· Upon Complaint made, upon Oath, before any Justice of Peace, that any Person is endeavouring to seduce any such Artificer, or that any such Artificer hath contracted or is preparing to go out of His Majesty's Dominions, for the Purposes aforefaid, fuch Justice may fend his Warrant to bring the Person complained of before him, or before fome other Justice; and if it shall appear by the Oath of One Witness, or by Confession, that he was guilty of any of the faid Offences, such Justice may bind him to appear at the next Affizes or Quarter Seffions: And if fuch Person shall refuse to give Security, the Justice may commit him to Gaol till the next Aflizes or Quarter Seffions, and until he shall be delivered by due Course of Law. And if any fuch Artificer thall be convicted, upon Indictment, of any fuch Promife, Contract, or Preparation to go beyond the Seas, for the Purpole aforefaid, he shall give fuch Security to the King not to depart out of His Majesty's Dominions, as fuch Court shall think reasonable, and shall be imprisoned till Security given.

If any of the above Offences shall be committed in Scotland, the same shall be prosecuted in the Court of Justiciary or the Circuits there.

Statute 23 George II. Chap. 13.

IF any Person shall contract with, or endeavour to feduce any Artificer in Wool, Mohair, Cotton, or Silk, or in Iron, Steel, Brass, or other Metal, or any Clock-maker, Watch maker, or any other Artificer in any other of the Manufactures of Great Britain or Ireland, to go out of this Kingdom or Ireland into any Foreign Country not within the Dominions of the Crown of Great Britain, and shall be convicted, upon Indictment or Information, in the Kings Bench at Westminster, or by Indictment at the Assizes or General Gaol Delivery for the County, &c. wherein such Offence shall be committed in England, or by Indictment in the Court of Justiciary or any of the Circuit Courts in Scotland, or by Indictment or Information in the King's Bench at Dublin, if such Offence be committed in Ire-land; the Person so convicted shall, for every Artificer contracted with or feduced, forfeit FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS, and shall suffer Imprifonment in the Common Gaol of the County or Stewartry wherein such Offender shall be convicted for Twelve Calendar Months, and until Forfeiture be paid: And in case of a subsequent Offence of the fame Kind, the Persons so again offending shall fusfer Imprisonment in the Common Gaol of the County or Stewartry wherein such Offender shall be convicted, for Two Years, and until such Forfeiture be paid.

If any Person in Great Britain or Ireland shall put on board any Ship or Boat, not bound directly to some Port in Great Britain or Ireland, or to some other of the Dominions of the Crown of Great Britain, any such Tools or Utensils as are commonly used in, or proper for the Preparing, Working up, or Finishing of the Woollen or Silk Manusactures, or any Part of such Tools, he shall, for every Offence, forseit all such Tools, or Parts thereof, put on board, and TWO HUNDRED POUNDS, to be recovered by Action of Deht, &c. in any Court

of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Session in Scotland, or at any of the Four Courts in Dublin respectively, wherein no Essoin, &c. shall be allowed.

It shall be lawful for any Officer of the Customs in Great Britain, or for any Officer of the Revenue in Ireland, to seize and secure, in some of His Majesty's Warehouses, all such Tools or Utensils prohibited to be exported, as such Officer shall said on board any Vessel not bound directly to some Port in Great Britain or Ireland, or to some other of the Dominions of the Crown of Great Britain; and all Tools so seized shall, after Condemnation, be publicly sold to the best Bidder; and one Meiety of the Produce shall be to the Use of His Majesty, and the other Moiety to the Officer who shall seize and secure the same.

If the Captain of any Vessel in Great Britain or Ireland knowingly permit any of the said Tools, prohibited to be exported, to be put on board his Vessel, he shall, for every such Ossence, forfeit ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, to be recovered as the Penalties inslicted upon Persons exporting the Tools; and, if the Vessel belongs to His Majesty, the Captain shall not only forfeit ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, but shall also forseit his Employment, and be incapable of any Employ-

ment under His Majesty.

If any Officer of the Customs in Great Britain or of the Revenue in Ireland, take, or knowingly suffer to be taken, any Entry outward, or fign any Cocket or Sufferance for the Shipping or Exporting of any of the said Tools, or knowingly suffer the same to be done, he shall forfeit ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, to be recovered as aforesaid, and also forfeit his Office, and be incapable of any Office under His Majesty.

One Moiety of the Forfeitures shall be applied to the Use of His Majesty, and the other Moiety to the Use of the Person who shall sue for the

lame.

Statutes 14, 21, 25, and 26 of His present Majesty.

BY these Statutes the like Penalties and Forfeitures as above-mentioned are extended to Persons packing or putting on board any Vessel, not bound directly for some Port in Great Britain or Ireland, any Machine, Engine, Tool, Press, Paper, Utensil, or Implement whatsover, used in or proper for the working or finishing of the Cotton, Steel, or Iron Manusactures of this Kingdom, or any Part or Parts of such Machines or Implements, or any Models or Plans thereof; and all Captains of Ships and other Persons receiving or being in Possession of any such Articles, with an Intent to export the same to Foreign Parts, and all Custom-house Officers suffering an Entry to be made thereof, are respectively liable to the like Penalties as are above-mentioned, in the case of Tools and Utensils used in the Woollen and Silk Manusactures.

Bank of England, July 21, 1803.

The Court of Directors of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England give Notice,
That they have appointed Thomas Rippon to be one of their Cashiers, and he is hereby empowered to sign Bills and Notes for the Governor and Company of the Bank of England.