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EXTRAORDINARY.

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Whiteball, May 19, 1794.

A Dispatch, dated Pointe à Petre, Guadeloupe, April 12, 1794, of which the following is an Extract, was this Day received from General Sir Charles Grey, K. B. by the Right Honorable Henry Dundas, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department.

IN my Di patch of the 4th Instant, I had the Honor to acquaint you with the Success of His Majesty's Arms in the Conquest of the Island of St. Lucia.

Having left Colonel Sir Charles Gordon to command in that Island, I re-embarked the same Day, and returned to Martinico the 5th Instant, where we shifted the Troops from the King's Ships back to the Transports, took on Board, during the 6th and 7th, the heavy Ordnance and Stores, Provisions, &c. and sailed again in the Morning of the 8th following: The Admiral detaching Captain Rogers with the Quebec, Captain Faulkner with the Blanche, Captain Inledon with the Ceres, and Captain Scott with the Rose, to attack the small Islands

called the Saints, which they executed with infinite Gallantry and good Conduct, having landed Part of their Seamen and Marines, and carried them early in the Morning without Loss. The Boyne, in which I sailed with the Admiral, and the Veteran, anchored off this Place about Noon the 10th Instant; and some more of the Fleet in the Course of that Afternoon; but a fresh Wind and Lee Current prevented most of the Transports from getting in till Yesterday, and some of them until this Day.

Without waiting, however, for the Arrival of all the Troops, I made a Landing at Gosier-Bay, at One o'Clock in the Morning of the 11th Instant, under the Fire of Fort Gosier and Fort Fleur d'Epée, with Part of the 1st and 2d Battalions of Grenadiers, One Company of the 43d Regiment, and 500 Seamen and Marines, detached by the Admiral, under the Command of Captain George Grey, of the Boyne; the Whole under the Conduct and Command of that able and vigilant Officer Colonel Symes, who had infinite Merit in the Execution of it; and the Land-

ing.

[Price Four-Pence.]

ing was covered by Lord Garlies, in the Winchelsea, his Lordship having, with infinite Judgment and Intrepidity, placed his Ship so well and laid it so close to their Batteries, that they could not stand to their Guns, which were soon silenced.

In effecting this essential Service Lord Garlies was slightly wounded, and we did not suffer materially in any other respect. Some more of the Troops being arrived, and perceiving the Enemy in considerable Force and Number at the strong Situation of Fort Fleur d'Epée, I determined that no Time should be lost in attacking them, and carried those Posts by Storm at Five o'Clock this Morning, under a heavy Fire of Cannon and Musquetry, although they were found infinitely strong, and changed the Name of Fort d'Epée to that of Fort Prince of Wales; our Troops being ordered, which was strictly obeyed, not to fire, but to execute every Thing with the Bayonet, having previously made the following Disposition: The First Division, under the Command of His Royal Highness Prince Edward, consisting of the 1st and 2d Battalions of Grenadiers, and 100 of the Naval Battalion, to attack the Post on Morne Marcot. The Second, commanded by Major-General Dundas, consisting of the 1st and 2d Battalions of Light Infantry, and 100 of the Naval Battalion, to attack the Fort of Fleur d'Epée in the Rear, and to cut off its Communication with Fort Louis and Pointe à Petre. The Third, commanded by Colonel Symes, consisting of the 3d Battalion of Grenadiers, and the 3d Battalion of Light Infantry, and the Remainder of the Naval Battalion, to proceed by the Road on the Sea Side, to co-operate with Major-General Dundas. The Detachments of the Naval Battalion, who were of most essential Service in those brilliant Actions, were very ably commanded by Captain Nugent and Captain Faulknor. The Signal given for the Whole to com-

mence the Attack, was a Gun from the Boyne by the Admiral, at Five o'Clock this Morning. The several Divisions having marched earlier, according to the Distance they had to go, to be ready to combine and commence the Attack at the same Instant; and this Service was performed with such Exactitude, superior Ability, Spirit and good Conduct by the Officers who severally commanded those Divisions, and every Officer and Soldier under them, as do them more Honor than I can find Words to convey an adequate Idea of, or to express the high Sense I entertain of their extraordinary Merit on the Occasion. The Success we have already had puts us in Possession of Grande Terre, and we shall use our utmost Exertions to get in Possession of Basse-terre also, with all possible Expedition, to complete the Conquest of this Island. The Returns of Killed and Wounded, and also a Return of the Killed, Wounded and Prisoners taken of the Enemy, are transmitted herewith. The Commanding Officer of Artillery has not brought the Return of Ordnance and Ordnance Stores taken; but they shall be transmitted by the next Opportunity.

