the Thirtieth Day of November then enfuing, it fhould be lawful to import into any Port or Place in that Part of Great Britain called England, and to take out of Warehoufe for Home Confumption, any Foreign Ryc, Peafe, Beans, Barley, Beer or Bigg, Oats, or Oatmeal; and alfo import into any Port or Place in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, and to take out of Warehoufe, for Home Confumption, any Foreign Barley, Peafe, Oats and Oatmeal, on Payment of the fecond Low Duty only, mentioned in the faid Table marked E. and no other.

And whereas by an Order in Council, dated the Twenty-feventh Day of November laft, it was ordered, that the faid Prohibition to export Rye, Peale, Beans, Barley, Beer or Bigg, or Oats, or any other Meal-Flour, Malt, Bread or Bifcuit made thereof, from any Port or Place in that Part of Great Britain called England; and also the faid Prohibition to export Peafe, Beans or Oats, or any Meal-Flour, Malt, Bread or Bifcuit made thereof, from any Port or Place in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, and every Provision, Regulation and Exception respecting the faid Prohibitions in the faid Order mentioned and referred to, fhould be and continue in Force until the Fourth Day of March, 1794; and alfo that the faid Permission to import into any Port or Place in that Part of Great Britain called England, and to take out of Warehouse for Home Confumption, any Foreign Rye, Peafe, Beans, Barley, Beer or Bigg, Oats or Oatmeal, and the faid Permiffion to import into any Port or Place in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, and to take out of Warehouse for Home Confumption, any Foreign Peafe, Oats and Oatmeal, on Payment of the fecond Low Duty only, in the faid Order contained, fhould be and continue in Force until the Fourth Day of March, 1794.

And whereas it appears, from the Returns received in the Week ending the Fifteenth Day of February, 1704, that the General Average Prices of Rye, Peafe, Beans, Barley, Beer or Bigg, Oats and Oatmeal, in that Part of Great Britain called England, are above the Prices at which Foreign Rye, Peafe, Beans, Barley, Beer or Bigg, Oats and Oatmeal, are allowed by Law to be imported at the first Low Duty specified in the faid Table marked E.; His Majefty, therefore, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, purfuant to the Powers given by the faid Act, hath thought fit to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the Prohibition to export Rye, Peafe, Beans, Barley, Beer or Bigg, or Oats, or any Meal, Flour, Malt, Bread or Bifcuit made thereof, from any Port or Place in that Part of Great Britain called England, and every Provision respecting the faid Prohibition in the faid Order mentioned and referred to, shall be and continue in Force until the Fourth Day of June,

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And whereas it appears, from the Returns received in the Month immediately preceding the Fifteenth Day of February, 1794, that the General Average Price of Oats, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, is above the Price at which Foreign Oats are allowed by Law to be imported at the first Low Duty specified in the faid Table marked E.; His Majefty, therefore, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, purfuant to the Powers given by the faid Act, hath thought fit to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the Prohibition to export Oats from any Port or Place in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, and every Provifion, Regulation and Exception respecting the faid Prohibition in the faid Order mentioned and referred to, shall be and continue in Force until the Fourth Day of June, 1794. And His Majesty, by and with the Advice aforefaid, hath thought fit further to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the Permission to import into any Port or Place in that Part of Great Britain called England, and to take out of Warehoufe, for Home Confumption, any Foreign Rye, Peafe, Beans, Barley, Beer, or Bigg, Oats or Oatmeal, on Payment of the fecond Low Duty only, mentioned in the faid Table marked E. and no other. in the faid Order contained, shall be and continue in Force until the Fourth Day of June, 1794.

And the Right Honorable the Lords Commiftioners of His Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary Directions herein accordingly.

W. Fawkener.

Whitehall, March 11.

It appears by Difpatches which were received Yesterday by the Right Honorable Henry Dundas, His Majetty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, from Vice-Admiral Lord Hood and Lieutenant-General David Dundas, dated St. Fiorenzo in the Island of Corfica, the 21st and 22d of February, 1794, that the Tower and Garrison of Mortella furrendered on the 10th of that Month; that the firong Redoubt and Batteries of the Convention were taken by Storm on the 17th, after a fevere Cannonading of Two Days; that the fame Night the Enemy abandoned the Tower of Forneli and Two confiderable Sea Batteries dependent upon it; that on the 19th they retreated from St. Fiorenzo to Bastia; that previous to their Retreat One of their Frigates was funk, and another burnt in the Gulph; and that the Town, Forts and Port were taken Poffeffion of the same Day by His Majesty's Land and Sea Forces.

The Lofs of the British confists of Thirteen killed and Thirty-nine wounded, befides Six Sailors of the Fortitude killed and Fifty-fix wounded, from the Fire of the Fort of Mortella.

Copies of the Difpatches will be published in the Gazette of Saturday next.

Dublin Caftle, March 5.

Letters Patent have been passed under the Great of Ireland, granting the Dignity of an Earl of this Kingdom to the Right Honorable George Viscount Macartney, Knight of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, and the Heirs Male of his Body lawfully begotten,

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