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Venice, June 8.

From Rome they write, that Prince *Radzeville*, Ambassador from the Crown of *Poland*, had had two Audiences of the Pope, to whom he represented the present state of that Kingdom, which he said, would readily embark it self in a War against the Turks, in conjunction with the *Moscovites*, provided, they could be secured of their sincerity, and have such Supplies and Assistances from other Princes of Christendom, as might enable them to pursue such a War with that Vigor, as that it might rebound to the Honor and Advantage of all Christendom; that *Poland* had suffered very much in the late Wars they have been engaged in, and was not now in a condition to maintain one, against so powerful an Enemy with their own Force. That the *Moscovite* Ambassadors were now at *Warsaw*, Treating about a League Defensive and Offensive, but that the Poles would advance but slowly therein, unless they were encouraged by the Princes of Christendom, whose Interest it was, to joyn with them against the Common Enemy. To which the Pope answered, That nothing should be wanting on his part, as to satisfy the Crown of *Poland* of his good intentions, so to use his endeavours with other Princes, that they might do the like.

Hamburg June 17. The King of *Denmark* is expected the 20th instant at *Gluckstadt*, from whence he will go to *Oldenburg*; we do not hear that he will be attended by any Troops, save his ordinary Guards. We cannot as yet write any thing with certainty, concerning the evacuation of *Wismar*, which people wonder to see so long delayed; the reason which appears to the world, is, that they have not yet adjusted the arrears of Contributions, the Danes demanding 30000 Crowns, and the Swedes being willing to pay them only 10000. It has been reported here, that the Emperor is going to raise 20000 Men, the Elector of *Brandenburg* 7 or 8000, and the Duke of *Zell* 3000, but what ground there is for it, we cannot learn, our Letters from *Prague* or *Berlin* not making any mention thereof. Sir *Gabriel Sylvius*, the King of *England*'s Minister, is gone to the Court of the Landgrave of *Hesse Cassel*.

Berlin, June 16. Yesterday was brought to the Court, the News of the death of the Administrator of the Dutchy of *Magdeburg*, younger Brother to the Elector of *Saxony*, by which, that Country is fallen to our Elector, by virtue of the Treaty of *Onsnabrug*, concluded in 1648. It is a fine Country, which had not any part in the calamities of the late War, and will add to his Electoral Highnesses Revenues, 600000 Crowns a year, besides the extraordinary Duties, he may upon occasion draw from it. From *Dresden* we have an account, that the Elector of *Saxony* is very ill again, that he is look'd upon to be in a very dangerous condition; and

that the Plague is broke out in that City. Yesterday the Marquis of *Baden*, sent to this Court by the Emperor, arrived at a Village, within three Leagues of this place; but it is believed he will be desired to remove at a greater distance, to perform a Quarantine, for People here begin to be very apprehensive of the Plague, and his Electoral Highness gave therefore Orders some days since, for the shutting up his Frontiers, towards *Saxony* and *Silesia*; that is, that no body should be permitted to pass without a strict examination. We are told, that the French King has sent to the Dyet at *Ratisbonne*, to demand satisfaction for all the French Commodities that were made Contraband, and Confiscated, during the late War, and threatens Reprisals if it be not given him.

Francfort, June 12. The Elector Palatine has acquainted the States of the Empire, with the Proceedings of the French, with relation to himself, and how much he suffers by them; and that at present, they threaten to attack his Castle of *Falkenburg*, because it is not Surrendered to them upon their Summons; his Electoral Highness has likewise given the Counts of *Westoravia*, who are now assembled at *Wisdaden*, an Account thereof, and has demanded an Assistance from them, which they have promised, in case there be occasion. In the mean time we have Advice, that two French Companies of Dragoons have posted themselves near the Fort, which guards the Bridge of *Philipsburg*, in the same place where the Imperial Army was Encamped in 1676; that more French Troops are marching that way and that several pieces of Cannon are bringing thither by Water, which makes every body believe, they intend to Attack the said Fort, which they pretend to be in the Lower *Alsace*, and accordingly, of right, belonging to their King as Sovereign of that Country.

Strasburg, June 13. The French Troops continue to march towards *Landaw*, where we are assured they will have an Army of 30000 Men; they give out, that their King has not any intention to disturb the Peace, but only to secure his own pretensions; but those are of that kind, and so grievous to the Princes of the Empire, that they will be forced to have recourse to Arms, to preserve themselves and their Territories. Several Boats pass down the *Rhine* with Cannon and Ammunition for the French Camp. We are told, that the Bishop of *Wirtzburg* has promised the Elector Palatine, an assistance of 5 or 6000 Men, in case the French attack the Castle of *Falkenburg*.

Brussels, June 21. The Duke de *Villa Hermosa* goes on Sunday next for *Antwerp*, by his Presence to influence that City, which continues to refuse the Subsidies his Excellency Demands, on pretence of the great decay of Trade, and the great Impositions that are upon all Merchandizes; in which last Point, his Excellency promises to ease them, provided they comply with him in the matter of the Subsidies,