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Tangier. April 12.

THE Moors, who are about 3000 strong, continue to intrench themselves round Charles and Henrietta Forts, and have made three Trenches between them and the Town. Our Great Guns and Small shot ply them as they work, and we doubt not, do considerable execution. Charles and Henrietta Forts are victualled for six months, and provided with sufficient Garrisons; in the first, Captain Trelawney, and Capt. St. Johns Command, and in the latter Lieutenant Wilson. Yesterday, being Easter day, the Moors made a very brisk Assault upon Henrietta Fort; they brought long Booms, which they set against the Wall, and put upon them Bagots to shelter themselves, whilst they endeavoured to mine the Wall, to blow it up; they continued the Attack till this morning; but our Men behaved themselves so well, that they beat off the Enemy with Hand-Granados, and forced them to retire with considerable loss; whereupon Lieutenant Wilson let down 4 or 5 Men with Rops, who set fire to the Bagots and Timber they had 1. ft behind; and since he has hung out upon a Pole two Moors Heads. About Twelve days since the Hampshire took an Algerine of 24 Guns, called the Calabash, and two others were stranded: there are five Algerines more without the Streights; Vice-Admiral Herbert is removed into the Bristol, and the Rupert now Commanded by Capt. Weybourn is gone to Cadiz. On Friday last, the Leopard and Foresight (the latter of which brought hither Sir Palmes Fairborne, our Lieutenant-Governor) sailed into the Streights. The Flames and Swan Frigats arrived here the 4th Instant in 13 days from Kinfales, with four Companies of the Earl of Dunbar's Regiment, all old Soldiers. Vice-Admiral Herbert is cruising with the Hampshire and the Adventure, about Gibraltar, and the Centurion and Non-such are daily expected here. Several Merchant Ships, who came hither with Stores, are now delivering them.

From on board the Mermaid Frigate, cruising in company of other of the Kings Ships in the Soundings, May 8. On the 25th past we met several Ships that had left the Reserve and Mary Rose (under whose Convoy they came, with about 70 sail more from the Streights) off Cape Finister. We have likewise spoke with some of the Virginia Fleet, and other Ships from Mevis, but cannot hear from them, or other Ships we have met, going in and out of the Channel, that any Turks are in these parts.

Genoa. May 8. The 6th Instant arrived here 8 French Gallies from Civita-Vecchia, and departed again the same evening for Marselides, having touched here only to take in some Provisions. This States Convoy will sail in few days for Cadiz, and in it's company 5 or 6 English Ships. At Theolon are fitting out 10 men of War, which will be ready to put to Sea about the latter end of this month, with 20 Gallies that are Equipping at Marselides. From Leghorne we have the good news, of two Algerines being stranded, and a third taken by the English Fri-

gats. The Providence and the Silly are arrived here.

Strasbourg. May 18. Six French Regiments of Horse are come from Metz, to a place called Bockelshaym, and several others of Foot are encamped near Saar-Louis, Palzburg, and Schlestadt, where they work on the Fortifications, in expectation of farther Orders. Monsieur de Monclar will be in few days at Haguenaw, from whence he goes to Landaw, the place appointed for the Rendezvous of the French Troops.

Francfort, May 19. It is reported here that 3000 French have possessed themselves of Veldentz and Lauteren in the Palatinate. From Prague they write, that Prince Montecuculi had desired leave to quit his Employments, which the Emperor had granted him; but withal, had let him know, that he expected he should give an account, how he had employed the Moneys that have been paid to him for the service of the Army. The Letters add, That the Emperor had resolved to raise 20000 Men, to strengthen the Troops he has on foot.

Brussels May 24. On Tuesday in the evening, the Marquis de Bourgamano arrived here, and on Monday intends to go hence to the Hague, where he will make a very short stay, and return hither, to prepare for his Embassy to the Emperors Court. The account he has given our Governor the Duke de Villa Hermosa, of the Resolutions of the King of England, for the securing the Peace of Christendom has given his Excellency great satisfaction. On Tuesday next his Excellency goes for Flanders.

Hague, May 24. This morning the Spanish Envoy presented a Memorial to the States-General, in which he represented to them, the proceedings of the French in Flanders, the Alarm, and Uncertainty they put those Countreys into, and how destructive they are to that Barriere which the French King had promised this State should be preserved; that the Conferences at Courtray, about setting the Limits, were broken up, upon a Declaration the French Commissioners had made: That they had Orders not to Treat any longer with those of Spain, till they were furnished with a new Commission, wherein among the Titles of the King of France, that of Duke of Burgundy was left out; and that if this was not done by the 15th of July next, the most Christian King would give Orders to his Troops, to take possession of those Lands and Dependancies which he pretends to by virtue of the Treaty of Nimeguen: What resolution the States have taken upon the said Memorial, we do not know; but we are told, they are very sensible of the hardships which the Spaniards complain of; and its not doubted, but they will Employ themselves in the most effectual manner for the removing them. The States of Holland cannot yet agree about the method of raising their Money. From Breda we have an account, that the Fortifications will be finished there this year; and that 14 Regiments of Foot, and several of Horse lye encamped near that City, who take their turns to work on those Fortifications

Whitehall,