

The London Gazette.

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From Thursday July 15. to Sunday July 19. 1680.

Moscow, June 13.

THe last week an Express was dispatched from hence, with new Instructions to our Ambassadors in Poland, how to behave themselves in their Negotiation, concerning the Defensive Alliance between the two Crowns, in which it seems they have hitherto laboured in vain, that is, without bringing the thing to a Conclusion; for though the Poles seem still to have a great desire to enter into the League proposed, yet the terms they insist upon on their side, are such, that the Czar cannot think them equal; and therefore appears as yet unwilling to consent to them. But an Ambassador is coming hither from Poland, who it's hoped, will remove the Difficulties that retard a Work, which may be of so great importance, not only to these two Nations, but even to all Christendom, for the employment they would give the Turks, if their Forces were united against them. In the mean time we understand by the last Account we have from Constantinople that the Grand Vizier does not abate any thing of his high Demands, but still requires, that the Cession of the whole *Ukrain* shall be one Condition of the Peace, which this Court will not hear of, but seems resolved rather to hazard all, than to pay so dear for a Peace, which we stand as little in need of as the Turks, and are in as good a posture to carry on the War as they. An Envoye is come hither from the Cham of *Tartary*, to adjust matters, about the exchange of Prisoners.

Warsaw, June 21. The Moscovite Ambassadors, not having been able in the many Conferences they have had with the Commissioners of this Crown, to perfect the Work of the Defensive Treaty, they Declared, That their Orders required them to return home, to make the Report to the Czar and his Ministers, of their Negotiation, and of the Difficulties that had hindered the success of it. Accordingly they had an Audience of the King, on the 16th Instant, and parted from hence the 19th. The King having assured them, that the Ambassador he had resolved to send to the Czar, should be at *Moscow* as soon as they. From the Frontiers we have Advice, that the Turkish Army, having passed the *Danube*, was come to *Czetzora*, within a days march of *Jassi*, the Capital of *Walachia*, and from thence would continue their march towards the *Niefter*, over which River, the *Walachians* were making a Bridge. That on the other side, the *Sieur Narzokin*, one of the Generals of the Moscovite Army, was arrived with a considerable Body of Men near *Kjovia*, where *Dolborucki*, and *Romadanoski* were to joynt him with the Troops they Command; and that after that Conjunction, they would march directly towards the Enemy; as the *Cossacks*, who live on the other side of the *Nieper*, had received a Command from the Czar, immediately to do. The King and Queen of Poland are at present at *Villa Nova*.

Vienna, July 7. General *Caprara*, who Commands the Imperial Troops in *Hungary*, demands, with great Instance a farther Supply, Declaring, that he cannot otherwise make head against the Rebels, who grow more and more Insolent, and by their late Incurfion into *Sieff*, where they plundered and burnt several Villages (though above 300 of them were cut off in their Retreat) have put that Countrey into a great Consternation. Whereupon the Regiment of *Montecuculi* has received Orders to march forthwith to *Hungary*, and the Regiment of Horse, of the Electoral Prince of *Saxony*, is to be quartered on the Frontiers of *Sieff*. It is said, that the Emperor thinking it necessary in the present Conjunction, to increase the number of his Forces, will raise twelve new Regiments of Foot: and that a great Retrenchment will be made in the Expences of his Family, to raise Money. The Imperial Court will be the 26th Instant at *Liniz*.

Strasburg, July 16. The French are going, as is reported, to demolish the Castle of *Falkenburg*, not thinking it considerable enough to keep a Garrison in it. It is noised about, that the *Marschal de Crequi* will come into these parts, to Command an Army of 30000 Men, which we cannot forbear being somewhat alarmed at, though we can hardly give credit to it.

Cologne, July 19. The Baron *Straatman* is going hence to *Ratisbonne*, to Reside there as the Emperors Commissary-General; and yesterday he took his leave of Prince *William of Furstemberg*. The Duke of *Fuliers* has strictly Comanded his Subjects, to satisfy the Arriers of Contributions, which they are owing to the French; for that he is informed from good hands, that a French Army will otherwise come and oblige them to the payment thereof. There is now, not the least talk of our Electors removing to *Bonne*; his Electoral Highness being, it seems, better pleased with his Retirement here.

