

Enemy you have to combat with, I doubt not, the Supplies will be cheerfully granted. I shall endeavour on my Part, that they shall be faithfully applied.

*My Lords, and Gentlemen,*

In consequence of the Addresses of the Houses of Lords and Commons in May last, I directed immediate and vigorous Measures to be taken for repressing Disaffection in the Northern Parts of the Kingdom, and for restoring Security and Confidence to the loyal and well-disposed; the Effect of which has been manifested in the Return of Subordination and Industry in that Quarter. Other Attempts have since been made by the Leaders of the disaffected in some Parts of the Midland and Southern Districts with too much Success; and Emisaries have been employed, and Publications have been circulated by them to revive religious Animosities, and to open Prospects of Plunder, by which Means the lower Classes have been excited to commit Acts of the most horrid Outrage and Barbarity. I have to lament, that the Diligence and Activity of the Magistrates, though assisted by the Troops which have been ordered into that Part of the Kingdom, have not yet been able entirely to put a Stop to these Disturbances. Constant Vigilance and unremitting Exertions continue to be necessary, when all Means are tried to excite the People to Rebellion and Revolt; when a systematic Plan of Assassination is adopted and encouraged, and when the most audacious Attempts are made to impede and prevent the Administration of Justice.

Amidst your Exertions for the Defence of the Kingdom, I must not omit to recommend to you not to relax your Attention to it's Commerce, it's Agriculture, and it's Manufactures, and especially to that of the Linen; nor will your Liberality be less conspicuous in continuing that Protection to the Protestant Charter Schools, and the other charitable Institutions under which they have so long flourished.

His Majesty has commanded me to declare to you that his firm Resolution is taken in the present arduous Contest. He will not be wanting to His People, but with them will stand or fall in the Defence of their Religion, and in the Preservation of the Independence, Laws and Liberties of His Kingdom.

It will be a Source of infinite Satisfaction to my Mind, if, in the Execution of my Duty, I can contribute to support the generous Determination of my Sovereign, and maintain the Safety and Prosperity of His People. I rely upon your Advice and Cooperation; and, aided by them, I look forward with Confidence to a happy Issue of the Contest in which we are engaged.

*St. James's, January 18, 1798.*

This Day being appointed for the Celebration of the Anniversary of the Queen's Birth-Day, there was a very splendid and numerous Appearance of the Nobility, Foreign Ministers, and other Persons of Distinction, to compliment Their Majesties upon the Occasion. The Guns at the Tower were fired at One o'Clock. There was a Ball at Court in the Evening, and Illuminations and other Public Demonstrations of Joy in London and Westminster.

*St. James's, January 17, 1798.*

This Day Count d'Uxkull Gyllenband, sent to notify the Death of his late Serene Highness the Duke of Wurtemberg, had a Private Audience of His Majesty:

To which he was introduced by the Right Honourable Lord Grenville, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Stephen Cottrell, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Count d'Uxkull Gyllenband had an Audience immediately afterwards of Her Majesty, at the Queen's House: To which he was introduced by the Earl of Morton, Lord Chamberlain to Her Majesty, and conducted by the Master of the Ceremonies.

*St. James's, January 18, 1798.*

This Day Count de Tauentzien, sent from His Majesty the King of Prussia to notify his Accession to the Throne of that Kingdom, had a Private Audience of Her Majesty:

To which he was introduced by the Earl of Morton, Lord Chamberlain to Her Majesty, and conducted by Sir Stephen Cottrell, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

*Lord Chamberlain's Office, January 19, 1798.*

**ORDERS** for the Court's going into Mourning on Sunday next; the 21st of Instant, for his late Serene Highness the reigning Duke of Wurtemberg, viz.

The Ladies to wear Black Silk, plain Muslin or long Lawn, Cape or Love Hoods, Black Silk Shoes, Black glazed Gloves, and Black paper Fans.

Undress, Black or Dark Grey unwatered Tabbies.

The Gentlemen to wear Black Cloth, without Buttons on the Sleeves or Pockets, plain Muslin or long Lawn Cravats and Weepers, Black Swords and Buckles.

Undress, Dark Grey Frocks.

The Court to change the Mourning on Sunday the 18th of February, viz.

The Ladies to wear Black Silk, fringed or plain Linen, White Gloves, Necklaces and Earrings, Black or White Shoes, Fans and Tippets.

Undress, White or Grey Lustrings, Tabbies or Damasks.

The Gentlemen to wear Black, full trimmed, fringed or plain Linen, Black Swords and Buckles.

Undress, Grey Frocks.

The Court to change the Mourning further on Sunday the 25th of February, viz.

The Ladies to wear Black Silk or Velvet, coloured Ribbons, Fans and Tippets; or plain White, or White and Gold, or White and Silver Stuffs, with Black Ribbons.

The Gentlemen to wear Black Coats, and Black, or plain White, or White and Gold, or White and Silver Stuff Waistcoats full trimmed, coloured Swords and Buckles.

And on Sunday the 4th of March next the Court to go out of Mourning.

**N. B.** No Persons except those coming to Court, or in Attendance upon His Majesty or the Royal Family, are expected to appear in Mourning.