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Madrid, May 16.

E have of late been entertained with various reports, of the march of feveral French Troops towards the Frontiers of Bifcaye and Navarre, many Ex presses have passed to and fro, on occasi n thereof, and several extraordinary meetings of the Counfeils of State and War have been held, to provide for the worst; though many are of opinion, the fign of the French King, in these marchines of his Toops, is rather to awe his own Subjects, than to molest his neighbors. On the Eleventh Instant, the Marquis de la Laguna (Brother to the Duke de Medini Celi) parted from hence for Cadiz, to embark, the Flect for New Spain, being made Vici, and of Mexico. The last Account we had from Languer, was, That the Moors had been brave-If repulied in an Attack they made upon Henrieut; Fort, which was defended o ly by 30 Men, Com nand d by a Lieutenant; that th Moors fo deep, that a Holsenian could ride in them un discovered; that by means of these Trenches, the communication between Charles and Henrictta Forts, and the Town were cut off; but these Forts being well provided with all things necessary for their Defence, they did not fear what the Moors could do, as long as their Provisions lasted, of which they had for sive or six months.

Copenbagen, May 28. The 16th Initant, at Ten a clock at night, the King of Sweden was married to the Princess Eleanor, at a place called Schutterup, where they continued till the Eighteenth, and then went thence to Helmstadt, from whence they parted again the 22 for Stockbolme, the King taking his journey by the way of Gotlenburg, and the Queen, and the Queen Mother, theirs by fenkopping. Our King begins his journey for Ho'ftein

presently after the Holy days.

Hamburg, May 31. The Duke of Zell's Troops re-maining as yet policified of Boxboede, the Swedes press extreamly to have that place likewise restored to them, but they are answered, that the Duke of Zell will not part with it, till the Moneys he is yet to receive, by virtue of the late Treaty of Peace, be paid him: Sir Gabriel Sylvius, the King of Englands Envoye at that Court, had had Audience of the Duke, and averal Conferences with his Ministers, while at the same time, the French Minister there, was not idle, but endeavouring to render Sir Gabriel's Negotiation ineffectual. From Berlin we have an account, that the Elector of Brandenburg had been

there, and was gone again to his House at Postdam.
Francfort, May 28. A short time will now let us se, what the deligns of the French are, who by

the preparations they have made, and the Troops they are now drawing togeth r in Alface, do very much allarm the neighboring Princes. ome have faid, that Strasburg would be attacked, but that City seems not to have any such apprehensions, or at least think, they are in a condition to defend themfelves, and are perhaps, for that reason, the less concerned at the motions of the French.

Strasburg, May 27. The French Troops are now marching towards Landaw, the place of their Rendevous; the last night, the Regin ents of Conde and Roufillon came to a small place called Eckelsteym, a German mile from hence, and the next day early, continued their march towards Ingenheym. The Royal Chamber at Brifac, has summoned all the larlywicks of the Lower Alface, and even several places belonging to this City, to appear by their Deputies within three weeks, before the faid Chamb r, there to acknowledge the French King to be the Soveraign Lord of all Alface. The new Walls of Schlestade are finished, as the Out-works, which they have now in hand, will be very fuddainly. Thy are likewise working with great diligence, on the Fortifications of Brifac and Hunningen. Count Mansfe dt, the Emperors Envoye to France, continues very ill at A gsburg, which place he choic to make

his Quarantine in.

Cologne, May 28 Several Expresses have of late passed between the Dake of Neuburg and his Son the Duke of Juliers, and p ople suppose the occasion of them to be, the King of Spains offering the latter the Government of the Spanish-Netherlands, concerning which, and the terms upon which it is offered, it's not doubted, but the young Duke is defirous to confult his Father. It is certain that the Prince of Birckenfeldt has put himself and his Countreys, under the protection of the French King, to avoid the trouble and vexation, he was otherwise like to receive from the Chamber of Metz; which example, it's feared, others will follow, though the Prince Palatine of Veldentz, who is in the same ill circumflances, has hitherto refused to do it, and has presented a Memorial to the Dyet at Ratisbonne, wherein he acquaints them, That two different Sentences have been given against him by the Chamber at Metz; and that at Brilac, by which he is commanded not to acknowledge for the future any other Soveraign, than the French King, or any other Tribunal, than the Parliament of Metz; and defires the advice of the faid Dyet, how to govern himfelf in a matter of this importance, both to him! If and them, seeing he is required to change his Soveraign, and that they will loofe one of their Members.

Amsterdam, June 4. The States of Holland, after nany Conferences and Debates, came finally to a esolution on Friday last, to raise the 200 penny upon Real Estates, to be paid in Two years, viz. one half before the First of July, of this present year,

and the other before the First of March of the year following, with an allowance of Six per Cent. to those that shall pay their Moneys before the time: and if the Sum that shall be thus raised, do not suffice, then another 200th penny, is to be raised upon Personal Estates. In the Texel are arrived Five Merchant Ships from Spain, and bring advice, that the Spanish New Spain Fleet, intended to sail from Cadix on the 20th of the last month. Our Letters from Cologne tell us, that the proceedings of the Chamber, established at Metz, did put several Princes of the Empire into very great perplexity, they being summoned to prove their Titles to Lauds, which they had been possessed of, they and their Ancestors, time out of mind.

