

# The London Gazette.

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From Monday November 25, to Thursday November 28. 1678.

London, Nov. 26.

This day Mr. William Staley was drawn upon a Sledge from Newgate to Tyburne, and there Hanged and Quartered, according to the Sentence past upon him at the Kings Bench-Bar.

Whitehall, Nov. 27. This day Edward Coleman Esq; who was on Friday last Arraigned at the Kings Bench-Bar, before my Lord Chief Justice Scroggs, and other His Majesties Justices of that Court, for High-Treason, in Conspiring the Death of the King, and Subverting His Government, and Extirpating of the True Protestant Religion; came to his Tryal at the said Bar, which began about Nine of the clock in the morning, and continued till near Five in the afternoon: His Fury were all Gentlemen of Quality, in the County of Middlesex. The Evidence against him was very full, and clear, so that the Fury, in a very short time after their withdrawing, returned with their Verdict, by which he was found Guilty: But being late, the Sentence of Condemnation was deferred till to morrow morning at Ten of the Clock, when the Keeper of Newgate is Ordered to bring him again into Court for that purpose.

Naples, Nov. 1. From Messina we have an account, that the Viceroy was about separating the Suburbs from the City, for the greater conveniency as well as security of the latter, and that he had pardoned several Persons who had been condemned to dye, for endeavouring to raise new Commotions.

Venice, Nov. 12. The last Letters we received from Constantinople, which is about eight dayes since, said, That great preparations were making throughout the Ottoman Territories, for the carrying on the War against the Moscovites, which the Turkes were greatly encouraged to continue by the success their Arms have hitherto had. That neither the Grand Signior, nor the Grand Visier were with the Army, but were both on the Frontiers of the Ukraine. The differences between the Port and the Republick of Ragusa, are quite composed, by the latter's paying the monies demanded of them by the Grand Visier, who has ordered their Deputies to be restored to their liberty.

Dantzick, Nov. 12. From Coningsberg we have an account, that the Governor of that Countrey for the Elector of Brandenburg, hath commanded all the Nobility to put themselves on Horseback, and the Burghers of Coningsberg, and other places, to take Arms for their common security; and at the same time several of the Electors own Troops are advanced towards Memel, to observe the motions of the Suedes, who, according to our last Advices, were still in Courland, and were generally reputed to be 14 or 15000 Men. In Poland the Nobility are preparing themselves for the General Dyct, which is to be held at Grodnaw in Lithuania, the 15th of the next month, where several very important Points will be debated, as well relating to the present state of things between that Crown, the Turkes, and the Moscovites, as to the posture of affairs on this side with

relation to the Suedes. The Count of Carelson is still here, and the Troops raised by the Marquis de Beibune, Ambassador of France, continue quartered in these Parts, in expectation of the advance of the Suedes Army, which they will join as soon as they have an opportunity of doing it. It is confirmed that the Sieur Paetz, General of Lithuania, will oppose the passage of the Suedes through the Territories of that Dutchy.

Copenhagen, Nov. 17. All that passes at present in Schonen, is only some Rencontres between Parties. The 9th instant Major General Meerbeim had a lucky one near Malmoë with a Party of Suedes, of whom 21 were killed upon the place, and 32 taken Prisoners. We have not of late had any account of what is doing in Sweden, farther than that it is said in general, that all possible preparations are making for continuing the War, in which they promise themselves very much, from the assistance which the Crown of France will be now at leisure to give them. By some Prisoners that have been taken, we are told that the King of Sweden, with some of the principal Officers of his Army, is gone for Stockholm, but this advice is not to be relied upon. Quis King having received an Express from the Elector of Brandenburg, intimating his desire of having an interview with his Majesty at Wismar, for the taking such resolutions as the present posture of affairs require; his Majesty has resolved accordingly to pass over to Wismar, to meet his Electoral Highness there.

