

The London Gazette.

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Ratisbonne, March 9.

THE Dyet hath not yet been able to come to any resolution in the great Point now depending, which is, Whether they shall approve or disapprove what hath been concluded by the Imperial Ambassadors at *Nimeguen*, not only in the Name of the Emperor, but of the whole Empire, and that without the consent, or having indeed so much as consulted the States assembled here; It is said that this is contrary to the Laws and Constitutions of the Empire, and may be made a very ill Precedent hereafter. On the other hand it is answered, That the time was so short, that the Dyet could not possibly be advised with; and that the necessity of affairs had compelled the Emperor to do what he has done, which should be of no consequence in any future Transactions. What the issue will be, we cannot yet certainly say, but the general opinion is, that the States, out of the great desire they have of the Peace, will give their consents for the ratifying it.

Vienna, March 12. In *Hungary* the Hostilities are going to recommence, for the Rebels remaining obstinate, not to lay down their Arms, unless the General Pardon, offered by the Emperor, be accompanied with such Conditions as may secure them in the quiet enjoyment of their Religion and Estates, General *Leslie* is drawing the Imperial Forces together, to oblige them that way to a submission, in which he has the greater prospect of succeeding, for that some of the Heads of the Rebels cannot agree among themselves, the one inclining to a Peace, and the other to continue the War. Count *Mansfeldt*, who is come hither from the Duke of *Lorraine*, has brought his consent for the Emperors ratifying the late Treaty of Peace between him and *France*, for as much as concerns his Highness; who will be here himself very suddenly. There are great debates at the Dyet at *Ratisbonne*, concerning the Empires ratifying the said Treaty; many objections have been made, and great endeavors used by the Deputies of the Elector of *Brandenburgh*, to persuade the States to disapprove the said Treaty; but after all, the inclination most of the Princes of the Empire have to the Peace, is so great, that in all probability they will pass over several things at this time, which possibly they would not do at another.

Berlin, March 14. The Letters we receive from *Prussia* inform us, That our Elector purposed to part from *Coningsberg* on the 16 instant, on his return hither; that his Troops were already on their march, except 2000 Horse, a Regiment of Foot, and another of Dragoons, which are to remain in *Prussia* for the security of that Country. We are told from *Hamburg*, and other Parts, that our Elector has a Minister at *Paris*, who is treating about a Peace; but at the same time we are assured from our Court,

that his Electoral Highness declares he will not part with the Conquests he hath made in *Pomerania*, and especially with *Stetin*.

Hamburg, March 21. The Most Christian Kings Ratification of the Treaty lately concluded between the Crowns of *France* and *Sueden*, and the Princes of *Lunenburgh*, is arrived at *Zell*, to be exchanged with that of those Princes, which endeavors are using by the Ministers of *Denmark* and *Brandenburgh* to hinder; what success they will have we shall now quickly see; because the Ratifications must, according to an express Article of the Treaty, be exchanged within a month, to be accounted from the day of the signing, which was the 26 past. This Treaty was concluded by the Sieur *Rabenac*, the French Minister, in the name of the King his Master, and of the Crown of *Sueden*; whether it will be to the entire satisfaction of the latter, time must shew; some are of opinion it will not, because the Dutchy of *Bremen* is not to be restored immediately. Besides the Fleet which the King of *Denmark* is fitting out, we are certainly informed, that near 20 Sail of Men of War are equipping at *Colberg*, at the charge of the Elector of *Brandenburgh*, to act in conjunction with the *Danes*, if there is occasion; which we cannot think there will be, for we do not hear of any great Fleet the *Suedes* are fitting out; and as for the Squadron, which some have reported to be designed by the Most Christian King for the assistance of that Crown, the Alarm it first occasioned is quite taken off, by the fresher advices we receive from *France*. There are Letters from *Kiga* which say, that the *Suedes* are endeavouring to recruit and reinforce their Army in *Livonia*, thereby to keep the Elector of *Brandenburgh* in a continual jealousy on the side of *Prussia*.