Hague, June 4. The States-General having written to the States of the several Provinces, concerning the arrears of Subfidies, due to the Elector of Brandenburg; the States of Zealand, whose proportion comesto 54600 Crowns, have thought fit to offor half of that fum by way of Composition, which his Electoral Highness being informed of, he is much disfatisfied thereat, and has written a complaining Letter to the States-General, on occasion thereof. The States of this Province have at last agreed upon the method of raising the Moneys, they have thought necessary for the defraying the charges of the present year, and have Adjourned them-selves till the middle of the next month. And in the mean time, the Prince and Princess of Orange, are gone to pass some time in Gelderland. From Germamy we have advice, that the French are forming a Body of 30000 Men, between Wormes and Hunningen, and that it's suspected, they have a design upon the Fortress of Philipsburg, which, as well as the Baillage of Udenbeim, they pretend are dependences of Croon-Weissenburg. The same Letters add, that they had fummoned the Duke of Deuxponts, to appear before the Royal Chamber at Metz, to prove his Title to the Castle of Lichtenberg, though it had belonged to his Family, without any interruption, above Three hundred years.

Bruffels, May 31. We expect our Spanish Letters every moment; till they arrive, we can fay nothing of his Excellencies journey to Flanders, it much depending upon the Orders his Excellency receives, concerning his leaving this Government, which fome have reported, that the Duke of Juliers declines, but what ground they have for it, we cannot learn. The Marquis de Bourgomanero, our Kings late Envoye in England (where Don Pedro de Ronquillo, his successor, is arrived) goes not till the next week for the Hague. The French are at present pretty quiet in these parts, and people, who are apt to believe what they defire, perswade themselves they will continue so; and that the French Kings journey, which he begins about the middle of the next moneth, is only to visit his Conquests. But our Letters from Germany make ample relations of the apprehenfions they have of the designs of the French on that side, as well as of the vexation they put many Princes of the Empire to; by fummoning them, not only to do homage to their King, for the Territorics they hold, depending, as they fay, on the Three Bishopricks of Meiz, Toul, and Verdun, but likewise to make out, by authentick proofs, their Title and Right to those Territories, in which, most of those Princes, who have no prospect of being protected by the Empire in case they should stand

it out, are like to submit to the Decrees of the Chambers of Metz and Brisac, how unreaso able soever they think them, and some of them have already actually submitted, and particularly, the Prince of Birkenfeldt. The Duke of Aerschot is come back from Answerp, having in the name of our Governor, assisted at the Creation of the new Magistrates there, but not been able to obtain the Substack his Excellency demanded; those Magistrates protessing, their disability to comply therewith, by reason of the great decay of Trade, there being at present in that 'City, above 1200 Housesthat stand empty.

Brusels, June 3. The four Spanish men of War that lately arrived at Ostend with Soldiers, will, it's believed, continue there, till the Duke de Viëa Hermosa leaves this Government, being designed to transport his Excellencies Family and Baggage to Spain, We are told, that the English and Dutch Ministers at the French Court, are endeavouring to induce that King, to depart from the Declaration that has been made by his Commissioners at Courtay, concerning the Title of Duke of Burgundy; or at least to allow the Spaniards a longer time, than till the mean time, that the Conferences there may be continued.

Paris, June 2. We are told, that the King has declared his resolution, to begin his Progress the 13th Instant, which he will take towards Flunde 15, to visit his Conquests; in doing of which, it haid, he will pass two or three months. We have added that our Gallies are at Sea in two Squadrons. Eachteen Commanded by the Duke de Vivonne, and Twilve, with which, Six men of War are joyned, under the Command of the Duke de Navailles. Our King does absolutely institute to have the King of Spain gent the 1sthe of Duke of Burgundr, which is he do not by the 1sth of the next month, the Conferences at Courtray will be quite broke up, and the French Commissioners will return hither.

Advertisements.

Ofis Pitt of London, Bookseller, having now finisht the First Volume of his Aslas, containing the discription of the Northern Countries of Europe, as also Musicon, Poland, Sweden, and Deamart; Desires that the Subscribers to the said Book, would be pleased at the 24th day of Fane next, to send in their Tickets of receipt for the First payment; with 40 set o be advanced for the second Volume, to the said Moses Pitt at his stop at the Angel in St. Pauls Church-yard, Indea; or to Dr. Tho. Tair Principal of Brazen-n sincelledge in Oxford, and receive the said First Volume, with Tickets for the receipt of their Second payment: the Second and Third Volumes being actually in the Press, and a confiderable progress being made in them both. And that such Gentlemen as desire to have their Books coloured, would signifie the same, and they shall be done in fix weeks.

Tolen on Monday the 24th instant out of an Orchard of Mr. Thomas Day of Melhou.ne, a brown Gelding al out fourteen hands high, near eight years old, a bald sace, two white seet behind, a white lock in his main near the shoulder, a swelling upon one of his fore legs just at the knee, and all his paces. Whoever gives notice of the said Horse to Mr. Day aforesaid, or to Mr. Thomas Wright, at the blick Bhll in Eight and Twenty Gilling. Beward

his paces. Whoever gives notice of the laid Horle to Mr. Day afore, and or to Mr. Thomas Wright, at the blick Bill in Finishur, shall have Twenty shillings Reward.

Tolen or strayed the 20th instant at night out of the ground of Mr. William Byrt, of Shepion Maller, in the County of Somerfet, a gray Mare, 14 hands high, with all her paces, burned with I. B. on the near buttock, and the top of the sarther Ear cut. Whoever shall give notice of this Mare to Mr. John Tock r at the Three Pigeons in the Old Châng, Loneo, to Mr. John Cook in Exon, or to Mr. William Byrt aforesaid so as she may be recovered, shall have 20 s. for a Reward.