Horse Guards, February 14, 1795.

Dispatch, of which the following is an Extract, dated Deventer, January 21, 1795, has been received from the Honorable Lieutenant-Genera! Harcourt by His Royal Highness the Duke of York, and communicated by His Royal Highness to the Right Honorable Henry Dundas, One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

HAVE the Honor to acquaint your Royal Highness of the Arrival of the Army in their Cantonments on the Banks of the Yffel on the 18th Instant, though not without some Loss, as some of the Traineurs, unable to support the Fatigues of the March and the extreme Severity of the Weather, were left behind, and have probably fallen into the Hands of the Enemy

It is a Matter of no small Satisfaction to acquaint your Royal Highness, that we have not only laved all the Ordnance and most of the other Stores deposited at Arnheim, but that we have burnt all the Vessels containing Forage and Stores upon the Leck, and have destroyed most of the Ammunition contained in Fifteen Ordnance Vessels at Rot-

terdam.

Horse Guards, February 14, 1795.

Dispatch, of which the following is a Copy, has been received from General the Honorable Sir John Vaughan, K. B. by the Right Honorable Henry Dundas, One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

Martinico, December 18, 1794.

SIR,

THE Evacuation of Fort Matilda, Guadaloupe, was an Event to be expected; the Position of .the Place is weak, the Ground rifing inland immediately from the Glacis. The Work, which has been added at different Times, is irregular, presents a narrow Front to the strong Ground to the Eastward, and

has been constructed with bad Masonry.

Under these Circumstances, Lieutenant-General Prefcott, with a small Garrison, protracted the Siege from the 14th of October to the 10th of December. Early in December the Enemy's Batteries were increased so as greatly to exceed the Artillery of the Garrison. Their Fire on the 6th Instant dismounted all our Guns upon the Cavalier, which is the highest and most commanding Part of the Fort; the Curtain, from thence to the next Bastion near the Town, and the Faces and Flanks of that Bastion in many Places, threatened to fall into the Ditch; the Number of Killed and Wounded was proportional to the Effect made upon the Work; and the Place became no longer tenable.

On the Night of the 10th Inflant, Lieutenant General Prescott having previously arranged the Order and Time of Retreat with Rear-Admiral Thompson, the whole Garrison was embarked without Loss.

I have the Honor to inclose to you the Lieutenant-General's Account of the Siege and Evacua-'tion, by which you will be fully informed of all the

attending Circumstances.

Lieutenant-General Prescott reports, that it has been greatly owing to the ready Affiliance afforded to the Garrison by Vice-Admiral Sir John Jervis, and fince by Rear-Admiral Thompson, that he was

He also gives the highest Encomiums to Captain Bowen, of His Majesty's Ship the Terpsichore, was superintended the Embarkation, and by whose able Disposition of the Boats every Thing was managed with the most perfect Order and Regularity; unfortunately he was feverely wounded, but we hope not in such a Manner as to endanger his Life.

Of the Conduct of all the Officers and Men, the

Lieutenant-General makes a most favourable Report, expressive of his entire Satisfaction of their Behaviour

during the Whole of the Siege.

I beg to express to you my Approbation of the Conduct of Lieutenant-General Prescott in the Defence of Fort Matilda: It has been judicious in a high Degree; and throughout the whole Transaction he has shewn the greatest Judgment and Resolution.

I have the Honour to be, &c.

JOHN VAUGHAN.

Right Hon. Henry Dundas, ಆ. ಆ. ಟ.

> On Board His Majesty's Ship Vanguard, at Sea, December 11, 1794.

SIR,

THE Evacuation of Fort Matilda in Guadaloupe. the Defence of which devolved upon me, having unavoidably taken Place, I find it necessary to give you a particular Account thereof.

To enter into a minute Detail of the Siege, which commenced on the 14th of October, and terminated by evacuating it on the 10th of December, would not only too much occupy your Time, but might be deemed equally unnecessary. It may be sufficient to remark, that, on entering the Fort, I found it totally out of Repair, the Materials composing the Wall-Work thereof being of the worlt Kind, and having apparently but little Lime to cement them properly. By the Middle of last Month the Works were very much injured by the daily and frequent heavy Fire of the Enemy, and almost all the Carriages of our Guns rendered useless. These were in general in a very decayed State, but even the new ones for the Brass Mortars, that were made during the Siege, gave Way, from the almost incessant Fire we kept up; fo that, upon the Whole, what from the Nature of our Defences, and the small Number of our Garrison, we were in a very unfit Situation to refult the very vigorous Exertions of our Enemy, who began to prepare additional Forces about the 20th of last Month, but who, from a Number of Caufes, and especially from heavy and continued Rains, could not open their new Batteries until the 6th of this Month. On that Day they began to fire from Twenty-three Pieces of Cannon, Four of which were Thirty-fix Pounders, and the Rest Twenty four, and from Eight Mortars, Two of Thirteen Inch and Two of Ten. The Fire was very heavy, and continued all Day and Night, and by it all the Guns on the Gallion Bastion were dismounted, and the Bastion itself a Heap of Ruins. Every Day after this grew worse until the 9th; on the Evening of which Day I went into the Ditch, accompanied by the Engineer, when we were both but too well convinced of the tottering State of the Works from the Gallion along the Curtain, and indeed the Whole, from the East to the North-East. I could not hesitate a Moment about enabled fo long to refift the Efforts of the Enemy. the Necessity of evacuating the Fort. I therefore