

The London Gazette.

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From Thursday April 2. to Monday April 12. 1680.

Warsaw, March 22.

THE War continues between the Muscovites and the Turks without the least appearance of a Peace, and its reported that the Grand Signior, who is extremely offended that the Czar of Moscow refused to hear the Propositions which he sent a Chassus to make in order to an accommodation, has Ordered the Grand Visier to command his Armies in Person this Summer, which he persuades himself will check be more successful then they have yet been in this War. Some days since arrived here an Envoy from Moscow, whose business is only to inform this Court, That the Czar is sending Ambassadors hither to conclude the League, which has been so often mentioned, against the Turks, and that they are already on their Journey hither. At the same time we have an account from the Frontiers, That a Turkish Chiaus was coming hither; his arrival is impatiently expected, we not being able to imagine what his Errand can be. Prince Radzeville, Ambassador from this Crown to the Pope was, according to the last Letters from him, at Venice, where he was permitted to perform his Quasantime Liturgie of the Lazarus's.

Stockholm, April 3. The King of Sweden is at present at Kongfors, and will continue there till he return towards Schonen, to consummate his Marriage at Helmstadt. In his way thither he intends to visit some Sea-Ports and Havens, which are somewhat dubious for the receiving of Men of War. After his Marriage his Majesty will return hither, and in the mean time has assured this City that they shall not be burthened with any greater Garrison then his Regiment of Life-Guards. The Reports that have been spread abroad in Foreign Parts, as if there were disturbances in this Kingdom, are wholly without ground, and falsified by some malicious people who envy our present quiet.

Copenhagen, April 3. The Swedish Ambassador, and the Commissioners appointed by our King, have frequent Conferences concerning the evacuation of Wisnar, and are gone so far that it is believed that matters will be perfected, and the said place delivered up to the Swedes before the Queen of Sweden parts from hence.

Prague, April 3. The number of the Boors who are got together in a Body increases daily, they being wanted to be already above 10000, to whom many of the Emperors Officers who were lately Disbanded, are joined. Five Imperial Regiments are ordered to March to quell them. Yesterday in the Afternoon the Emperor parted from hence to Heylingenberg, and returns on Saturday. In the morning a Council was held, where the matter of

the Memorial, lately presented by Mr. Skelton, Envoy Extraordinary from the King of England, was considered of. Our fears of the Plague breaking out here are now quite ceased.

Strasbourg, April 8. The French work hath at Huningen and Brisack, to repair the Damages the Fortifications of those places have lately suffered by the overflowing of the water. Our Letters from Metz of the 6 instant tell us, That several French Troops of Horse, and Companies of Foot arrive there daily, and that they expected there in all, according as the French Officers themselves gave out, 20 Battalions, which were to march towards the Saar, and to encamp near a place called *Saint Louis*. On what design they are to be employed time must shew.

Frankfort, April 10. The Baron de Landsee, the Imperial Minister at Mainz, was the other day shot in his House with a Musket, and very dangerously wounded; The person that did it is taken, but does not confess what induced him to that Villany. From Bohemia we have an account, That the Boors of several Lordships, had taken the Field, and were formed into Companies, Commanded by Officers; that they had raised small Forts, in which they had put their Wives and Children to secure them; That they had got several Colours, of which were these words, *Come unto me all ye that are weary and heavy laden*, &c. and that the Emperor, had sent several Troops to disperse them.

Cologne, April 12. The Count d'Arckimb, the Spanish Envoy, went hence some days since to confer with the Duke of Juliers at Dusseldorp; all the discourse is, that that Prince is to be Governour of the Spanish Netherlands; from thence the said Count d'Arckingo goes to Paderborne, where the Bishop of Munster resides, and afterwards to Zell to confer with the Princes of Lunenburg. The Spanish Officers continue to make Levies here, and will in a short time have completed the number they are to raise.

Brussels, April 12. The new pretensions which the French set up every day upon some place or other, makes this Court very uneasy, and the rather because we are not in a condition to hinder it. They have now lately possessed themselves of the Abbies of Fluery and St. Gerard, with above 40 Villages in the Province of Namur, which they say are dependencies on Charlemont. In Flanders and Haynault they make likewise pretensions on several places. It is reported that the French, instead of quitting Dinant, have reinforced that Garrison with 400 men. It is all the discourse at Court, That the Prince of Newburg, who lately married the Emperor's Sister, and is now styled Duke of Furlin, is to be Governour of these Countries.

Brussels, April 16. The proceedings of the French in the Country of Namur do very much allarm this Court, they having within these three or four days, possessed themselves of the Provostie of Polow, which

which contains 26 great Villages, besides lesser Bourgs. They have likewise possessed themselves of the Abbey of *Molin* and its dependencies, and have obliged the Inhabitants of those places to swear Fealty to the French King, threatening them, in case of refusal, with Military Execution. Hereupon our Governour, the Duke de *Villa Hermosa*, has dispatched the Prince de *Barbançon* to *Namur*, and the Sieur *Sarmiento* to *Charleroy*, to put things there into such a posture as the present juncture of Affairs seems to require. Don *Pedro de Ronquillo*, appointed by the King of *Spain* to go his Envoy Extraordinary to *England*, is ordered to hasten thither.

