

The London Gazette.

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From Thursday July 19. to Monday July 14. 1679.

HIS Majesty has been pleased to cause His Royal Proclamation to be Issued, For Dissolving this present Parliament, and declaring the speedy calling of a new one.

CHARLES R.

WHEREAS this present Parliament (which was begun and hold at Westminster the 6th day of March last) was lately Prorogued until the 14th day of August next: the King's Most Excellent Majesty being resolved to meet his People, and to have their advice in frequent Parliaments, hath thought fit to Dissolve this present Parliament, and doth (by this his Royal Proclamation) Dissolve the same accordingly: And the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens and Burgeses of this present Parliament are hereby discharged from their meeting on the said Fourteenth day of August. And His Majesty is graciously pleased to make known to all his loving Subjects, that He hath given directions to the Lord Chancellor of England, for the Issuing out of Writs in due form of Law, for the calling of a new Parliament, which shall begin and be holden at Westminster on Tuesday the seventh day of October next.

Given at Our Court at Windsor the Twelfth day of July, in the One and Thirtieth year of Our Reign.

Vienna, June 29. The 27th instant the Count Nassiuz Chancellor of Bohemia, begun his journey from hence for Munich, being sent by the Emperor to compliment the young Elector of Bavaria upon the death of his Father, and to endeavor to turn that Court from the great inclination they have hitherto seemed to have to France, and to fix it in the Emperors Interests, in which there is the greater prospect of his succeeding, because we are assured that as well the young Elector, as Prince Maximilian his Uncle, in whose hands at present the Government is, have their affections this way. The Ambassadors of Moscow have had several Conferences with the Ministers, and to morrow they have their publick Audiences of the Emperor, to which they will be conducted with great solemnity. The Emperor has forbid the Inhabitants of this City to receive into their houses any persons that come from several places in Hungary, which are infected with the plague.

Cologne, July 7. On Tuesday last arrived here Prince William of Furstemberg, and the next day he was to wait upon our Elector, who received him in a very kind and obliging manner. He will part hence again in 7 or 8 days to continue his journey for France. The Troops of the Duke of Zell which were quartered in Weterravia, have at length been perswaded to quit their Quarters, and are marching home: but those of Osnabrug do not yet stir. The Prince of Neubourg is expected the 24th instant at Dusseldorp.

Cologne, July 11. The 9th instant arrived here the Dutchess of Modena, and this day she continues her journey to Brussels. The Osnabrug Troops, who had their quarters in the *Wesfermarkt* have likewise quitted them, and are marching towards their own Country. The French continue to require new Contributions of the Country of Flanders and of this Diocess, and we fear they will even pretend to have Winter quarters there. The report of Lieutenant General Cukor's being killed in the action that happened on the 30th past near Minden proves a mistake for we have an account that he is gone to Aix la Chapelle to Batle. The French Army under the Commands of the Marquischal de Crequi is marched towards Odenburg and Delmenhorst, and 'tis laid will pass the Elbe, to oblige the King of Denmark to conclude peace. The States of the Empire assembled at Regensburg resolved the third instant to renew their request to the Emperor, that he will draw his Troops out of the Empire, and that the Peace may be executed.

Brussels, July 18. Yesterday arrived here the Dutchess of Modena and Prince Louis de Este with a noble Train. His Excellency has sent Don Carlos de Borghia his Nephew to the French Court to Compliment, in his name, the new Queen of Spain. Don Pedro de Ronquillo appointed by the King of Spain to go his Ambassador to England is preparing his Equipage, and will begin his journey in a Month or six Weeks. From Nimeguen, our Letters of the 14th give an account that Monsieur Haeg the Danish Ambassador parted thence that afternoon, on his way to Holstein, to attend the King his Master at Rensburg, and to receive Instructions for his Embassy to France, whither the said Monsieur Haeg is appointed by the King of Denmark to go, having a better prospect of concluding the Peace there than in Schoonen. Monsieur Colbert the French Ambassador at Nimeguen, stays only there till the Ratifications of the Peace with the Elector of Brandenburg are exchanged.

