



# The London Gazette.

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From Tuesday October 29, to Saturday November 2, 1793.

*Whitehall, November 2.*

**B**Y Intelligence received from the Earl of Yarmouth, dated Brumpt, Austrian Head Quarters, October 20, it appears, that on the Morning of the 17th General Wurmsfer, having received Information that Haguenau had surrendered to the Advanced Corps under General Mezaroes, he immediately put the Bulk of his Army into Motion, and arrived there that Night, a few Hours after it had been evacuated by the Enemy, who had made so precipitate a Retreat, as to neglect breaking down the wooden Bridges over which the Artillery was to pass. That, on the 18th, the French encamped on the Right Bank of the Zorn, a small River which runs through Brumpt, but on perceiving some Interval between General Mezaroes' Advanced Corps, consisting of about 6,000 Men, and the other Columns of the Army, they crossed the River, and attacked him, with their whole Force, in the evident Expectation of turning his Flank, and cutting him off from the rest of the Army. The Action lasted Seven Hours; but upon perceiving the rest of the Austrian Army move forward, the French re-crossed the River, and evacuated the Heights and Town of Brumpt, of which the Austrians took Possession. The Loss on the Part of the French is estimated at about 800 Men, and that of the Austrians nearly Half that Number, in killed and wounded, That the Prince of Waldeck had advanced with his Corps from Seltz, and marched along the Banks of the Rhine. That he had compelled the Surrender of Druzenheim, and, after having driven in the Garrison of Fort Louis, with some Loss, had invested the Place. That, in the Course of the Night, the French had abandoned their former Position on the Zorn, and retreated, under the Cannon of Strasbourg. That General Wurmsfer was at the Distance of Nine English Miles from that Place.

In Addition to the Accounts already published of the forcing the Lines of Weiffembourg and Lauterbourg it appears, that the Austrian Army had between Seven and Eight Hundred Men killed and wounded; and that the Loss of the French amounted to between Three and Four Thousand Men killed, from Five to Six Hundred Prisoners, and 26 Pieces of Cannon, with their Ammunition Waggon and Horses. The Retreat of the French, on this Occasion, was greatly favoured by a thick Fog.

*Whitehall, November 2.*

**D**ISPATCHES from Sir James Murray, Adjutant-General to the Forces under the Command of His Royal Highness the Duke of York, of which the following are Extracts, were received by the Right Honorable Henry Dundas, His Majesty's Principal Secretary for the Home Department, on Wednesday last.

*Extract of a Letter from Sir James Murray, Bart. to Mr. Secretary Dundas, dated Tournai, October 24, 1793.*

**I** Have the Honor to inform you, that the Enemy made, upon the 21st Instant, an Attack upon the Advanced Posts of the Camp at Menin, particularly those of Werwick and Halouin: They were every where repulsed; but the Day following they renewed the Attack with great Violence, and at last succeeded in gaining Possession of Werwick.

Menin being by this Means exposed, Lieutenant-General Erbach, who commanded there, found it necessary to evacuate the Town, and to retire with his Corps upon Courtray: This Corps was composed of Austrian and Hanoverian Troops. The Particulars of their Loss are not yet come to my Knowledge, but I understand that it amounts, in Killed and Wounded, to near 300 Men.