Hague, March 24. The 18th instant, Monsieur *d'Avaux*, the French Ambassador, gave in a Memorial to the States General, wherein he acquainted them, That the King his Master had commanded that the Ambassadors of this State should be received at their Publick Audiance with those Honours and Respects, they pretended to; and that in return, the King expected that when his Ambassador here had Audiance of the States, the Guards should be drawn out, and the Drums beat. The French Ambassador hath likewise presented another Memorial to the States, concerning certain Jurisdictions which the Bishop of *Liege* pretends to at *Maeffricht*. The matter of the Contributions, which we told you in our last were demanded by the French from the *Mayetic* of *Bolduc*, may, it's feared, have ill consequences, seeing the French on the one hand threaten Military Execution, and the States on the other are resolved to protect their Subjects, and therefore endeavors are using to prevent Extremities by accommodating the thing. The Count *d'Auvergne* is arrived at *Bergen-op-zoom*, to take possession of his Estate, to which he is restored by the Peace, and hath notified the same to the States. The Letters from the

the *Maeße* give us an account, that the Country people in *Cleves* are under a great apprehension of the *French* coming among them, and that for that reason they fly with their Goods and Families to *Wejel*, and other places.

Hague, March 24. This morning their Royal Highnesses began their Journey from hence for *Brussels*, the Prince of *Orange* accompanying them to *Rotterdam*, where they went on Board the Yachts that attended them in the *Maeße*. We are told that the States have sent Orders to their Ambassadors in *France*, to represent to that King, and to his Ministers their trouble they are in, on occasion of the demand the *French* make of Contributions from the *Mayerie* of *Bolduc*, for that it appears to them to be so ill grounded, that they cannot give way that the said Contributions should be exacted from their Subjects, while on the other side the *French* threaten Military Execution; and therefore to prevent the ill consequences this may have, the said Ambassadors are to use their utmost endeavors to accommodate it; and if they cannot, to offer in the name of the States, to have it referred to a third Party. *Don Emanuel de Lyra*, the *Spanish* Envoy, has given in another Memorial to the *States General*, wherein he presses with great earnestness to have *Maesricht* delivered up to the *Spaniards*, pursuant to the obligation of their last Treaty; upon which the States have demanded the advice of the Prince of *Orange*, but have not yet taken any resolution in it. The States have written to the Emperor in favor of Count *Waldecke*, that his Lands in *Germany* may be exempted from quartering of Soldiers.

Paris, March 25. The Kings journey continues fixed for the 17th of the next month, and accordingly all things are preparing for it. The Chamber of Justice appointed by the King for the examining and judging the persons that are accused of having practised Poysons, and destroyed several thereby, have had their first meetings, and will proceed with all expedition in this matter. The Letters we receive from *Germany* make it almost doubtful, whether the Dyet at *Ratisbonne* will Ratifie the Peace lately concluded at *Nimeguen*; certain it is, that the States look upon it as very prejudicial to their Rights, that the Imperial Ambassadors did so positively undertake for the whole Empire without their consent or knowledge. From *Aix la Chapelle* they write, that Monsieur *Calvo* was expected the 17 instant at *Nuis*, with a Body of 12 or 13000 men, and that he was going to pass the *Rhine*, to fall into the Country of *Cleves*. We are now expecting the Princes of *Lunenburg's* Ratifications of the Treaty lately concluded by Monsieur *Rabenac* at *Zell*, those of this Crown having been sent thither some time since.

Plymouth, March 13. The Wind having been for these two or three days at W. and S. W. all the Ships that were in this Port, bound up the Channel, are put to Sea, but the Wind coming this day fresh at East, we believe they are not got much higher than *Plymouth*.

Plymouth, March 14. The *Mary* of *London*, who parted from hence with the late Fleet bound for the *Streights*, is come back into this Port, the Ship being so leaky that it's believed she will not be able to perform the Voyage.

Ly, March 14. By a Vessel arrived here from *Norway*, we have an account, that they were raising there what Seamen they could, to be employed in the *Danish* Fleet, which, they say, will be greater this Summer, than it has been yet during this War.

