

The London Gazette.

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From Monday April 21. to Thursday April 24. 1679.

Turin, April 16.

WE are told of an Earthquake which hapned some few days since in *Piedmont*; this is certain, a Town called *Bosia*, sunk into the Earth, with the Hill upon which it stood. The Inhabitants were reckoned to be above 200, of which two persons only escaped, the rest with their houses being buried in the Ruines.

Copenhagen, April 18. The great News which fills this place, is of the death of the King of *Sueden*, brought hither this day by several Couriers from *Schonen*. Which we give the more credit to, because we had Letters before from very good hands, which said that the King had been extreme ill, and at the point of death; though they added, that he was somewhat better again. The particulars they give us are, That on the 30th past the King was first taken ill; that his indisposition, which turned into a Fever, increasing upon him the 2d instant, he was forced to take his Bed; that that day, and the following, he grew so bad, that he believed his death was approaching, wherefore, he confessed, and received the Sacrament with great devotion; implored the mercies of God to himself, and recommended his Kingdome to his protection. Then calling all his General Officers and the Officers of his Houle about him, thanked them for the Services they had rendered him, asked their Pardon, if he had unwittingly injured any of them, told them, that he was troubled to leave his People engaged in a War, which was begun in his Minority, but that, while he could, he had endeavored to do his part, and had exposed himself to all dangers and labors for their safety, desired to be buried without any State or Solemnity, for that this was not a time to make unnecessary Expences in: and observing that all about him were drowned in tears, he desired them to forbear them, for that he was not to be lamented, who was going to be happy; and then giving them his hand to kiss, took his leave of them, but presently after he fell into a small Sweat, and then into a Sleep for three or four hours, which extremely refreshed him, and had so much mended him, that when these Letters came away, they began to hope of his recovery: Which however proved vain, if we may believe the account abovementioned, which we have from Lieutenant General *Wedel*, and other principal Commanders of our Forces in *Schonen*, who say that they had not only advice of the Kings death, but that his Body was already carrying to *Stöckholme*.

Cologne, April 21. The French are expecting the expiration of the Cessation of Arms between their King and the Elector of *Brandenburgh*, after which they will pass the *Rhine* with 20000 men, and fall into his Countries of *Cleves*, &c. for which purpose they have prepared a Bridge at *Urdingen*, and put all things

else in a readines for their march: though we understand from *Nimwegen*, that endeavors are used there to prolong the Cessation for some farther time, but that the French shew no great disposition to it. In the mean time Monsieur de *Monceau*, the French Intendant, buys up great quantities of Corn, and is going to make a Magazine in some place in or near the Country of *Cleves*.

Amsterdam, April 28. We have fresh Letters from *Surinam*, which speak of another Rising of the Indians, and of several Christians having been destroyed by them, which has put that Colony into a very ill condition. From *Wesel* they write, that 10000 *Brandenburgs* were come into the Country of *Marke*, that more Troops were expected, and that they intended to post and fortifie themselves near the *Rhin*, to endeavor to hinder the French passing of it.

Hague, April 28. The States have returned an Answer to the several Memorials of the Count d' *Avaux*, the French Ambassador, concerning the restoring the Jurisdiction of the Bishop of *Liege* at *Maeftricht*, by which they shew him the Reasons why they cannot comply with the most Christian Kings desire in this particular, who besides they hope will not concern himself in things relating to their own Government. We are told that an Answer is likewise preparing to the Memorial of the Spanish Envoy, Don *Emanuel de Lyra*, about putting *Maeftricht* into the hands of the King of *Spain*. Their Royal Highnesses have made a turn to *Amsterdam*, to see that City, and are come back hither. They will in a day or two return for *Brussels*. The Sieur *Romswinckell*, Envoy from the Elector of *Brandenburgh*, has been with these few days several times in Conference with the Deputies of the States, about restoring *Schenckers* to this State, in which affair there remains as yet some difficulties. His Electoral Highness has written to the States, to desire them to take the Country of *Cleves* into their protection, in the preservation of which they are so much concerned. The Northern Letters bring the News of the death of the King of *Sueden*, which will probably make great alterations in the affairs of those Parts.

Paris, April 29. The King has made choice of the General Officers to command the Army to be employed against the Elector of *Brandenburgh*, which will be composed of 40 Battalions, and 100 Squadrons. They are the Marechal de *Gregui* General; the Count de *Choiseul*, the Count de *Roy*, the Sieur *Calvo*, and the Marquis de *Foyeuse* Lieutenants General, the Chevalier de *Sourdis*, the Sieur *Rose*, the Sieur de la *Rabliere*, and the Sieur de *Bocquematre*, Marechals de Camp. The 22 instant the Duke de *Pivonne* parted hence for *Marseilles*, to command the Gallies and Men of War fitted there and at *Thoulon*. The 26th arrived here the Marquis de *Jos Balbaces* Ambassador from *Spain*; and the same day the Peace between the Emperor and this Crown was published here with the usual Solemnity,

Whitehall, April 22. His Majesties Declaration for the Dissolution of His late Privy Council, and for Constituting a New one, is made Publick by His Majesties Command. The Lords of His Privy Council now, (the constant number of which His Majesty intends sh^d never exceed Thirty, without reckoning the Princes of the blood, which His Majesty shall at any time call to the Board, being here at Court, the Lord President, and the Secretary of Scotland, which are uncertain) are,