Amsterdam, April 16. Our Deputies in the assembly of the States of *Holland* are come hither again to consult the Magistrates in the matter about raising of Moneys, in which it seems so many difficulties do arise that they have not hitherto been able to come to any resolution in it. The States General have written a Letter to the Duke de *Medina Celi*, to Compliment him upon his being declared first Minister of State.

Hague, April 16. The States of *Holland* are not yet agreed concerning the manner of raising the moneys they want, but have adjourned themselves till Friday next, that they may consult their Principals once more before they come to a resolution therein. The States of *Zealand*, having agreed to the state of the War for this year, have granted 500000 Guilders for their part of the extraordinary Charge, of which above two thirds are to be employed for the making the intended Fortifications. The Prince of *Orange* not being yet well enough to accompany his Highness in his intended Journey to *Gelderland*, where he did design to remain about a Month, for the divertisement of Hunting, the same is put off, and the Court will continue here about a fortnight longer, and then will go to *Honfluedike*. From *Germany* we have advice that the French do demand 50000 Crowns of the Country of *Lorraine*, to repair the Palace of *Nancy*, where it's said the Queen and the Dauphiness will pass part of the Summer, while the King and the Dauphin make a farther Progress. The same Letters add, That the Most Christian King was resolved to declare himself Duke of *Lorraine*, and to annex to that Dutchy the Counties of *Sa. Avaux*, *Lixheim*, &c. which belong to the Prince of *Lixheim*. Sir *Gabriel Sylvius* is still here, but intends to perdue his Journey very speedily. The Sieur *Zitters*, designed Ambassador from this State to His Majesty of *Great Britain*, is ordered to hasten his departure.

Paris, April 12. At present there is hardly any more discourse concerning *Italy*, but it is said that several Troops march towards *Lorraine* and *Alsace*, though with what design we cannot learn. About the beginning of *May* the Court removes to *Fontainebleau*, and will continue there that Month and June. The City of *Geneva* has sent hither to Compliment the King and Dauphin on his Marriage, by whom he was very well received. The Sieur de *Quefne* has orders to go and visit all our Ports in the *Mediterranean*, and it is left to his choice whether he will Command the King's Ships that are to be employed in those Seas this Summer. The last Week a Servant Maid of *La Poissone* was harried

according to a Sentence of the Chamber of *Poysons*.

Kinsale, March 30. Yesterday arrived here the *Anthony and Jasper* of *London*, from *New-York*, from whence they came in company of the *Henry and Ann*, but they parted three days after. Last night came in here the *Summer-Island-Merchant*, bound for the *Bermudoes*, she sprung a Leake, and was forced to put into this Port to stop it. The Port that is making here goes on apace. The *Hopewell*, bound for *Tangier* with *Victuals*, is still here.

Whitehall, April 7. His Majesty in Council was pleased this day to make the following Order, and to direct it to be Published.

FOR the preventing tumultuous Disorders which may happen hereafter upon pretence of assembling to make Bonfires and Publick Fireworks, and disappointing the evil Designs of Persons disaffected to the Government, who commonly make use of such Occasions to turn those Meetings into Riots and Tumults:

It is this day Ordered by His Majesty in Council, That no person or persons whatsoever do presume to make or encourage the making any Bonfires or other publick Fireworks on the Twenty ninth day of *May* next ensuing, being the Anniversary day of the Birth and happy Restauration of His Most Sacred Majesty, or as or upon any other Festival day, or as any other time or times whatsoever, without particular permission, leave, or Order first had from His Majesty, or this Board, or signified to them by the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor of *London*, or by the Justices of the Peace in their respective Limits, upon Pain of His Majesties Displeasure, and being prosecuted with the utmost severity of the Law. Whereof all persons whom it may concern are to take notice, at their Perils.

FRANCIS GWYN.

Whereas two licentious Pamphlets, Entituled The Protestant Domestick Intelligence, it hath been published to this effect, That the Lord Chief Justice North hath declared in his Circuit, that the Laws against those that absent from Church ought to be put in force against none but Papists, and accordingly gave direction to the *Juriers*; and the same hath been likewise published in divers Factions News-Letters, dispersed into several parts of this Kingdom, with like Reflections upon Mr. Justice Jones. To the intent that no person may be misled thereby, His Lordship and Mr. Justice Jones desire it may be made known, That the said Reports are altogether false and groundless.

Advertisement.

AUGUSTINE Juiffe a Frenchman, about 20 years of Age, short stature'd, his nose, denied in between the Eyes, and very high towards the middle, with a cut in his head not quite well, a red face, and short black curl'd hair; speaking very little English, who lodg'd at the house of Mrs. Doncaster a Cooks-shop at the 3 Pidgeons in Kings Street Westminster, went away from his lodging on Saturday last, between 2 and 3 of the clock, and is supposed to have stolen 9 pieces of Old Gold, 4 Guinies, 3 Watches, viz. 2 Silvers, and one Brals, and one plain Gold Ring. If any one can apprehend the said person or goods, and give notice thereof to the said Mrs. Doncaster they shall be well rewarded for their pains.