

of the Year and the Fatigue the Troops have undergone, they are in general very healthy.

Inclosed you will receive a Return of the Killed and Wounded of His Majesty's Troops since the Commencement of the Charib War.

I have the Honor to be, &c.

P. HUNTER, Maj. Gen.

To his Excellency  
Major-General Graham.

*Return of the Killed and Wounded of His Majesty's Forces in the Island of St. Vincent between the 20th of July and 15th of October, 1796.*

- 26th Light Dragoons.—1 Serjeant, 1 Rank and File, killed; 1 Rank and File wounded.  
Royal Artillery.—1 Gunner wounded.  
3d Foot, (or Buffs.)—4 Rank and File killed; 2 Serjeants, 19 Rank and File, wounded.  
40th Foot.—4 Rank and File killed; 1 Lieutenant, 2 Rank and File, wounded.  
42d Foot.—1 Rank and File killed; 3 Rank and File wounded.  
63d Foot.—3 Rank and File killed; 1 Serjeant, 6 Rank and File, wounded.  
2d West India Regiment.—1 Serjeant, 4 Rank and File, killed; 1 Lieutenant-Colonel, 1 Ensign, 3 Rank and File, wounded.  
Lewenstein's Chasseurs.—4 Rank and File killed; 2 Lieutenants, 1 Serjeant, 8 Rank and File, wounded.  
Lieutenant-Colonel Haffey's St. Vincent's Rangers. 1 Serjeant, 8 Rank and File, killed; 1 Lieutenant, 6 Serjeants, 16 Rank and File, wounded.  
Major Trench's St. Vincent's Rangers.—2 Rank and File killed; 2 Serjeants, 8 Rank and File, wounded.  
Total.—3 Serjeants, 31 Rank and File, killed; 1 Lieutenant-Colonel, 4 Lieutenants, 1 Ensign, 12 Serjeants, 1 Gunner, 66 Rank and File, wounded.

*Officers wounded.*

- Lieutenant-Colonel Graham and Ensign Towes, of the 2d West India Regiment.  
Lieutenant Millar, of the 40th Regiment.  
Lieutenants Beaufire and Roquier, of Lewenstein's Chasseurs.  
Lieutenant M'Kenzie, of Lieutenant-Colonel Haffey's St. Vincent's Rangers.

(Signed) *W. J. Currey, Aide de Camp.*

*Whitehall, January 16, 1797.*

A Letter, of which the following is an Extract, has been received from Governor Seton by his Grace the Duke of Portland, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, dated St. Vincent's, October 12, 1796.

I Have the Satisfaction to inform your Grace, that Tranquillity is on the Eve of being restored to this Colony, owing in a very great Measure to the unremitting Exertions of Major-General Hunter, and to his humane Conduct towards the Enemy of every Description. All the Charib Chiefs have surrendered, their People are coming in daily, and we have at this Moment about Three Thousand Five Hundred in our Possession. Nearly all the Brigands, with their Leader, have also surrendered.

BY a subsequent Letter, from the Governor to his Grace, dated St. Vincent's, the 16th of November last, it appears, that the Remainder of the Charibs and Brigands had surrendered themselves, and that the Island was in a State of perfect Tranquillity.

*Whitehall, January 17.*

*Extract of a Letter from His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland to His Grace the Duke of Portland, dated Dublin Castle, January 10, 1797.*

I Have the Satisfaction to acquaint your Grace, that since the Information transmitted to Mr. Greville that the French had entirely left Bantuy Bay, there has been no Re-appearance of them upon the Coasts; so that I trust, from the Violence of the Tempest, and from their Ships being ill found and ill victualled, their Expedition is for the present frustrated.

Upon reviewing what has passed during this Expedition of the Enemy, I have the Satisfaction to reflect, that the best Spirit was manifested by His Majesty's Regular and Militia Forces; and I have every Reason to believe, that if a Landing had taken Place, they would have displayed the utmost Fidelity. When the Flank Companies of the Antrim Regiment were formed, the whole Regiment turned out, to a Man, with Expressions of the greatest Eagerness to march; and the Downshire Regiment, to a Man, declared they would stand and fall by their Officers.

At the Time the Army was ordered to march the Weather was extremely severe: I therefore ordered them a Proportion of Spirits upon their Route, and directed an Allowance of Four-pence a Day to their Wives until their Return. During their March the utmost Attention was paid them by the Inhabitants of the Towns and Villages through which they passed; so that in many Places the Meat provided by the Commissariat was not consumed. The Roads, which in Parts had been rendered impassable by the Snow, were cleared by the Peasantry. The poor People often shared their Potatoes with them, and dressed their Meat without demanding Payment; of which there was a very particular Instance in the Town of Banagher, where no Gentleman or principal Farmer resides to set them the Example. At Carlow a considerable Subscription was made for the Troops as they passed; and at Limerick and Cork every Exertion was used to facilitate the Carriage of Artillery and Baggage, by Premiums to the Carmen; and in the Town of Galway, which for a short Time was left with a very inadequate Garrison, the Zeal and Ardor of the Inhabitants and Yeomanry was peculiarly manifested, and in a Manner to give me the utmost Satisfaction. In short, the general good Disposition of the People through the South and West was so prevalent, that had the Enemy landed, their Hope of Assistance from the Inhabitants would have been totally disappointed.

From the armed Yeomanry Government derived the most honourable Assistance. Noblemen and Gentlemen of the first Property vied in exerting themselves at the Head of their Corps. Much of the Express and Escort Duty was performed by them. In Cork, Limerick and Galway they took the Duty of the Garrison. Lord Shannon informs me, that Men of Three and Four Thousand Pounds a Year were employed in escorting Baggage and carrying Expresses.