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From Thursday November 18. to Monday November 22. 1680.

Zant, Sept. 16.

WH told you some time since, That the *Sieur du Quesne* was Cruising with five Men of War and two Fire-Ships in these Seas, and that he had taken two ships bound from *Tripoli* to *Coron* with Salt and other Commodities, which is confirmed; and at the same time we are informed that the people of *Coron* pretend that one or both of those Vessels belong to that place, and not to *Tripoli*, and that the French Consul at *Coron*, at the instance of those Inhabitants, went on Board the *Sieur du Quesne* to desire him to restore those Vessels, as belonging to the Grand Signiors Subjects, but not being able to prevail, upon the Consuls return the people beset his house, and to avoid their rage he got away, and retired to *Patras*.

Tangier, Oct. 6. The Moors are very active; they have raised two Batteries against *Pole Fort* (which is now brought into a good Posture of Defence) and a third of three Guns on the *Sand-Hills* against the Ships. At the same time our Lieutenant Governor continues his wonted Care and Vigilance for the defence and security of the Place. We are expecting the Spanish Horse.

Copenhagen, Nov. 5. This morning the Queen was brought to bed of a fourth Son, who was presently Christened, and named *Charles*. It was thought that matters had been quite agreed between our King and the King of *Sweden*, concerning the restitution of *Wisnar*, but it seems there still remains some difficulties which retard it.

Lintz, Nov. 12. The Presidentship of the Council of War is not yet disposed of; and in the mean time that place is executed by Count *Copliers*. Count *Taff* will receive his Instructions in three or four days in order to his beginning his Journey. From *Hungary* they write that the Treaty between the Emperors Commissioners and the Malecontents was very far advanced, and that there had passed several hostilities between the said Hungarians and the Turks which it was believed would contribute to the Peace.

Strasburg, Nov. 18. Our Bishop will now in few days begin his Journey for *France*, leaving his pretensions upon this City in the same State they were in before. We are told that the French King is going to raise eight Regiments of Foot in *Germany*, and that the Officers are most of them already made choice of. The Orders which are come from *France* for the demolishing of several Castles are going to be put in Execution.

Cologne, Nov. 21. To morrow Mr. *Bartut*, Envoy Extraordinary from the King of *England*, will have Audience of our Elector: From hence he goes to the other Electors on the *Rhine*, as *Trier*, *Mentz*, and *Palatine*, which latter he is likewise to compliment upon his coming to the Government. The affairs of this City are at present somewhat disturbed by the Proceedings against the Burgermasters, which it's hoped will now be quickly determined.

Hague, Nov. 26. The King of *Denmark*, as we are informed, pretends that several Millions of Crowns are owing to him by this State, which he demands the Payment of. The States of *Holland* continue their Assembly, and have ordered several persons, who offered some violences to the Officers appointed for the Collecting the Excise at *Gertrudenberg* to be brought Prisoners hither.

Brussels, Nov. 15. The agreement with the several Provinces for the maintenance of the Troops the next year will be finished so soon as the Prince of *Parma* (who has for several days past been very much indisposed) is well enough to enter on the consideration of that matter. The States of *Brabant* have been for some days assembled, and with them the Burgermaster and D-puties of *Antwerp*, who ere gone this Evening to Court to give his Highness, if his health will permit it, an account of what they have done. The troubles of *Liege* are grown to that height that they are about Banishing the Wives and Children of those who in the matter of the Impostition have taken part with their Prince.

Brussels, Nov. 22. The Prince of *Parma* being recovered of his indisposition has made a great Progress in dispatching of Publick Affairs; when that concerning the maintaining the Troops, is perfected, his Highness will begin to regulate the Army, and intends to take such Methods as to have a considerable one on Foot in a short time. The States of this Province have agreed to pay the usual Imposts for the year ensuing; But as to what this City, *Lonnain*, and *Antwerp* will do, no certain judgment can be made, though there is great appearance that they will consent to give their Proportions, and particularly that *Antwerp* will make good their Payments for the time past, which they refused to the Duke of *Villa Hermosa*. From *Cologne* they write, That the Judicatory appointed by that City to enquire into the miscarriages of their Burgermasters, have proceeded so far, that in few days Sentence will be given therein. In the mean time one of them is retired to his Country House, from whence he will scarce return if the Sentence be against him: strong Guards are kept in that City night and day, to prevent disorders. Our Letters from *Liege* tell us that things there are in great confusion, that the Wives of those persons that had assented to the 60th penny having applied themselves to the Burgermasters, to

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pray they might be permitted to remain there, it would not be granted them, but were, with their Children, forced to leave the City without any Provision for their subsistence, for want of which they must perish.

Brussels, Nov. 26. The Prince de Chimay has given the Prince of Parma an account, That the French have renewed their Pretension upon *Verden* upon which depends 37 Villages within the Province of *Luxemburg*, and that he had thereupon put some Troops into the place to secure it. At the same time we are informed that the French Garisons on that side are very weak, most of the Troops that were in those parts being gone towards the Palatinate. The Prince of Parma has thought fit to confirm the agreement made by the Duke de *Villa Hermosa* with the States of *Flanders* for 16000 Rations, which is 6000 less than they give this year. The States of *Brabant* have likewise agreed to their Proportion, which the City of *Antwerp* having not yet done, the Prince of Parma is sending thither the Count d' *Archino* and Don *Bernardo de Salinas*. The Prince's Son parted some days since for *England*. The Sieur *Hemskerken* is come hither to compliment his Highness on the part of the Prince of *Orange*, upon his entering on the Government of these Provinces.

