

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority

From Thursday November 20. to Sunday November 24. 1679.

Turin, Novemb. 2.

THE City of Geneva has sent hither an Envoy, who had some days since Audience of the Dutchess Regent, to whom he made a very respectful compliment in the name of the said City, assuring her; that his Superiors were very sorry their former Conduct had given her any offence, which for the future should be such as became them. The Dutchess Regent heard the said Envoy with much satisfaction, and dismissed him with an Assurance that she should be glad of any occasion to gratifie the said City in whatever they had to desire of her.

Prague, Novr. 14. The Empefor has given Orders for the disbanding 4 Regiments of Horse, four of Dragoons, and as many of Foot as make above 30000 Men, and intends to keep a standing Force of 24000 Foot, and 11000 Horse and Dragoons.

Copenhagen, Nov. 18. We have an account that two Suedish Ships, having on board 14 or 1500 Soldiers designed for Pomeran, were cast away some days since on the Isle of Bornholm. Of those that were in one of the Ships, only three escaped, the rest being all lost; but those in the other had better fortune, and got ashore.

Hamburg, Nov. 17. The King of Denmark, as we told you in our last, is returned towards Copenhagen; his Army is gone into Winter-quarters; the Ships belonging to this place, which were stop'd at Glückstadt, are discharged, and the confidence of a firm Peace between the King and this City, is so great, that it is said, that some of the biggest Danish Men of War, which at this time of the year are wont to put to Sea again to return to Copenhagen, will winter in this Port if it has their draught of water. It is reported that the King of Denmark, before he leaves Holstein and Slefwicke will assemble a Dyet at Flensburg, heretofore usually held with the joint consent of the Duke of Holstein, which could not now be obtained, so that it's believed the appearance there will not be very great. In the mean time the King of Denmark, to shew his resentment against the Duke, has lately taxed every Plough in Holstein at 18 Dollars. A Commissioner is come hither from the Elector of Brandenburg to reckon for the Prizes taken by his Privateers, and to defalk it out of the 125 thousand Crowns which this City has agreed to pay his Electoral Highness for the extinguishing his Pretensions; to which the Payment of the Duke of Zell's Army, the acknowledgments to himself, and all other Charges this City has been at in this conjuncture, being added, will make a Sum amounting to little less then a Million of Crowns. It is now said that the King of Sweden will ratifie the Peace made by Monsieur Rabenac at Zell, which he has hitherto refused to do, as being displeas'd with the Terms of that Treaty; however it is thought, things will hang

in suspence, so that Bremen will not be restored till the next year. From Schonen we have advic'd, that the Sieur Jean Guldensjerne the first Minister and Favourite of the King of Sweden, is made Governor General of Schonen, Bleking, and Halland; That he is to be sent Ambassador to Copenhagen; to demand the Princess of Denmark in Marriage, which they say is to be consummated at Gottenburg; where a general Dyet of the Kingdom is summoned; after which the King will return with his Queen to Stockholm; and that there is a defensive Alliance treating between Sweden and Denmark.

Hamburg, Nov. 21. Count Coningsmarke, who is made Governor General of Pomeran, is arriv'd with 2000 men at Rugen; but there is a report that among the Ships lost in the late bad weather, were some who were carrying Soldiers from Sweden to Pomeran, and that there are lost 500, some say 700 men, Commissioners are appointed to meet here on the part of Sweden and the Princes of Lunenburg, to adjust several matters relating to the restitution of the Dutchies of Bremen and Verdun; to that Crown. From Denmark they write, that the King of Sweden had sent a person of quality to compliment the Queen-Mother and Princess of Denmark (his designed Queen) and that the latter as a mark of her kindness to the Suedish Nation, had clothed all the poor Suedes that had been prisoners at Copenhagen; and were now released.

Hamburg, Nov. 21. The Elector of Brandenburg disbands, and the Princes of Lunenburg are going to do the like. On the other hand, the Swedes raise men to fill the places that are to be restored to them.

Strasburg, Nov. 20. We are told that the French are going to add new Fortifications to the Castles of Homburg and Bisch. On those of Hunningen and Stelbestadt they work very hard, being encouraged by a great Sum of money sent from France by Bills of Exchange to Basel.

Francfort, Nov. 22. The Plague (which is now considerably abated) has been so violent at Vienna, that it has taken away above 80 thousand people, and emptied all the Convents, there remaining in that of the Jesuites but three persons, and in those of the other Orders not many more; In Upper Hungary the Plague has been likewise very violent, to that degree, that it's said, at Presburg there are hardly any Inhabitants left alive.

Lubeck, Nov. 23. The Letters from Pomeran say, that Stralsund, Wolgast, Gripswaldt, and the Penemundet-schans, were deliver'd up to Count Coningsmarke on Monday last. That Anklam and Demmin were to be evacuated this day, and the Town of Wollin to morrow; but of Stetin nothing is yet said. The Swedes were no longer Masters of Stralsund, but they assembled the Magistrate, took from them the Keys of the Town, and disarm'd the Inhabitants.