Return of Killed, Wounded and Missing in the Army commanded by his Excellency General Sir Charles Grey, K. B. &c. &c. &c. Guadaloupe, April 12, 1794.

1st Battalion of Grenadiers. 1 Rank and File killed; 1 Rank and File wounded.
 1st Battalion of Light Infantry. 2 Rank and File killed; 1 Captain, 1 Lieutenant, and 15 Rank and File, wounded; 2 Rank and File, missing.
 3d Battalion Ditto. 12 Rank and File, killed; 1 Captain, 2 Lieutenants, and 21 Rank and File, wounded.
 43d Regiment. 1 Serjeant and 2 Rank and File, wounded.
 Total. 15 Rank and File, killed; 2 Captains, 3 Lieutenants, 1 Serjeant, and 39 Rank and File, wounded; 2 Rank and File, missing.

Names of Officers wounded.

Captain M'Donald, 21st Regiment; Captain Robins, of the 60th Regiment, doing Duty in the 1st Light Infantry; Lieutenant Erskine, of the 1st Battalion of Royals, doing Duty in the 3d Battalion of Light Infantry; Lieutenant Thong, of the 6th Regiment; Lieutenant Gunthorpe, of the 48th Regiment, doing Duty in the 3d Battalion of Light Infantry.

(Signed)

Fra. Dundas,
Adjutant General.

Return of the Killed, Wounded, and Prisoners of the Enemy, in the Fort of Fleur d'Epée, Grande Terre, April 13, 1794.

Killed	- - - -	67
Wounded	- - - -	55
White Prisoners	- - - -	14
Mulattoes Ditto	- - - -	18
Blacks	- - - -	78

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Wm. Allan, Dep. Prov. Marshal.

Admiralty Office, May 19.

A Dispatch, addressed to Mr. Stephens, (of which the following is a Copy) was this Day received from Vice-Admiral Sir John Jervis, K. B. and Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Ships and Vessels at Barbadoes and the Leeward Islands, dated Point à Pitre, Guadaloupe, the 13th of April, 1794.

S I R,

I Desire you will acquaint the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, that I sailed from St. Lucia on the 5th Instant, and anchored with the Squadron, Transports, Ordnance Storeships, &c. in Fort Royal Bay, Martinique, that Evening. On the 8th I proceeded with the Ships as per Margin, together with the necessary Transports with Troops, Ordnance and Hospital Ships, and Victuallers, for the Reduction of Guadaloupe; and the following Day Captain Rogers, of the Quebec, having under his Command the Ceres, Blanche and Rose, was detached to take Possession of les Isles des Saints, which he effected, without any Loss, at Three A. M. on the 10th, on which Day I anchored here; and at One o'Clock the next Morning the Grenadiers, from the Woolwich and Experiment, One Company of the 43d Regiment, 50 Marines, and 400 Seamen, made good their Landing in the Ance de Gosier, under Cover of the Winchelsea. Captain Lord Viscount Garlies acquitted himself with great Address and Spirit on the Occasion, although he received a bad Contusion from

the Fire of a Battery against which he placed his Ship, in the good old Way, within Half Musquet Shot. He was the single Person wounded either of the Army or Navy. At Day-Break of the 12th the Fort of La Fleur d'Epée was carried by Assault, and the greatest Part of the Garrison were put to the Sword: A few brave Seamen were dangerously wounded in this gallant Action. Fort St. Louis, the Town of Point à Pitre, and the new Battery upon Ilet à Couchon, were soon afterwards abandon'd, and many of the Inhabitants escaped in Boats to Basse-terre, before the Ceres and Two Gun-Boats could get into the Carenage to prevent them, notwithstanding the Alertness and Precision with which Captain Inledon executed the Orders I sent him by Captain Grey.

The Ardour of the Officer, Soldier and Seaman surmounts every Difficulty.

The small Number of Troops the General Sir Charles Grey was under the Necessity of leaving to garrison Martinique, induced me to order Commodore Thompson to remain there, with the Vengeance, to co-operate with Lieutenant-General Prescott in establishing Order and good Government in the Island, for the Preservation of the Conquest, and to execute many other Duties essential for the Weal of His Majesty's Service.

I am,

With great Consideration,

S I R,

Your most obedient
humble Servant,

J. JERVIS.

An Account of the Killed and Wounded belonging to the Ships of the Squadron under my Command, on the 12th of April, 1794, at the Storming of Fort La Fleur d'Epée.

Boyne. Mr. George Roe Port, Midshipman, and 9 Seamen, wounded.
Blanche. Mr. Robert Colquhoun, Midshipman, and 2 Seamen, wounded.

Total. 13.

J. Jervis.

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