

“ Naval Stores, and more effectually to prevent the Exportation of Salt-Petre, Arms, and Ammunition, when prohibited by Proclamation or Order in Council.” But it is, nevertheless, His Majesty's Pleasure, that nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to any of His Majesty's Ships of War, or any other Ships or Vessels or Boats, in the Service of His Majesty, or employed or freighted by His Majesty's Board of Ordnance, or by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy; nor to prevent any Ship or Vessel from taking or having on-board such Quantities of Naval Stores as may be necessary for the Use of such Ship or Vessel during the Course of her intended Voyage, or by Licence from the Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, or the Commissioners of the Admiralty for the Time being; nor to the Exportation of the said several Articles to Ireland, or to His Majesty's Yards or Garrisons, or to His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations in America or the West Indies, or to Newfoundland, or to His Majesty's Forts and Settlements on the Coast of Africa, or to the Island of St. Helena, or to the British Settlements or Factories in the East Indies: Provided that, upon the Exportation of any of the said Articles, for the Purposes of Trade, to Ireland, or to His Majesty's Yards or Garrisons, or to His Majesty's Colonies and Plantations in America or the West Indies, or to the Island of Newfoundland, or to His Majesty's Forts and Settlements on the Coast of Africa, or to the Island of St. Helena, or the British Settlements or Factories in the East Indies, the Exporters of such Articles do first make Oath of the true Destination of the same to the Places for which they shall be entered Outwards, before the Entry of the same shall be made, and do give full and sufficient Security, by Bond, to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, to carry the said Articles to the Places for which they are so entered Outwards, and for the Purposes specified, and none other; and such Bond shall not be cancelled or delivered up, until Proof be made, to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, by the Production, within a Time to be fixed by the said Commissioners, and specified in the Bond, of a Certificate or Certificates, in such Form and Manner as shall be directed by the said Commissioners, shewing that the said Articles have been duly landed at the Places for which they were entered Outwards. And the Right Honorable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, and the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, are to give the necessary Directions herein, as to them may respectively appertain.

*W. Fawcener.*

*Westminster, June 30, 1800.*

THIS Day the Lords being met, a Message was sent to the Honorable House of Commons by Sir Francis Molyneux, Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorized by virtue of His Majesty's Commission for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate Attendance of the Honorable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read; and the Commons being come thither,*

the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act to remove Doubts arising from the Construction of an Act made in the Thirty-ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act for permitting certain Goods imported from the East Indies to be warehoused, and for repealing the Duties now payable thereon, and granting other Duties in lieu thereof.

An Act to allow for Nine Months after the passing of the Act the Use of Sugar in the brewing of Beer.

An Act to revive and continue until the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and one, such Part of an Act made in the present Session of Parliament for reducing the Duties upon Spirits distilled from Melasses or Sugar or any Mixture therewith, and for other Purposes as relates to the Duties on Wort or Wash brewed or made from Melasses or Sugar.

An Act for further continuing and amending an Act made in the last Session of Parliament for enabling His Majesty to prohibit the Exportation and permit the Importation of Corn, and for allowing the Importation of other Articles of Provision without Payment of Duty.

An Act for permitting the free Importation of Linseed Cakes and Rape Cakes in Neutral Ships.

An Act to continue until the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and four several Acts relating to the Admission of certain Articles of Merchandise in Neutral Ships, and to the issuing of Orders in Council for that Purpose.

An Act to repeal so much of an Act passed in the Second Year of King James the First as prohibits the Use of Horse Hides in making Boots and Shoes, and for better preventing the damaging of Raw Hides and Skins in the slaying thereof.

An Act for repealing Part of the Duties and Drawbacks of Customs on Kid Skins imported, and the Exemption of imported Kid Skins from Excise Duty on being dressed in Great Britain.

An Act to lessen the Duties on Wine and Spirits the Produce of the British Settlement of the Cape of Good Hope, and to empower the Importers to land the same before Payment of the Duties of Excise, and to lodge the same in Warehouses, and to allow the same to be shipped, free of Duty, as Stores to be consumed on board Merchants' Ships on their Voyages.

An Act for extending the Royalty of the City of Glasgow over certain adjacent Lands; for paving, lighting, and cleansing the Streets; for regulating the Police, and appointing Officers and Watchmen; for dividing the City into Wards, and appointing Commissioners, and for raising Funds, and giving certain Powers to the Magistrates and Council, and Town, and Dean of Guild Courts, for the above and other Purposes.

An Act to empower the Governor and Company of the Bank of England to purchase certain Houses and Ground contiguous to the Bank of England, and to enable them to improve certain Avenues adjacent thereto.