Hamburg, Nov. 22. The Elector of Brandenburg having finished the Conquest of Pomerania, by the taking of Gripswald, the last place that remained to the Suedes in that Countrey, will be now at liberty to turn his Arms for the defence of Prussia, against the invasion of the Suedes, who purposed to fall in on that side, to divert his Electoral Highness from pursuing his Enterprizes in Pomerania; and therefore it is thought, that when they understand that there remains no more for his Electoral Highness to do in Pomerania, and that he is at leisure to employ his Forces against them in Prussia, they will take new resolutions. From Berlin we have an account, that all things were preparing for his Electoral Highness reception, he purposing to return thither in few dayes. The Letters from Denmark say very little, the Armies in Schonen being gone into their Winter-quarters, and both sides being taken up in their preparations against Spring. The affair of Lieutenant-General Arendsdorf is not yet determined.

Vienna, Nov. 16. Since our last, we have a continuation of good News from Hungary, for we are told that General Wurmb hath had another Rencontre with the Rebels, and that he has defeated 4000 of them, taken 400 Prisoners, and among them between 66 and 70 Officers, of which several are French; that he had taken 60 Colours and Standards, and that those of the Rebels which escaped, had saved themselves within the Turkish Territories. We have

have likewise very good News from *Moscovy*, for our Letters say, that the *Moscovites* have obtained a very great Victory against the *Turks*, of whom 20000 had been slain, a great many taken Prisoners, and several *Princes*, with all their baggage and Artillery; of all which we must expect the confirmation. Count *Traut* is here from the Duke of *Lorraine*, to receive the Emperors Orders about the Winter-quarters for the Imperial Troops.

*Frankfort*, Nov. 18. From *Presbourg* we have advice, that the Imperial Troops, commanded by General *Wurm*, have obtained a great Victory against the Rebels, and have retaken all the *Berg Towns*, which it is hoped, will dispose them to accept of the Conditions offered them by the Emperor, that so all may be put to the miseries and devastations which are brought upon that Countrey, and its Inhabitants, by these Civil Commotions. The Duke of *Lorraine* continues still at *Offenbourg*, desiring to see all the Imperial Troops disposed of into Winter-quarters, before he begins his Journey to *Vienna*. The Dyet at *Ratisbonne* is deliberating how to advance the Work of the Peace, which all the Princes and States of the Empire do very ardently desire; and the Letters we had some time since from *Nimegue*, gave us some hopes that it would be speedily concluded, but at present we are told that the *French* continue to insist upon a liberty, to march their Troops, even after the Peace, through the Empire, in order to the assisting the *Suedes*, by which means the Empire would enjoy only the name, not the benefit of a Peace.

*Cologne*, Nov. 21. The *French* Troops, notwithstanding the Neutrality granted us by the Duke of *Luxemburg* give us great apprehensions, by their posting themselves round about this City; that they have within these two or three days possessed themselves of *Zuitzicks*, *Remagen*, *Landfroom*, *Reincke*, and other places above *Bonne*, and we have reason to believe they will ere long pass the *Rhine*. Our Magistrates have resolved to raise 1200 men, to serve for the security of this City, at a time when we see such considerable Forces about us, and yesterday the Drums were beat the first time for the making those Levies; the Magistrates have likewise appointed that the Youth of this City as are fit to bear Arms, shall be obliged so to do, and two days since they were drawn out to muster, being formed into four Companies. Orders are likewise given for the demolishing some old Fortifications, which rather take from, than add to the strength of the City, and of raising new in their stead the direction of which is left to Colonel *de Will*, our Governour as to Military matters. We hear every day full complaints made of the *French* in the Country of *Fuliers*, where they are not content to be a heavy and almost insupportable charge to the Inhabitants, but do pull down and demolish all the Houses of such Gentlemen as are at present absent.

