The London Gazette.

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From Bonday March 29. to Chureday April 1. 1680.

Mantoua; March 11.

T is publickly faid here that Monsieur Gaumont, the French Minister, has finished his
Negotiation concerning Casal, and is preparing to return home, thoughthe Terms are
variously spoken of, some say that a French
Garison is to be put into it, and that it is absolutely to be given up to them; others tell us that
the Garison is to consist of Italians, except only
the Officers which are to be French.

Milan, March 11. Our Governor the Count de Melgar has received certain advice from France, that the Treaty between that Crown and the Duke of Mantoua concerning Cafal is concluded, which it's generally believed will bring a War into Italy; and therefore we are endeavouring all we can to put our felves into a posture of defence. Our Governor, it's said, has resolved to fortise Alexandria, and the dismantling of Valenca is talked of. An Officer is come hither with propositions for the raising of some Swiffe Regiments, and if the Terms can be agreed upon, our Governor intends to raise 4000 men of that Nation. The Laoyernor of Montaia is appointed to visit all the places of any importance in this State, and to give his Excellency an account of the condition they are in.

Twin, March 13: From Swifferland they write, That those Cantons have formally declared to Monfieur Gravel, the Brench Minister, that if the King his Master have any intention to trouble Italy with his Arms, they shall be obliged to engage themselves, with all their Edge, in the defence of it.

felves, with all their Force, in the defence of it. Leghorn, March 16. The Grand Duke, during his being here, ordered the Demolishing of an old Fort, rendred unferviceable by the houses built between it: and the sea, and the raising another in a more convenient plage. He likewise ordered the making of a Canal from the Town to the Legretth for Boats to pass in Stormy Weather, when the Sea is not safe. We every day expect to hear from Muntoua the conclusion of the affair of Cafal, Monsieur Gaumont making a shew as if he would, but does not yet, depart. There are now four English Frigats in this Port, Commanded by Sir Richard Munden, Captain Carter, &c. And two others commanded by Captain Wright and Captain Talhot are lately Sailted.

are lately bailed.

Florence, March 16. The Grand Duke is returned hither from Pifa and Leghorn, having regulated feveral matters concerning Trade and Traffique, in which he has shewn a particular respect to the Eiglish.

Genoua, March 20. By loshe Ships arrived here this eweek from Gadiz, we hear that Vice-Admirab Gerbort was at Tangier, from whence, the Moors were wholly retired. Eight French Gallies, have its said, brought great quantities of Ammunition to Villa Franca, and are returned again to Marfeilles, from whence a far greater number, with a squadron of men of

War, is fuddenly expected in these parts, which are filled with apprehensions of the French designs.

Francfort, April 1. The Electors have, as we understand, written to the Emperor, to defire him that though there are many reasons which do persuade the dissolution of the Dyet which has been lo long affembled at Ratibonne, yet that there might not an end be put to it till the States had taken a final resolution in the two great matters concerning the fecurity of the Empire, and the regulating the Moneys that are to be current in it. That in the mean time (in case any Contagion should break out at Ratishonne) his Imperial Majefly would remove the Dyet into some other convenient place, such as he should think fit, except the City of Augsburg, which is too near to Ratisborge. Several Princes of the Empire continue to make complaints to the Dyet concerning the oppressions they meet with from the French, but hitherto without any redrefs.

Cologne, April 2. The Dutchess Dowager of Hanouer is every day expected here in her return home from Paris. It is faid she is with Child, and that's the reason of her Journey, thinking her presence necessary to maintain the Right of her Son, in case she should have one. Our Letters from Ratisbonne give us an account that the Duke, of Deuxponts had, by a Maniorial, represented to the States of the Empire affembled at Rainbonne, That the late War had reduced his Country to fo deplorable a Condition, that it could not affeard him a Subfissance, and therefore prayed that the Emperdr, the Electors, and other Princes would, out of a generous Companion, grant him some affishance, and that Count Philip of Luningen had made a like representation to the Dyet, adding, that the French had not only demolished his Fortrels of Darksburg, but that they likewise pretended to reckon his conntreys of Ducksburg and Falkenburg among the Fi fs belonging to Metz, Toul, and Verdun, and particularly to incorporate Falkenburg to the Bailage of Hoguenau, and praying the Empire would interpole to fecure him against these attempts, but that the

these Memorials.

Hamburg, April 2. In the Dutchy of Bremen the Snedes have already resumed the alienated Crown-Lands; having begun with those that belonged to the deceased General Wrangel. The report of several Danish Troops being marching towards Holstein has given this City some Allarm; and our Senate has ordered the new Works that are making here to be advanced with all the Diligence possible.

Dyer had not taken any refolution upon either of

Amsterdam, April 5. Notwithstanding the late Peace concluded between this State and the Algierines, the latter continue their Hoslisties, and according to our Letters of the 18th of February from Algiers, they had taken 11 Dutch Ships, of which five were then brought thither. From Liege we have an account as if several French Troops

were returning that way to affift the Elector of Cologne in the recovery of Hallett and Mayleck.

Cologne in the recovery of Haffelt and Mayfeck, Hague, April 5. The States have written in very prefing I erms to the Provinces of Guelderland, Zea' and, Overyssel, and Groningen, to persuade them to pay their Quota's of the Arrears of Subfidies remaining due to the Elector of Brandenburg, which amount to above 200000 Gilders. The States of Holland are now end avouring to fettle a Fond for the Building the 36 Men of War; and it is thought they will do it at last by railing a 400 or sooth penny. The Elector of Cologne has, by his Minister here, taken notice of a report spread abroad concerning his Highness foliciting the Bishop of Manster to attiff him with his Troops, in order to his recovering the Towns of Maseyck and Haffelt (in which this State keeps Garisons) which he fays is wholly false, but at the same time declares that the States must not be surprized if he should make use of Forreign Troops to repossels himself of those places which they detain from him. On Wednesday last the Lord Bodmyn parted from hence on his journey for Dennark, and yesterday arrived here Sir Gabriel Sylvius, the King of Englands Envoy Extraordinary to the Princes of Lu-The Princess of Grange is, God be thanked, much better.

