only Part of the Position in which Cavalry could have acted; but it was completely covered by a Chain of Closed Redoubts, considerably retired, and ferving as a Curtain to connect the Two Wings, by which it was so flanked and defended as to render the Attack of this Line extremely difficult fo long as the Wings of the Army maintained the Heights on each Side of it. The Left Flank was further covered by a Corps posted between Regensberg and the Glat, having its Retreat towards Baden. The only Defect of the Position in Front of Zurich was, that in case of Defeat the Whole would have been obliged to defile through the Town, fituated close behind the Right of the Position, and in which there is but One Bridge over the Limmat: for (whether owing to the Rapidity of the River or what other Caufe I know not) the Enemy had not, as it was supposed he would have done, constructed any Pontoon Bridges in the Rear of his Centre or Left.

From the above mentioned Circumstances of the Enemy's Situation, it was evident that, if the Zurich-Berg was forced, it must have brought on the total Defeat of their Army; whose Retreat through the Town, just at the Foot of this Hill, would have been attended with the greatest Difficulty. Early in the Morning of the 4th Instant the Army marched to attack the Enemy. General Hotze's Corps marched off to the Left, croffed the Glat, formed on the Enemy's Right Flank, and began the Attack of the Zurich-Berg. The Enemy defended this Post with the greatest Obstinacy, and although a confiderable Part of Prince Reufs's Column was afterwards fent to affift in the Attack, it was found impossible to force it. The Enemy was driven indeed from some of the Abbatis and En-

Kloten and Winterthur to Zurich. This is the trenchments, but maintained his principal Political only Part of the Polition in which Cavalry on the Zurich-Berg, till Night put an End to the could have acted; but it was completely covered Action.

During the Night and the whole of the next Day, both Parties remained exactly where they had flood at the End of the Affair, the Austrian Infantry of the Left Wing being in many Places almost within Musket-Shot of the Enemy's Abbatis and Works. The great Fatigue which the Troops had undergone on the 4th, determined the Archduke to defer till the 6th the Renewal of the Attack. But the Enemy, whose Loss in the Affair of the 4th had been very great, and who forefaw the total Ruin of his Army if the Zurich-Berg should be forced, retired in the Night from the 5th to the 6th, leaving in his Entrenchments Thirty-five Pieces of Cannon, Three Howitzers, and a great Number of Ammunition Waggons, In the Afternoon of the 6th, the Austrians occupied the Town.

In the Attack of the 4th Instant the Austrian Instantry suffered a considerable Loss in Killed and Wounded; among the latter were General Wallis, Lieutenant-General Hotze, and Major-General Hiller. General Hotze received a Musket-Shot in the Arm early in the Affair, but it did not hurt the Bone, and fortunately does not prevent his continuing to command his Corps. His Absence at this Moment would have been sensibly selt and sincerely regretted.

Cherin (General of Division and Chief of the Staff), together with Two other French Generals, were severely wounded, and Two Adjutant Generals are among the Prisoners, of which there are a considerable Number.

I am, &c.
(Signed) ROBT. CRAUFURD.

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