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Whitehall, May 21.

A Letter (of which the following is an Extract) from Sir Charles Grey, K. B. dated Basseterre, Guadaloupe, April 22, 1794, was Yesterday received by the Right Honorable Henry Dundas, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department.

S I R,

IN my Dispatch of the 12th Instant, by the Sea Flower, I had the Honor to acquaint you with the Capture of that Part of the Island of Guadaloupe denominated Grand Terre. The 43d Regiment being landed to garrison Fort Prince of Wales, late Fort Fleur d'Épée) the Town of Pointe à Pitre, &c. and the other Troops re-embarked, at Twelve o'Clock the 14th, the Quebec, with several other Frigates and some Transports, dropped down opposite to Petit Bourg, with Grenadiers and Light Infantry, commanded by Prince Edward, and began landing at Five o'Clock in the Afternoon, at which Time I joined them, and was received with great Demonstrations of Joy by the French People on Marquis de Bouillie's Estate; and I returned on Board the Boyne at Ten o'Clock the same Evening. At Day-Break in the Morning of the 15th I went to St. Mary's, where I found Lieutenant-Colonel Coote, with the First Light Infantry, having got there before Day, from Petit Bourg; and the Second Battalion of Grenadiers joined at Ten o'Clock. The Troops advancing, (April the 16th) reached Trou Chien, which the Enemy had abandoned, although very strong, and before Dark we halted on the high Ground over Trois Rivierre, from whence we saw the Enemy's Two Redoubts and their strong Post of Palmiste. I intended to have attacked the Enemy that Night, but the Troops were too much fatigued, from the diffi-

cult March they had just finished. Major-General Dundas landed at Vieux Habitant at Eleven o'Clock in the Night of the 17th, with the Third Battalion of Grenadiers, and the Second and Third Battalions of Light Infantry, with little Opposition and no Loss, (having sailed from Pointe à Pitre the 15th preceding) taking Possession of Morne Magdaline, and destroying Two Batteries: Then detaching Lieutenant-Colonel Blundell, with the Second Battalion of Light Infantry, he forced several very difficult Posts of the Enemy during the Night. I made a Disposition for the Attack of the Enemy's Redoubt d'Arbaud, at Grande Ance, and their Battery d'Anet, to be executed during that Night; but at Eight o'Clock in the Evening they evacuated the former, setting Fire to every Thing in and about it; and I ordered the Attack of the latter to proceed, which was well executed by Lieutenant-Colonel Coote and the First Light Infantry, who were in Possession of it by Day-Break of the 18th, having killed, wounded, or taken every one of those who were defending it, without any Loss. At Twelve o'Clock on the Night of the 19th I moved forward, with the First and Second Battalions of Grenadiers and the First Light Infantry, from Trois Rivierre and Grande Ance, and took their famous Post of Palmiste, with all their Batteries, at Day-Break of the 20th, commanding Fort St. Charles and Basseterre; and communicating with Major-General Dundas's Division on the Morning of the 21st, who had made his Approach by Morne Hawel; after which General Collot capitulated, surrendering Guadaloupe and all its Dependencies, comprehending the Islands of Marigalante, Disleada, the Saints, &c. on the same Terms that were allowed to Rochambeau at Martinique, and Ricard at St. Lucia, to march out with