Lime, March 15. Yesterday we discovered off of this place a great Fleet of Merchantmen, plying to the Eastward; the Wind at E. and S. E. being most bound for *London*, from the *Streights*, as we understand by a Fisherman come in this morning. We have an account that the *Turks* have lately taken an *English* Merchant Ship out of *Malaga* Road; and that the Hope of this place, to save her self, was forced to run ashore.

Portsmouth, March 16. On Friday, the 14 instant; arrived at Spithead the *Bombay* Merchant, Captain *White* Commander, from *Bantam* and *Suratte*; and yesterday came in the *Expellation*, Captain *Owen* Commander, likewise from *Bantam*; they separated from the *Unity*, who was of their company, two days before they made the Land of *Scilly*. There are at present eight of His Majesties Men of War riding at Spithead.

Deale, March 18. This day arrived in the *Downes* Sir *Richard Munden* in the *St. David*, with several Merchantmen under his Convoy from the *Streights*, among which were eight stout Ships from *Smirna*.

Whitehall, March 17. His Majesty having been pleased on Thursday last, to prorogue the Parliament to Saturday following, they then accordingly met; and His Majesty being come into the House of Lords in His Royal Robes, and the House of Commons attending, His Majesty was pleased to put both Houses in mind of what He had said to them at the opening of the Parliament; and then the Lord Chancellor, by His Majesties Command, directed the Commons to return to their House, and to proceed to the Choice of a Speaker; which they accordingly did, and immediately Elected *William Egerton* Esquire at Law, who was this morning Presented by the Commons to His Majesty, seated in His Throne in the House of Lords, and approved by Him.

ALL Persons owing Rent for their Wine Licences, or whose Licences are Expired, or will Expire at Lady-day next, are hereby desired to take Notice, That they are to pay in their said Rent, and Renew their said Licences at the Wine-Licence Office in Salisbury-street in the Strand, London, by the Fifteenth day of April next; Else they will be Sued in His Majesties Court of Exchequer for their said Rent, and also upon the Statute for Retailing Wine without Licence.

Advertisements.

☞ The WORKS of the Right Reverend Father in God, EDWARD RETNOLDS, D.D. Late Lord Bishop of Norwich. Containing Three Treatises, Of the Vanity of the Creature. Sinfulness of Sin. Life of Christ. An Explication of Psalm CX. Meditations on the Sacrament of the Lords Supper. An Explication of the XIV Chapter of Hosea. A Treatise of the Passions and Faculties of the Soul. With a Collection of Thirty Sermons Preached on several Solemn Occasions. Sold by Robert Boulster at the Turks-head in Cornhill over against the Royal Exchange.

☞ The Legacy of the Right Reverend Father in God, HERBERT, Lord Bishop of Hereford: To his Diocese. Or a short Determination of all Controversies we have with the Papists, By Gods Holy Word. Sold by Charles Harper at the Flower-de-luce over against St. Dunstons Church in Fleet-street.

LOst in February last, between *Elstam* and *Depford* in the County of *Kent*, a small pair of Bags with the Original of a Lease in Parchment, and a Copy of the same in Paper. Whoever have taken up the same, and will bring them to Mr. *Henry Deerham* at my Lord Chamberlains Lodgings in *Whitehall*, shall be very well rewarded.

TAKen the 24th of February last, from two Lace-buyers, (within a mile of *Dunstable*, by three men, two of them about 40, the other about 20 years of age) two Geldings, one a black, a star on the forehead, 14 hands, shorn mane, cut tail'd, with a hurt on the near shoulder; the other a white, 13 hands, a mealy nose, hurt under the saddle place; together with two Boxes of Lace. Any person that gives notice at the *George Inn* in *Aldersgate-street*, or at the two said Lace-buyers, *Edward Ball* and *Thomas E. Ford* living in *Stoney-Stratford*, either of Horses or Goods, shall have Forty shillings Reward.