



The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Saturday October 26, to Tuesday October 29, 1799.

Westminster, October 24, 1799.

THE Lord Chancellor has appointed John Richards, of Reading, in the County of Berks, Gentleman, to be a Master Extraordinary in the High Court of Chancery.

Lord Chamberlain's Office, October 26, 1799.

NOTICE is hereby given, that there will be a Drawing-Room at Saint James's on Thursday the 7th of November next.

Downing-Street, October 29, 1799.

A DISPATCH, of which the following is a Copy, has been received from Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Clinton, by the Right Honorable Lord Grenville, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Foreign Department.

MY LORD, Coire, Oct. 9, 1799.

WHEN I sent your Lordship my last Dispatch on the 2d Instant from Glaris, the Report from General Rosenberg, whose Division composed the Rear Guard, had not reached Head Quarters. I have now the Honor to inform your Lordship that the Enemy, having received a considerable Reinforcement from Zug, renewed on the 1st Instant their Attack near the Village of Mutton, where, in consequence of the Fatigue the Troops had undergone the preceding Day, they had been obliged to halt. A strong Column of the Enemy advanced by the Road in the Centre of the Valley, while Two others, skirting the Foot of the Mountains on each Side, endeavoured to get into the Rear of the Russians. The Division of General Rosenberg consisted of Eight weak Battalions and Two Regiments of Cossacks. Discovering the Intention of the Enemy, he left Five Battalions as a Reserve, and with Three, (the Breadth of the Valley not admitting of a greater Front,) supported by the Cossacks, he attacked the Centre of the Enemy; their heavy Guns for a Moment gave them an Advantage; but nothing could withstand the Steadiness of the Russian Attack. In the Hurry of their Retreat, an Ammunition Wagon was overfet, which choaked the only Road by which the Cannon could move; Three Pieces were

immediately taken Possession of by the Russians. The Flank-Columns, seeing their Centre pierced, fled. General Rosenberg profited of the Confusion of the Enemy, and pursued them beyond Schwitz. In Killed and Wounded they lost above Five Hundred Men and Thirteen Officers, and One Thousand and Twenty Men were taken Prisoners. The Russians had in this Affair about Three Hundred Men killed and wounded.

It was the 4th in the Evening before the Sick and Wounded could be transported to Glaris; the Road not admitting of the Passage of Artillery, the Guns were destroyed; on the 5th the Army marched by the Valley of Semst to Elm; the Difficulty of the Roads made it impossible to remove the Wounded. The Enemy followed the Rear Guard, and gained some trifling Advantages over it during the first Three or Four Miles of the March; upon a well-timed Attack, however, of the Russians, they desisted from any farther Attempt. On the 6th, the Army passed the Danix Mountain, which the Snow that had fallen during the last Week had rendered dangerous, and several Mules and Baggage Horses were lost on the March. The Army is now assembled at this Place, and after Two Days of Repose it is the Marshal's Intention to form a Junction with the Army of General Kosgakov.

I have the Honor to be, &c. &c. &c.

H. CLINTON.

*The Right Hon. Lord Grenville,
Sc. Sc. Sc.*

*Translation of the Vienna Extraordinary Gazette of
September 27, 1799.*

LIEUTENANT PIZZENBERG arrived Yesterday with Accounts from General Melas, that having received credible Information that the Enemy was collecting and receiving fresh Reinforcements on the Banks of the River Stura, he dispatched General Gottesheim with Seven Battalions of Infantry and a Regiment of Dragoons opposite, the Entrance of this Valley, to plant themselves in the most advantageous Position between Fossano and Savigliano, so as to observe accurately all the Motions of the Enemy.