Amsterdam, July 23. By a Vessel arrived from *Surinam* we have an Account, that that Colony was not now so much disturbed by the Indians, as it had been formerly, the arrival of the 300 Soldiers sent from *Zealand*, having been of great use to curb their Insolencies. That the *Sieur Heinsius* their Governour was dead, as likewise the *Sieur Hubert*, who was intended his Successor. We are told, that so soon as the States of *Holland* are separated, the Prince of *Orange* will go again to *Gelderland*, and from thence to *Lunenburg* to Hunt, It was reported, that the States-General intended to send some person of Quality to Compliment the French King, upon his arrival in *Flanders*, but at present we hear nothing more of it. From *Flanders* they write, That they begin to be very confident, that the French King has no other Design in the Progress he is now making, than to visit his Conquests.

Hague, July 23. The Prince of *Orange* returned yesterday

yesterday from *Breda*, and this day was present in the Assembly of the States of *Holland*, where nothing of Moment has pass'd since their last meeting. The *Secur Morning*, Envoye from this State to the King of *Denmark*, being upon his departure, the States-General, at the Instance of the Admiralty of *Amsterdam*, have ordered him to demand, that the two Swedish Men of War, that were taken during the late War, by the Squadron they sent to that Kings Assistance, may be left to the disposal of the said Admiralty. The Minister of this State at *Stock-holme*, has not yet been able to obtain the Exchange of the Ratifications of the Treaty of Peace, concluded between that Crown and these Provinces at *Nim-guen*; by which means, the Dutch Merchants in *Sweden* suffer very much, for want of the advantages which that Treaty allows them in their Commerce. The *H. er Van Starenberg*, Ambassador to *France*, is departed.

Brussels, July 18. The Duke de *Villa Hermosa* is now preparing to leave this Government, which so soon as he has resign'd to his Successor the Prince of *Parma*, he will return for *Spain*, to take Possession of his Place in the Council of State. In the mean time we are told, that the Spanish Ambassador at the French Court, has acquainted his Excellency, that he had received great assurances from the King and his Ministers, that his Majesty had no other intention, than to maintain the Peace and Friendship established between the two Crowns; and that his present Progress was only to visit his Conquests, and ought not to give the Crown of *Spain* any Ombrage. From *Liege* we hear, that things continue there in much disorder, by reason of the Disputes between those Magistrates and their Prince, the Elector of *Cologne*, concerning their Rights and Prerogatives. The Letters add, that the French had laid a Bridge over the *Meuse* at *Dinant*, and *Givet*, for the security of their Troops on both sides.

Lille, July 17. Our Letters from *Paris* inform us, That the King and the whole Court parted from *St. Germain's* the 13th Instant; and intend to be here on the first of *August*. The Magistrates of this, and other places in the new Conquests have been told, that they need not put themselves to the charge of sending Deputies to Compliment His Majesty, or providing for any publick Reception, he being resolv'd not to admit of any, as contenting himself with that Dutiful Respect which they made such large Expressions of, when he was last in these parts. In the mean time we hear our Neighbors, whom this Progress of the Kings gave great jealousy to, are much at ease, since they understand that the Ladies accompany him in it, which they look upon as an Argument, that the Design of it is only to visit his Conquests, and not to engage in any Military Enterprize. About 1200 Horse are at present quartered in the neighborhood of *Armentiers*, and a greater number is daily expected there. It is reported, as if some of our Troops were order'd to march towards the *Meuse*.

Paris, July 20. In the absence of the Court, we are like to be very barren of News here. We are told, that some time before the King parted from *St. Germain's*, a Petition was presented to him, on the part of those of the Reformed Religion in this Kingdom; in which they humbly lay before his Majesty, the many hardships they at present lye under, and pray they may enjoy the same Liberties and Freedoms they did formerly. The Assembly of the

Clergy is separated, and two days before the King begun his Progress, they Deputed some of their Body to return their Thanks to His Majesty, for the great care he has of the Church of *France*, and particularly, in maintaining its Rights and Liberties, against the Encroachments of the Court of *Rome*, and to beseech him to continue the same.

