## The London Gazette.

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From Monday December 30. to with Etay January 2. 1678.

whitehall, Decemb. 30. His morning His Majesty being come in His Royal Robes, attended with the usual Solemnity, into the House of Lords, and the House of Commons being sent for up, His Majesty was pleased to Prorogue the Parliament till the

fourth of February next.

Dantzicke, Dec. 24. Since our last we have no farther account of the Suedes Army, which is encamped at Tilse, having good store of Provisions. At Coningsberg people are in a continual far of the Enemics approach, and that they may not be furprifed, they keep Fires upon their Walls every

Vienna, Dec 25. The Hungarian Deputics are gone home again to-fetch more ample Instructions from their Superiors. To morrow Count Taaf parts hence, being fent by the Emperor to the Duke of Lorrain; he carries with him 200000 Crowns for

the ule of the Army.

Copenhagen, Dec. 27: Two days fince we had an account, that the Vessels on which were embarked the Suedes Troops, that were pailing from Pomeren to Sueden, were all stranded on the life of Bornbo'me, that about 1000 were drowned; and that the rest, who were about 3000, having got ashore, are made Prisoners of War. Some of the Sucdiff Officers are already come hither; and four Men of War and several other Vessels are ordered to go for Bornholme, to fetch those poor people from thence. This is a great loss to the Suedes, for besides the men and their Cannon, they had there all the Riches they had been gathering to

many years in Germany.

Berlin, Dec. 27. From Pruffia we have an account, that the Polish Troops which were raised by the Marquis de Bethune, the French Ambassador, for the service of Sueden, and which were now to have joined the Livenian Army, have been obliged, pursuant to a Resolution taken in the Provincial Dyet of Prussia (which Provincial Dyets are preparatory to the general one for the whole Kingdom) to swear fidelity to the Crown of Poland, which we look upon to have been done in favor of our Elector, who ought to expect allistance from the Poles, according to the perfectual Alliance-between that Crown and him. His Electoral Highness will certainly part hence for Pruffia, fo foon as the Holydays are over. He purposes to have in that Country an Army of 14000 men, which is judged fufficient to make head against the Suedes, who we do not believe are so strong, whatever reports are given out of their being 18 or 20000. His Electoral Highness has likewise ordered 4000 men to march towards the Country of Cleves, to join eight Regiments that are there already,
Hamburg, Dec. 30: The loss of the Suedes, who

were going for Sueden from Pomeren, comes every day confirmed, near 2000 Man, Women, and Children, have been drowned, and the rest, swho with

great difficulties faved their lives by getting on the life of Bornholme, are like to be made priloners by the Danes; for though the King of Denmark at the define of the Elector of Brandenburg, had granted the Suedes Palles to transport themselves to the first Suedish Port they could make, yet it could not, they fay, be understood, that they were to land in any of his Provinces; however the Danes had in their misfortune aff, rded them all the help they could, and had furnished them with Provisions in their extremity; but for the rest, had sent to their King to know how to dispose of these poor people. It was at first said that Count Coningmark was likewise lost; but since we have an account from Straelfond, that he had remained with the Cavalry in the Isle of Usedom, expecting farther orders from Sueden, concerning the dilpoling of h mielf and them.

Strasburg, Dec. 70. All we have to write from hence is, that the French are coming down with a confiderable Body, and that here we are putting out felves into the best posture we can to receive them.

Brussels, Dec. 30. On Tuisday last arrived here Monsieur Fuillade, being sent by the Mareschil d'Hmieres to acquaint his Excellency, that the Peace would be published in all places in the French. Territories on Wednesday and yesterday; that the several Towns would be evacuated in few days; and that orders were fent to the French Troops in the Dutchy of Limburg, to retire from thence, and to the Governor of Leeuwe, to deliver up that place to fuch person as his Excellency should appoint to receive it. Upon this affurance his Excellency caused the Peace to be published here yesterday, which was done with the usual folemnity, and followed with a Ball at Court, and a general rejoicing everywhere. The five Walloon Regiments of Auflich, Grimberg, Boffu, Copigny, and Deynfe, which are to be maintained by this Province, are going to be recruited.

Ditto, Fan. 3. On Saturday arrived the Spanish Ordinary, and brought Bills of Exchange for 700 thousand Crowns. The French Troops are certainly retired out of the Dutchy of Limburg, and 1200 of their Horse are marched towards Franci, having obtained paffage through the City of Liege; the Meuse and the other Rivers being at present by reason of the hard Frost unpassable. The Letters from Nimeguen of the 30 palt, give great hopes that the Peace between the Emperor and France will be speedily concluded; and from the Rhine we are told, that the Elector of Brandenburg has declared, that if the States General of the United Provinces do not obtain a Neutrality for the Dutchy of Cleves, or in case they do not, if they employ not their Troops for the defence of that Country, in the preservation of which they have so great an interest, that then, whenever the French fall into it, he will wholly abandon it, and make Magde+ burg his frontier place. The French Troops in the