*Hague*, Nov. 24. The States are much concerned at the refusal of the most Christian King, to receive the Emperor, and the Princes of the Empire, that desire it, into the Peace, according to an express Article of it; and we are told that they have ordered their Ambassadors at *Nimegue*, to declare to those of *France*, that they must look upon this refusal as a final to execute the said Peace; what may be the farther consequences hereof, time must tell.

25th Nov. 1701 Yesterday arrived here the

windsor of this place from *Morlaix*, from whence she came eight days since. The Maffer says, that the *French* King was expected very early in the Spring in those Parts, to visit that and other his Maritime places.

*Deale*, Nov. 25. Three days since arrived in the Downs, the *Isaac* and *Benjamin*, Thomas Heron Commander, from *Malaga*, having received great damage in a Fight she maintained several hours with an Algerian Man of War, who came up with her the 17th instant; off of Cape St. Marics, (having by accident been separated from the rest of the Fleet that came from *Malaga*) the *Isaac* and *Benjamin* had 9 Guns, 12 Men, and a Boy; and the Algerian was mounted with 28 Guns; yet notwithstanding this disproportion of Force, she maintained the fight five hours compleat, many Broad-Sides passing between them, and that so near, that they were *Far-Arm* and *Far-Arm*; the Algerians Great and Small-Shot did considerable execution, but 9 of the *Isaacs* and *Benjamins* Shrouds, greatest part of her Small Rigging, tore all her Sails, and beat a hole in her Quarter, which a Man might creep through, and shot away both her Pumps, so that she had three Foot Water in Hold; the Algerian at the same time fired not much better, but received great damage, and had so great a Hole made in her, that she was brought to her Carene, by which means she could not Board the *Isaac* and *Benjamin*. She had likewise a great many Men killed and wounded; but of the English there was only one Man wounded, and that with a splinter.

*Whitehall*, Nov. 27. His Majesty has been pleased to make these following Alterations in the List of Sheriffs for the Year ensuing.

Dorset	William Laurence Esq;
Lincoln	Joseph Edwards Esq;
Southampton	Edward Goodyer Esq;

#### Advertisements

These are to give Notice to all Persons interested in the late United joint-Stock to *East India*. That there will be paid them One half per Cent. in full of that Account which is now ended. And they are desired to repair to the *East-India House* in *Leaden-hall Street*, where they will receive their money. And there are some Warrants remaining unpaid on former dividends, which such as are concerned therein may also receive.

On the 15th or 16th instant, between the *New Exchange* in the Strand, and the Borough of *Southwark*, a Pocket Book in blew Turkey Leather Covers, the size of a Riders Almanack, in which were several Bills for Sums of Money and several Accounts, if any have found the same, let them repair to Mr. Samuel Lees's Shop a Stationer in *Lombard Street*, and they shall have Twenty Shillings Reward.

*Richard Hobbs*, aged about 17, small and low in stature, short lank hair of a light brown, a short neck, a thin smooth face, with a bunch or rising in the back, and a little rising in the breast, of a small shrill voice, quick in speech, with an old black Hat turned up on one side, a plain Band, an old thick Stuff Suit of a darkish colour, his Breeches close at knees, his Doublet loose, and a loose Coat over it lined with shalloon, all of one sort of Stuff, coloured Stockings, and old Shoes; he went from *St. Margarets Church-yard* in *Westminster* about business to the *Exeter Exchange*, on Friday the 15th instant, and hath not returned since. Whoever brings him to Mr. Benstar at the *Easters Tavern* just by the Church-yard Gate in *Westminster* aforesaid, shall have 20 s. reward paid presently to him, and his charges.

Taken or stayed out of a Ground from *Lewisham* in Kent the 9th instant, a boy Neg between 14 and 15 hands high, no white about him, only a star in the forehead, a black list down his back, short dark, newly parted hair, a lock on. Whoever gives notice of him to Thomas Hunt Tapper in *Lewisham*, or to Mr. M. J. Inkeeper at the *Black Lion* in *St. Thomas Apostles*, shall have 20 s. Reward.