

The London Gazette.

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Vienna, May 20.

TOMORROW Prince William of Furstemberg, upon his repeated instances will be admitted to an Audience of the Emperor, and then in a day or two he will part hence for France. From Hungary we have an account, that the Malecontents have applyed themselves to the Port for assistance, and that in all probability they would obtain it; and hereupon the Emperor as we are told has sent orders to several Regiments quartered in Silesia and Moravia, to march towards Hungary to join the Forces commanded by Count Leslie; but at the same time the consultations are continued for the finding out a way to compose things, and particularly to divert the Hungarians from having recourse to the Turks for succor, which might involve the Emperor in a War with them.

Hamburg, May 26. There are four Brandenburg Capers cruising before the mouth of this River, the biggest being mounted with 36 and 30 Guns apiece, and the other two with 12 each. The King of Sweden, as we are informed, has absolutely refused to ratifie the Treaty concluded at Zell by Monsieur Rabenac the French Minister; but at the same time has sent Monsieur Clay to those Princes to treat with them. We are expecting to hear of Minden being besieged by the French, for our advices tell us, that Monsieur Calvo is marching with a Body of 15 or 16000 men that way.

Hamburg, May 30. The four Brandenburg Capers, which we told you in our last were cruising before the Mouth of this River, have been joined by nine Danish Men of War, and have taken two or three Ships of different Nations; the news of which occasioned an extraordinary meeting of the Senate last night, who resolved to send away an Advice-boat to meet their Ships, now coming home from Spain, France and Portugal, and to direct them to put into the Texel or the Vlie, and there to remain till farther order. The Elector of Brandenburg, as our Letters from Berlin advise, finding the Negotiation of his Ministers, at Nimeguen, as well as at Paris, like to prove fruitless, is preparing to go to his Army, which is now posted near Minden, consisting in 15000 men, and will be reinforced by fresh Supplies that are marching to it; and because there is reason to believe the Enemy may besiege Minden, the Governor of the place is preparing for it, by sending away all unnecessary people, and by putting down all the houses without the Walls. The Letters from Copenhagen inform us, that that King intends onely to leave Garisons in Landskroone and Aelsburg, and to turn all his Force towards Bassein, having appointed the Rendezvous of his Army on the 27 instant near Sleswick. The reports that have been spread abroad, and so long continued concerning the death of the King of Sweden, are now sufficiently confuted.

Copenhagen, May 27. The Envoy from the Elec-

tor of Saxony, who comes to offer his Masters Mediation for the putting an end to the War, has had Audience of the King, and Commissioners are appointed to meet with him, and to receive his Propositions. We are told, that the King has agreed upon the Overture made by the French Ambassador with the King of Sweden, to send Deputies to any fit place in Schoon to treat with the said Ambassador and such persons as shall be appointed by the King of Sweden.

Frankfort, May 25. The Emperor thinking it necessary that a standing Army should for the security of the Empire be kept on foot, commanded his Ministers, since the conclusion of the Peace with France, to propose to the States of the Circles of Franconia and Suabia to receive into their Pay part of the Imperial Troops now on foot, which would otherwise be disbanded, or else to raise their quotas of 80000 men, which it was meant should be the number of the said standing Army. Those Circles declined the first, but agreed to make good their part of an Army of 30000, which they think sufficient; and accordingly Suabia will raise and pay 2800 men, and Franconia 2200; and this Army its said shall be commanded by the Duke of Lorrain as perpetual General. The French having orders to treat the Duke of Lorrain and all such as appertain to him as Enemies, that Duke has put the Troops that have hitherto served under his name into the Emperors service, and has given the French an account of it, but they it seems are not satisfied therewith.

Strasbourg, May 26. The Imperial Troops that were in Garison here, begin to march from hence. The four Companies of Swissers have orders to do the like, and it is said they are to go to Geneva, which City it seems is in some apprehension of the designs of the Duke of Savoy. The French continue in their quarters as before the Peace.

Lipsadt, May 27. This day Monsieur Calvo came hither, and was received with a discharge of all the Cannon about the place; he was with our Governor Monsieur Sourdis to visit the Fortifications, and after dinner returned to his Troops, which are quartered at Lunen, Ham, Unna, and other places in the Countrey of Mark. It is said that Monsieur Calvo will now draw his Forces together, and pass the River Lippe, and so follow the Brandenburg Troops, under the command of Lieutenant General Spaen, who are retiring towards Minden, which place it is the general opinion the French will attack.

Cologne, May 30. The 28 instant arrived here the Bishop of Strasbourg, who has not yet seen our Elector, but has been complimented by the Magistrates of this City; and this day the Chapter of our Cathedral Church meets, and the said Bishop will be there as President. The Count d'Ouringen, who was sent hither by the Emperor, to endeavor to dispose our Elector, to admit of a Coadjutor, and in case he succeeded therein, to employ his interest for the choosing

On the Duke of Neuburg's second Son, not having been able to effect it, is returned for Vienna. The French Troops that were in the Diocese of Liege are marching towards Wesel through the Country of Juliers, and yesterday 4 or 5000 arrived at Greuenbrocke in their march thither.

