

or Finishing of the Woollen or Silk Manufactures or any Part of such Tools, he shall, for every Offence, forfeit all such Tools, or Parts thereof, put on Board, and TWO HUNDRED POUNDS, to be recovered by Action of Debt, &c. in any Court of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Session in Scotland, or at any of the Four Courts in Dublin respectively, wherein no Essoin, &c. shall be allowed.

It shall be lawful for any Officer of the Customs in Great Britain, or for any Officer of the Revenue in Ireland, to seize and secure, in some of His Majesty's Warehouses, all such Tools or Utensils prohibited to be exported, as such Officer shall find on Board any Vessel not bound directly to some Port in Great Britain or Ireland, or to some other of the Dominions of the Crown of Great Britain; and all Tools so seized shall, after Condemnation, be publicly sold to the best Bidder; and one Moiety of the Produce shall be to the Use of His Majesty, and the other Moiety to the Officer who shall seize and secure the same.

If the Captain of any Vessel in Great Britain or Ireland knowingly permit any of the said Tools, prohibited to be exported, to be put on Board his Vessel, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, to be recovered as the Penalties inflicted upon Persons exporting the Tools; and, if the Vessel belongs to His Majesty, the Captain shall not only forfeit ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, but shall also forfeit his Employment, and be incapable of any Employment under His Majesty.

If any Officer of the Customs in Great Britain, or of the Revenue in Ireland, take, or knowingly suffer to be taken, any Entry outward, or sign any Cocket or Suffrance for the Shipping or Exporting of any of the said Tools, or knowingly suffer the same to be done, he shall forfeit ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, to be recovered as aforesaid, and also forfeit his Office, and be incapable of any Office under His Majesty.

One Moiety of the Forfeitures shall be applied to the Use of His Majesty, and the other Moiety to the Use of the Person who shall sue for the same.

Statutes 14, 21, 25 and 26 of His present Majesty.

BY these Statutes the like Penalties and Forfeitures as above mentioned are extended to Persons packing or putting on board any Vessel, not bound directly for some Port in Great Britain or Ireland, any Machine, Engine, Tool, Press, Paper, Utensil or Implement whatsoever, used in or proper for the working or finishing of the Cotton, Steel or Iron Manufactures of this Kingdom, or any Part or Parts of such Machines or Implements, or any Models or Plans thereof; and all Captains of Ships and other Persons receiving or being in Possession of any such Articles, with an Intent to export the same to Foreign Parts, and all Custom-house Officers suffering an Entry to be made thereof, are respectively liable to the like Penalties as are above mentioned, in the Case of Tools and Utensils used in the Woollen and Silk Manufactures

Westminster, May 17, 1796.

The Lord Chancellor has appointed George Elwick Jemmett, of Ashford in the County of Kent, Gent. to be a Master Extraordinary in the High Court of Chancery.

Office of Ordnance, May 16, 1796.

Royal Regiment of Artillery. Colonel en Seconde Anthony Farrington to be Colonel Commandant, vice Joseph Brome, deceased. Dated April 25, 1796.

Lieutenant-Colonel John Stewart to be Colonel en Seconde, vice Farrington. Dated as above.

Major Benjamin Marlow to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Stewart. Dated as above.

Brevet-Major William P. Smith to be Major, vice Marlow.

Captain-Lieutenant George Wulffe to be Captain, vice Smith. Dated as above.

First Lieutenant John Bentham to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice Wulffe. Dated as above.

Second Lieutenant James Chamberlayne to be First Lieutenant, vice Bentham. Dated as above.

John Squire, Gentleman Cadet, to be Second Lieutenant, vice J. C. Smyth, appointed to the Royal Engineers. Dated April 27, 1796.

Whitehall, May 17, 1796.

Whereas it has been humbly represented to the King, that an anonymous threatening Letter, of which the following is a Copy, was received by the General Post, on Friday the 29th of April last, by Mr. Pratt, Miller, at Newport in the Isle of Wight.

“ Whers we have sartin information, that you
“ Prat, Heron, and Vack, and other Millers have
“ desyred the Farmers to keep theree Corn and you
“ will raise the Markets to twenty Pounds A load,
“ we have taken an oath that the first Miller that
“ does so we shall hang on a tree as well as the
“ farmerer who keeps up the Corn from Market as
“ well as burn yuour milles Secrececery but a regard
“ makes me rite you

“ Bee Whitey.”

And whereas it has been also represented to the King, that another anonymous threatening Letter, of which the following is a Copy, was, on the 30th of April last, found in the Streets of Newport aforesaid.

“ Gent

“ As Bread and Flour is still at and exorbitant
“ price we consulted our friends which are all
“ unanimous to follow the example of our friends
“ at Portsmouth, on Monday at 8 o'clock at night
“ we enter the Mill of Tho. H . . . n and the Shops
“ of R. B . . . n and Tho. P . . . tt in order to re-
“ duce their Shekell to a Mite the assistance of the
“ oppress'd will be servicable to lay low the Sons of
“ Bapta and Fornax “ Sirs Y. &c.”

His Majesty, for the better apprehending and bringing to Justice the Person or Persons concerned in writing and sending the abovementioned Letters, is hereby pleased to promise His most gracious Pardon to any one of them, (except the Person or Persons who actually wrote the said Letters or either of them) who shall discover his or their Accomplice or Accomplices therein, so that he or they may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

PORTLAND.

And, as a further Encouragement, a Reward of ONE HUNDRED POUNDS is hereby offered to any Person or Persons making such Discovery as aforesaid, (except as before excepted) upon Conviction of any one or more of the Offenders, to be paid by us, at Newport aforesaid.

Tho. Pratt.
Tho. Hearn.
Tho. Vick.
R. Barton.