Plymouth, July 13. The *Charles Galley*, and the *Swan*, are still here expecting Orders.

London, July 17. This day *John Giles*, who we told you in our last, was convicted of having Assaulted, and desperately wounded *John Arnold Esq;* was brought to the Bar at the *Old Bailey*, and there received Sentence, To stand on the Pillory in three several places; in *Lincolns- Inn-Fields*, near the place where the Fact was committed; at the *May-pole* in the *Strand*, and in *Holborne*, over against *Grays- Inn*, with a Paper on his Hat, signifying his Crime; to pay 50*l.* to the King, and to continue in Prison till the same be paid, and to find Sureties for his good behaviour, during Life.

The Officers of the Receipt of His Majesties Exchequer, have Money in Bank to pay to the Fourteenth Order inclusive, upon the Second Act for Disbanding the Army.

Advertisements.

☞ An Institution of General History, or the History of the World, being a compleat Body thereof, wherein are described the several Empires, and their Contemporaries with them; all distinctly by themselves, and yet link'd together by Synchronisms; as also the Forms and Models of Government, with the Power and Nature of their respective Magistrates, Customs, Laws, and Antiquities, all in such unbroken Order and Method, as yet never was Extant: In Two Volumes in Folio, By *William Howell*: *L. L. D.* Chancellor of *Lincoln*, Some time Fellow of *Megastika College* in *Cambridge*. Sold by *Tho. Basset*, *Will. Crox*, and *Will. Cademan*, at the *George* in *Fleetstreet*, at the *Green Dragon* without *Templ. Bar*, and at the *Popes Head*, at the *New-Exchange* in the *Strand*.

☞ The Vision of Purgatory, Anno, 1680.

In which the Errors and Practices of the Church and Court of Rome are discover'd: with the Influences they have upon this and other Nations. Sold by *Henry Brome* at the *Guns* in *St. Pauls Church-yard*.

☞ CHAMBERLAIN'S Divine Poems.

The *Princes of Orms*, a Romance. Moral Essays, by *Messieurs Du Puy Royal*. *Cesar Borgia*, a Tragedy. The Education of a Prince, by *Messieurs Du Puy Royal*. Sold by *R. Brome*, and *M. Magnes*, at the *Post-house* in *Russell Street*, *Over St. Gild*.

A Fair Large Houfe, containing 30 Rooms and upwards, several of them well waincotted, and other Materials fit for any Gentlemans Family; with Orchard-houses, Stables, and other Out-houses, Gardens, and Orchards well planted, containing Twelve Acres walled in, situate within Eighteen miles of *London*, and within Five miles of *Windsor*, and Four miles of *Uxbridge*, is to be Let by Lease, or yearly Rent, with such conveniency of Meadow Pasture, or Arable Lands, as shall be desired. Inquire at the *Red Bull* at *Gerards Cross*, on the Road betwixt *Uxbridge* and *Beaconsfield*, or at *Mr. Coles* at *Wavers Hall* in *London*, and you may know further.

These are to give Notice, That His Majesty hath been pleas'd to Grant a Market, every Tuesday, to be held at *Sowley*, alias *Silow*, in the County of *Derby*, situate on the River *Trent* (in the middle way between *Nottingham* and *Derby* being Navigable, and very commodious for the Carriage of all sorts of Goods, and Merchandizes. All two Fairs, the first to be upon *All Saints* day; the other on *St. Marks* day; and two Markets, the one on the Second of *November*, the other on the Twenty Sixth of *April*, yearly, for ever.

Lost the 10th Instant out of the Grounds of *Edward Ball*, junior, of *New-st. atford* Laceman, a Bald-Fac'd Bay Mare, a Horn Mare, cut Tail, 8 or 9 years old, between 14 and 15 hands high, a White Foot behind, both knees lately broken; Whoever gives Notice of her, at the *George-Inn* in *Aldergate-street*, or to *Edward Ball* abovesaid, shall have 20*s.* Reward.