brussels, May 30. His Excellency has put off his intended journey for the visiting of the several Provinces till the latter end of the next week, *Don Fuen* Mayor who succeeds *Don Emanuel de Lyra* at the Hague, will part from hence in few days. The Baron de Nefelraet is arrived here in his way to Paris, whither he is sent by the States of *Flanders* to sollicite an abatement of the Atrears of Contributions pretended of that Dutchy. From *Maeſtricht* we have an account, that the Neighborhood of the French who were encamped in a considerable Body near *Vijet*, did somewhat alarm that Garison, and had made them double their Guards. From *Nimeguen* they write, that the difficulty about executing the Peace between the Emperor and France could not yet be removed by their respective Ambassadors there, who however continued their Conferences for the adjusting that matter. The Letters we received by the last Ordinary from France said, that the French Troops in *Provence* and *Dauphine* begin to draw together again, and that great Magazines were providing on that side. That the King had wholly laid aside the thoughts of making the progress he once resolved this year, and that Monsieur de Louvois was ordered by the King to go for Germany, to visit the French Garisons there and in *Lorraine*, while the Marquis de *Saignelay*, goes to visit the Coasts and the Ports.

brussels, June 2. Last night arrived the Spanish Ordinary bringing Letters from *Madrid* of the 17th past. They say, they were there expecting with great impatience the declaration of the Kings marriage with Mademoiselle d'*Orleans*, and that Monsieur de *Louvigny* is made Governor of *Messina*.

Nimeguen, June 1. The Imperial and French Ambassadors have not as yet been able to come to any agreement concerning the execution of the Peace; however it's believed, the places evacuated, and the Troops will retire out of the Empire by consent without any other formal stipulation, save what is made by the Treaty of Peace it self; and in this the French pretend to have already shewn the way, having drawn out the Garison they had in *Aix la Chapelle*, except 400 men, who still remain there, and that in *Nim*, except 100 men. The news here in Town this day is, that the Elector of *Brandenburg* has finally resolved to close with the Terms offered by France, and that he has sent orders to that purpose to his Minister here, and to Monsieur *Meinders* at Paris.

Hague, June 2. The 30th past, the Sieur *Kan Leeuwen* Ambassador Extraordinary from this State to His Majesty of Great Britain, parted hence for Rotterdam, where he embarked on the *Cleveland* Yacht for England. Several of the Provinces have sent in their opinions concerning the difficulties which still remain in the Treaty of Commerce between this State and Sweden, which it's believed will now be speedily perfected. Our Northern Letters tell us that the Kings of Sweden and Denmark were going to treat in *Schonen*, and that their Deputies would meet very suddenly. From *Cleves*, and *Wesel* we have an account, that Monsieur *Calvo* was advanced with the Troops under his command into the Country of *Ravensberg*.

Paris, June 3. The instant the Sieur *Meinders*, Envoy Extraordinary of the Elector of Brandenburg, had Audience of the King, and hath been several times with Monsieur de *Pompe*, but we do not hear that they have as yet brought things to any conclusion. Monsieur de *Louvois* is going for *Franche Comte*, and it's said he will begin his journey to-morrow. The King has appointed Monsieur *Verjus* to go and reside on his part at *Ratisbonne*. The Sieur *Tan* Envoy of the Duke of Zell has taken his leave of the King in order to his return home.

Lime, May 26. On Saturday and yesterday past to the Westward a Fleet of above 40 Sail of Merchant Ships from the *Streights* under the Convoy of the *Oake* and *Defiance* Frigates, who left Sir *John Narborough* six weeks since before *Argiers*.

Whitehall, May 27. His Majesty being come in His Royal Robes into the House of Lords, and Seated in His Throne, and the Commons attending, His Majesty was pleased to give His Royal Assent to

A Bill for the Better securing the Liberty of the Subject, and for prevention of Imprisonments beyond the Seas.

A Bill for Re-ingrossing the Records of Fines, burnt in the late Fire in the Temple.

A Private Bill concerning Charles Dale of Rutlandshire, Esq;

And then to intimate to the Two Houses His Resolution to Prorogue them till the 14th of August next. And the Lord Chancellor accordingly by His Majesties Command, Prorogued the Parliament till the 14th of August next.

Advertisements.

A Sermon Preached on the Day of the Publick Fast, April the 11th, 1679. at St. Margarets Westminster, before the Honourable House of Commons. By William Jaue B. D. Canon of Christ Church in Oxford, and Chaplain to the Lord Bishop of London. Sold by H. Brome, and R. Chiswell in St. Pauls Church-yard.

A Sermon Preached on the Day of the Publick Fast, April the 11th 1679. at St. Margarets Westminster, before the Honourable House of Commons. By John Sharp, Rector of St. Giles in the Fields, and Chaplain to the Right Honourable Thomas Lord Finch, Lord High Chancellor of England. Sold by W. Kettillie at the Bishops Head in St. Pauls Church-yard.

His Majesty hath been Graciously pleased to Grant unto Sir Edward Hungerford Knight of the Bath, and his Heirs & Market, upon the Ground of Hungerford House in the Strand, adjoining to the River of Thames, to be held every Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday.

Whereas His Majesties New Milld Money hath been lately Counterfeited by John Wilmore Whetmaster, about 26 years of age, of a middle stature, in a Raven Perriwig, having but one eye, and a Cut or Scar down his Nose, and a long pale face, in a cloth Suit of a Cinamon-colour, trimmed with a green shoulder-Knot laced; and one John Topp servant to the said John Wilmore, twenty years of age, of a middle stature, short black hair, and of a swarthy complexion, and there being a Warrant to apprehend the said persons, they fled from their houses in *Druid Fields*, on the backside of the *Millers Ground*, on Thursday morning the 28th of this instant May, to the house of Edward Hinson in the Parish of *St. Sepers*, and being closely pursued, made their Escape thence about 6 of the clock in the afternoon of the same day. Whosoever shall apprehend the said, John Wilmore, and John Topp, or either of them, and give Notice thereof to the said D^y of His Majesties Mint within the Tower of London, shall have a good Reward.