Hague, July 14. We are told that the Duke of Zell does in a late Letter to the States, very much press them, to pay the Arrears of Subsidies due to him (declaring he shall be otherwise obliged to take such resolutions as may procure him satisfaction in this matter) as likewise to restore the papers belonging to the Sieur Wicquefort, who was a prisoner here, and as you have been told, made his escape; upon which the States of Holland have resolved to pay their parts of the said arrears in six weeks; and that such of the Sieur Wicquefort's papers as concern the said Duke shall be restored. Upon the conclusion of the Brandenburg Peace, the French are marched into the Countrys of Odenburg and Delmenhorst, which they have already summoned to pay Contributions. The Ambassadors of this State at the French Court have made their complaint to Monsieur Pomponne of what was done

at Orange, about setting up of a Cross there, in prejudice of the Princes Sovereignty, though without being able to obtain any satisfaction in it. Our Letters from *Francofort* give us an account, that the apprehensions the City of *Strasbourg* has of the French designs do increase daily, and therefore the Imperial Forces that are quartered in that Neighborhood are ordered to continue there, till the execution of the Peace.

Paris, July 15. The Articles of the Treaty lately concluded between the Elector of *Brandenburg* and this Crown are,

I. That there shall be a firm and lasting Peace between them, and free Commerce by land and water.

II. All Hostilities to cease within 10 days after the Exchange of the Ratifications.

III. A general oblivion of all that is past.

IV. The Treaties of *Munster* and *Osnaburg* to remain in full force.

V. The Elector to restore to *Sueden*, all he has taken in *Pomeran* during this War, as *Stetin*, *Straelbond*, &c.

VI. But that the Lands on the other side of the *River Oder* shall remain in Sovereignty to the Elector.

VII. That *Golnow* shall at present remain in the hands of the Elector, he paying 50000 Crowns to the King of *Sueden*, who upon repayment of that Sum shall have the same restored to him.

VIII. The King of *Sueden* quits the Toll which he received at *Colberg*, and other places in *Pomeran*. pursuant to the Treaty made at *Stetin* 1633.

IX. Quits likewise all the Rights and Revenues of the Lands on the other side of the *Oder*, which remain by this Peace to the Elector.

X. Frees the Inhabitants of the Oath of Allegiance by them taken to him.

XI. The *River Oder* to remain in Sovereignty to *Sueden*, and the Elector is not to build any Forts or strong holds on it, as far as the Territory of *Sueden* reaches.

XII. The Most Christian King shall presently after the exchange of the Ratifications, draw his Forces out of the Countries and places of the Elector, except 1000 Horse, who are to remain in *Wesel* and *Liptadt*, till the Peace be intirely executed.

XIII. That the Elector shall draw his Forces out of the Field, but because the King of *Sueden* wants Troops, the Elector shall keep Garrisons in the places in *Pomeran*, viz. 2000 men in *Straelbond*, 1200 or 1000 in *Stetin*, and so in other places proportionably, till such time as *Sueden* sends over men to receive them.

XIV. That the Elector may take away the Cannon and Ammunition he hath brought into those places, but must leave what he found there.

XV. That all endeavours shall be used to make the Peace with *Denmark*, and that in the mean time the Elector shall not give that Crown any Assistance.

XVI. The Most Christian King obliges himself to procure the Crown of *Sueden* Ratifications of this Treaty in three Months, and as long as it is wanting the Elector is not obliged to restore the places abovementioned. The Ratifications between *France* and the Elector are to be Exchanged within a Month.

Pendennis, July 7. The last Week came into this Port the *Richard* of *London*, *Daniel Robinson* Master, bound for *Guinea*: the *Elias* of *London*, *John*: *exson*, and the *William* and *John* of *Bristol* bound home from *Rotterdam*: and Yesterday in the

Evening arrived here the *Fonns* of *Missing* in *Zeland*, laden with provisions for *Surinam*.