Paris, Nov. 23. The 25th Instant dyed here the Marechal de *Grancy*, Governor of *Tbiourville*. The 10th of this Month the States of *Languedoc* assembled, and granted two Millions and two hundred thousand *Livres*, which sum was demanded by the King. From *Madrid* they writ, That upon the account they had of the Free-Booters' Attempt upon *Porto-Bello* and *Panama*, the Duke of *Medina Celi* had complained thereof to the Marquis de *Villars*, our Ambassador at that Court, and that the said Ambassador had answered, That if any of the King his Masters Subjects were concerned therein, it was without his knowledge, and that he should not take it ill if the King of *Spain* made use of such means as he judged most proper for the preventing thereof for the future, and if he might have examples of such of these Free-Booters as fall into his hands.

Edenburgh, Nov. 13. *James Skein*, Brother to the Laird of *Skein*, *Archibald Steward*, and *John Spreull*, having been this day Examined before His Majesties Privy Council here, concerning the late Rebellion at *Bothwell-Bridge* and *Airdsmisse*; the said *James Skein* did Own and Declare, That the Persons, who were concerned in either of the said Rebellions, were not Rebels. That the Burning of the Acts of Parliament at *Rutberghen*, and the Proclamation made against His Majesty, were just. That the Excommunication used against the King by one *Cargill*, and the Reasons of it, are just. That the Killing of the late Archbishop of *St. Andrews* was no Murder; that the Actors were upon their Duty. That he thinks there is a Declared War between those that serve the Lord, and those that serve the King against the Covenant. That it is lawful to Kill any of the King's Councillors and Soldiers in defence of the Gospel. That he thinks the King being Excommunicated, and there being now a lawful declared War against him on account of the breach of the Cove-

nant, it is lawful to Kill Him, and all those that are in Opposition to the Covenant.

Archibald Steward confessed he was in the Rebellion of *Airdsmisse*, and present at the Excommunication of the King, and that the King was justly communicated. He declared he Disowned the King's Authority, and thought himself not obliged to Obey Him. And being asked, Whether he thought it lawful to Kill the King, being Excommunicated, he desired time to consider of it before he answered. but said it was lawful to Kill the late Archbishop of *St. Andrews*, and owned the Proclamation against the King, and the Burning the Acts of Parliament.

John Spreull being Interrogated concerning the Excommunicating of the King, the Proclamation disowning his Authority, and the killing the late Archbishop of *St. Andrews*, he refused to answer.

Whitehall, Nov. 20. His Majesty has been pleased to confer the Honour of Knighthood upon Captain *John Wetwang*.

Whitehall, Nov. 21. Three days since arrived Don *Alexander Farnese*, Son to the Prince of Parma Governor of the Spanish Netherlands, being sent by the said Prince to compliment His Majesty upon his coming to that Government, and this Evening had his Audience of the King.

The Officers of the Receipt of His Majesties Exchequer have Money in Bank to pay to Number 300 *Livres*, of the Orders Registered on the Second Act for Determining the Arty.

Advertisements.

Two Books, each of a Quire of Paper, the one a Journal, the other a Ledger, in French, covered with Marble, some Papers of accounts, Letters, Bills of Exchange, and other writings were taken out of the Dover-Coach (being in a Portmanteau) the 18th Instant. Whoever brings them to *Mr. Bandal* in Kings-Arms-Court in Colman Street, shall be very well Rewarded.

Taken from a Gentleman Traveling on the Road to *Epping*, on Monday last, by three Robbers, a grey Gelding, near 16 hands, full aged, all his Paces, a little clear eyed, bob-Tailed, a slit on his near Hoof before, with a pair of Pistols and Holsters, a Sword, and about three Pounds in money. Whoever secures the Gelding, and gives notice thereof to *Mr. Breton*, at his House in *Gray-Friars*, shall have 40 s. Reward.

Stolen or Strayed out of the Grounds of *Mr. William Nichols*, of *Chalford*, in the County of *Gloucester*, a bright bay Mare, about 15 hands, with a B. on the near Buttock. Whoever gives notice of her to *Mr. John Wallop*, at *Blackwell-Hall*, shall have 20 s. Reward.

Stolen from *Mr. Waskinson* of *Stourminster*, in the County of *Wilt*, on the 10th Instant, two Mares, one black, with a white face, one eye, her Main thorne, between 13 and 14 hands; the other a brown Chefnut, marked C. H. about 14 hands. The Persons who are suspected to have Stolen them are a tall man, his hair of a blackish colour, and straight, round shouldered, somewhat flooping, a white hat with a blew Ribon; the other being somewhat tall of stature, pale faced, with light brown straight hair. Whoever gives notice of them to *Mr. Robert Wood*, Barber, within the *Palgrave-Head* Tavern without *Temple-Bar*, or to *Mr. Waskinson* aforesaid, shall have 20 s. Reward.