HIS Highness Prince Rupert.
William Lord Archbishop of *Canterbury*.
Frenege Lord *Finch*, Lord Chancellor of *England*.
Anthony Earl of *Shifisbury*, Lord President of the Council.
Arthur Earl of *Anglesey*, Lord Privy-Seal.
Christoph Duke of *Albemarle*.
James Duke of *Monmouth*, Master of the Horse.
Henry Duke of *Newcastle*.
John Duke of *Lauderdale*, Secretary of State for *Scotland*.
James Duke of *Ormond*, Lord Steward of the Household.
Charles Lord Marquess of *Winchester*.
Henry Lord Marquess of *Worcester*.
Henry Earl of *Arlington*, Lord Chamberlain of the Household.
James Earl of *Salisbury*.
John Earl of *Bridgewater*.
Robert Earl of *Sunderland*, one of His Majesties Principal Secretaries of State.
Arthur Earl of *Essex*, first Lord Commissioner of the Treasury.
John Earl of *Bathe*, Groom of the Stole.
Thomas Lord Viscount *Falconberg*.
George Lord Viscount *Halifax*.
Henry Lord Bishop of *London*.
John Lord *Roberts*.
Denzill Lord *Holles*.
William Lord *Ruffell*.
William Lord *Cavendish*.
Henry *Coventry* Esq^r, one of His Majesties Principal Secretaries of State.
Sir Francis North Knight, Lord Chief Justice of the Common Pleas.
Sir Henry Capell Knight of the Bath, first Commissioner of the Admiralty.
Sir John Ernle Knight, Chancellor of the Exchequer.
Sir Thomas Chicheley Knight, Master of the Ordnance.
Sir William Temple Baronet.
Edward Seymour Esq^r;
Henry Powle Esq^r

His Majesty was likewise pleased to Declare, That He intended to make

Sir Henry Capell Knight of the Bath,
Daniel Finch Esquire,
Sir Thomas Lee,
Sir Humphrey Winch, } Baronets.
Sir Thomas Meers,
Edward Vaughan } Esquires.
&
Edward Hales

Commissioners for the Execution of the Office of Lord High Admiral of *England*.

Dublin, April 9. This morning the Lord Lieutenant signed a Warrant for the Pardon of *Lawry*, a *Scotch* man, Minister in the County of *Fermanagh* and his five Servants, for killing five notorious Tories in that Countrey, wounding two others to death, as is believed, and taking the eighth. The Parson killed three of them with his own hand; and while another of the Tories was going to draw the Trigger of his Gun to shoot him, his Hand was cut off by one of the Parsons Servants.


Dublin, April 16. It appearing by the Examination of *John Totty*, one of the Officers at Mace in this City, taken upon Oath, that going in pursuance of an Order of the Council Board, with the Magistrates and other Officers to a Mals-House, on the *Merchants Key*, (where they found a Priest, and many People assembled together) to require them to forbear their Meetings; and the said *Totty* taking the Priest by the Shoulder, and pulling him away, the said Priest cried out, *That he would be revenged for it*: And that the same night, between 9 and 10, the said *Totty* was met with near the *Tholsell*, by four or five persons, unknown to him who did very much abuse him, knockt him down, stamp upon him, and wounded him with a Sword. The Lord Lieutenant and Council have published a Proclamation for the searching for, and apprehending the said Persons, promising a Reward of 20 *l.* to any person that shall discover any of the said Offenders, so that they be taken and brought to Justice; and if any of the Offenders shall discover the rest, he shal have the same Reward, and his Pardon.

Bridlington, April 17. Yesterday past by this place to the Southwards 100 Sail of laden Colliers. There are now at Anchor in this Bay 15 Sail of light Vessels, the Wind being at N.

Plymouth, April 18. Yesterday arrived here the *John and Sarah*, Captain *Exton* Commander, who came from the *Canaries* in company of about 60 Sail of Merchantmen, under the Convoy of the *Greenwich*, the *Dartmouth*, and another of His Majesties Frigats, from whom this Vessel separated in a storm, about 100 Leagues to the Westward.

Lyme, April 21. Yesterday a small Vessel called the *William and Sarah*, bound for *Holland* from *Morlaix*, put in here, to avoid two *Turks* Men of War, as he very much suspects them to be, because he saw them chase a small Vessel, who likewise escaped them. It is reported that some of these Pyrats have been as high as the *Ile of Wight*, and that *Sir Robert Robinson* met with five of them, whom he chased into *Brest*.

Advertisements.

 **A True Narrative of the late Horrid Plot and Conspiracy, of the Popish Party, against the Life of His Sacred Majesty, the Government, and the Protestant Religion, with a List of such Noble and Gentlemen, and others, that were Conspirators, and the Head Officers, both Civil and Military, that were to effect it. Published by Order of the Right Honourable the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament Assembled. Humbly presented to His Most Excellent Majesty, By *Titus Oates* D. D. Sold by *T. Jarbohurst*, and *T. Cochrill*, at the Bible and Three Crowns in *Cora, side*, and at the Three Legs in the *Poultry*.**

STolen from the Parliament Office in the Old Palace-Tard at *Westminster*, the 22^d instant, a Silver Canicle Cup with 3 feet, and place for an escutcheon, without arms, weighing between 19 and 20 ounces, the weight engraven on the bottom, and this mark stamped on it [*] besides the Goldsmiths marks. Whoever gives notice thereof to Mr. *J. W. Cages* Goldsmith over against *St. Clements Church*, or at the Parliament-Office, shall have 20 s. reward.