Pismoush, July 8. This day arriv'd here the Spanish Merchant of *London*, *John Eason* Master from *Cadix*.

Portsmouth, July 10. Yesterday sail'd from hence the *Swiftsure*, Captain *Ruffel* Commander, and the *Swallow* Captain *Fouler* to Cruise in the Channel, and this day sail'd the *Dover* bound for *Newfoundland*.

Edenburgh, July 5. Here has been published His Majesties Proclamation, commanding the Judges, and all Magistrates, to apprehend and punish all such as frequent any Field Conventicles (those Rendezvous of Rebellion) according to the prescript of the Laws, such as bear Armes there, being to be Deemed as Traitors; as likewise to prosecute with all legal Rigour, the execrable Murderers of the late Archbishop of *St. Andrews*, and declaring, that His Majesty being desirous to reclaim all such as have been misled by ignorance or blind zeal, hath according to the Power reserved to His Majesty by the first and second Session of his second Parliament, suspended the Execution of all Laws and Acts against such as frequent House-Conventicles in the Low Countries on the South side of the *River Tay*, excepting the Town of *Edenburgh* and two miles round the same, with the Lordships of *Mulleiburg* and *Dalkeith*, the Cities of *St. Andrews*, *Glasgow* and *Sterling* and a mile about each of them. But that none may, under the colour of this favour, continue to preach Rebellion, all such as shall be suffered to Preach, are to give in their names and to find Surety to the Privy Council for their peaceable behaviour, only one Preacher being allowed to a Paroch, and none to be allowed, who have appeared against His Majesty in this late Rebellion, nor none who shall be admitted by the Un-conform Ministers in any time hereafter. This forbearance to continue in Force during His Majesties pleasure, and as the Discenters shall deserve the same,

Advertisements.

☞ The Spirit of Prophecie. A Treatise to Prove, that Christ and his Apostles were Prophets, recommended by (and Dedicated to) the Right Reverend Father in God, *Peter Lord Bishop of Ely* By W. H.

☞ The Life and Death of *Mahumed*, the Author of the Turkish Religion. Being an account of his Tribe, Parents, &c. By *G. Addison* D. D. one of His Majesties Chaplains in Ordinary, and Author of the present State of the Jews. Both sold by *W. Crooke*, at the Green Dragon without Temple Bar. And at the Bible in *Westminster Hall*.

☞ Troades: or, the Royal Captives. written originally in Latin, By *Lucius Annaeus Seneca* the Philosopher. Englished by *Edward Sherburne* Esq; with Annotations. Sold by *Samuel Cur* at the Kings head in *St. Pauls Church-yard*.

Solen or strayed the 5th of July, from *North Crayley* in the County of *Bucks*. 3 Cast Geldings; one of them an Iron grey with a star in his forehead and scayed for a curb on the near leg behind, about 4 years old and 4 hands high. Another white grey, Guiling branded on the far shoulder with a Y, ab. ut 6 years old and 14 hands and an half high. Another light Sorrel Gelding about 3 years old, and about 13 hands and an half high with a Star on his forehead. Whoever gives Notice of them to Mr. *Anthony Kent* of *North Crayley* in the aforesaid County of *Bucks*, or to *Edward Kent* living at *Mrs Marshs* a Pewterer on *Snow-hill*, *London*, shall have 30 shillings reward.

Lost on Monday the 7th of July, from the Lord Bishop of *London*'s Palace in *Fulham*, a little Spaniel Bitch black and white long ears, and somewhat long backt. Whoever can find her, and send her, or give notice to Mr. *Ruffel* of *London House* in *Aldersgate Street*, or to Mr. *Gant* an Apothecary in the *Pall-Mall*, shall have 10 s. Reward.