Paris, April 3. Though the general discourse is, That the King's deligns, this Summer, are towards Italy, yet we cannot write any thing of them with certainty, and must leave it to time to inform us what they are, farther then what concerns Cafal, which the Duke of Mantona has fold to our King, and we are told that that Prince justifics his doing it by saying, That he has or will fell the rest of his Territories to the Venetians, but this we tell you as a Report which we can-not answer for the truth of. There are those at the same time which think that the City of Strasburg is not out of Danger, at least for so much as may arise from the difference between them and their Bilhop about certain Lands and Rights which the latter pretends to belong to him by vertue of the Treaty of Munster, confirmed by that lately concluded at Nimeguen, and wherein it's not to be. doubted but he will have the protection of this Crown, and indeed when the Deputies of that City were here, though they were very civilly received by the Ministers here, yet they were informed of the Kings resolution to support their Rishop in his just pretentions. From Flanders we hear that the Spaniards complain extremely of the encroachments of this Crown, and say that the Peace is not well observed on our part, or at least that several new pretentions are fet up not Warranted by the Peace, but we think we have Right in what we do. We are affured that the King has fent Orders to the Governor of Dinant to quit that place, and to give notice thereof to the Bishop and States of Liege.

Falmonth, March 25. The 22 instant came in here the Moss of Yarmouth, from Crossick, and the Gabriel of the same place from Galicia. Three or four small Vessels arrived the same day from Ireland, and as many from Wales; these heard not of any-Turks Men of War in their several Voyages. The 24th put in here the Thomas of Tarmouth, bound for Rotterdam from Bourdeaux, from whence

she came in company of 40 or 50 Sail, whom she left the 23 plying to the Windward, the Wind at Fast.

Plimouth, March 26. The 24th instant arrived here the Leopard, commanded by Sir John Berry, and the Foresight, by Captain Killigrew, with the Merchaut Ships under their Convoy bound for the Streights, and this Morning they sailed again to persue their Voyage. This day came in herethe Dartmouth and the Normich Frigats, bound to the Westward to Cruise.

Portsmouth, March 28. The 24th the Norwich and Darmouth sailed from St. Hellens to the Westward. The Rhanix, who was to have been of their Company, is ordered for Bilboa.

Whitehall. March 31. This day their Majestics and his Royal Highness returned hither from Nemmarket. And in the afternoon the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Sheriffs of London were to pay their duty to His Majesty.

Advertisements.

Separation of Churches from Episcopiscopal Government, as practiced by the present Non-conform sts, proved Schismatical from such Principles as are least
Controverted, and do withal most popularly explain the Sinfulness and Mischief of Schism. In this Treatise the sinagainst the Holy Ghost, the sin unto Death, and other
disticult Scriptures are occasionally discoursed of, and some
useful Rules given for Explication of Scripture, By H nry
Dodwell, M. A. and sometimes Fellow of Timing-Colledge
near Dublin in Ireland. Sold by Benjamin Toos, at the Ship
in St. Pana's Church-yard.

Since the Advertisement formerly published concerning fold Smith, who was lately murthered near Hamsted, it has appeared that these Watches following were taken from him. One Silver one in a studded Case, made by John Snow at Saram, the hours in form of Diamonds, the out-Case holes with bizels for the sound of the Bell. Another Silver one studded in the form of five Crowns, a Flower-de-luce under cach Crown and a Knot in the middle: the name Thomas Plane, Londins, the hours engraven in a six square, with a Chain and five Wheels. The third a Silver Watch with a string, made by fer misab Gregory, shewing the days of the Month, the Box engraven with the King's Picture on the bottom. Also a Round brais Clock, the Box west guilt and peirced all over in a Leather Case, the name Forgat. Likewise a small eight-square Watch the edges Brais, and the Cover and Bottom Silver, made by Fartinando Garret. Whoever gives notice of all or any of these Watches, at the Glass-House in the Savoy, shall be well Rewarded.

UN away from Hugh Underwood Efq; of Sobam in Cambridge-Sbire, upon Saturday the 20th of March, one Thomas Davey, his Groom, with a confiderable Sum of Money, and a light gray bob tail'd Coach-Gelding, almost white, above 14 hands high, with a thick 'Main, heavy moulded, Trots high, and paces ill, about 11 years old, Branded on the near shoulder with an V. and the hair rubed off behind the Saddle above a hands breadth. Thomas Davey is a low well-fet man, his right leg a little shorter then the other which makes him go lamish, about 35 years of age, his face a-little scarred with the Small Pox, brown hair, with some grey hairs, especially on the Crown, turning up at the ends; in a dark coloured Cloath-Serge Suite. Whoever gives notice of the Horse to Mr. George Snell, Goldsmith, at the Cel in Lombard-frees, at to Mr. Underwood at Sobam aforesaid, shall have three Guineas Reward, or if of the man, they shall have latisfaction to their own Content.

Oft on the 27th of March, a fair Gold Watch in a green shaggereen Cale fet with Gold studes, hung in a gold Chain, and wound up with a Steel Chain, shewing the day of the Month and the hour of the day, made by Foseph Windmils, London. Whoever brings it to Mr. Squier of Richmondor to Mr. Johnson a Grocer next dore to the Dog-Tavern in the New Pallace-yard, shall have 5 l. Reward.