

# The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Thursday November 21. to Monday November 25. 1678.

Whitehall, Nov. 21.

**T**His day Mr. *William Staley* was brought to his Tryal before my Lord Chief Justice *Scroggs*, and other His Majesties Judges, in the Court of *Kings Bench*, and being Indicted of High-Treason, for Treasonable Words against His Majesties Life, was Convicted, and had Sentence past upon him, To be Drawn, Hanged, and Quartered.

Whitehall, Nov. 23.

**H**IS Majesty hath been pleased to cause His Royal Proclamation to be Issued, for the discovery of the death of *John Powell* late of London Merchant.

CHARLES R.

**W**Hereas there is a violent presumption that *John Powell* late of London Merchant, was lately Murdered by persons unknown, The Kings most Excellent Majesty, out of His Royal Inclination to Justice, and to the intent that so Horrible and Crying Offence may be Discovered, and the Authors of the same severely Punished, Doth by this His Royal Proclamation strictly Charge and Command all His Judges, Justices of the Peace, Magistrates, and other His Officers and Loyal Subjects, That they do use their utmost endeavors to find out and discover the truth of the said supposed Murder, and the Circumstances and Authors of the same, and to give speedy Information of what they shall find therein, to one of His Majesties Principal Secretaries of State; And in case it shall be discovered that the said *John Powell* was Murdered, His Majesty is Graciously pleased hereby to Promise to any person or persons who shall make such a Discovery, whereby the Murderers, or any of them shall be Apprehended, the Sum of Two hundred pounds, which shall be immediately paid down, upon sufficient Testimony that such persons or person Apprehended, are, or is Guilty of the said Murder. And if any of the Murderers shall Discover the rest, whereby they or any of them shall be Apprehended, such Discoverer shall not onely be Pardoned his Offence, but shall in like manner receive the like Reward of Two hundred pounds.

Given at Our Court at Whitehall, the Two and twentieth day of November, 1678. in the Thirtieth year of Our Reign.

*Wrangelsburg*, Nov. 17. *Gripswald* is now in the hands of the Elector of *Brandenburg*, for the Besieged having begun to make use of their Batteries the 15th Instant; and done that execution with them, as that in few hours about 20 houses were burnt down. The Besieged sent out the next morning to desire a Parley; which being granted, and the Hostages exchanged, the Treaty was soon finished, and one of the Gates

put into the hands of the *Brandenburgs*, so that the *Suedes* have now nothing left in *Germany*. His Electoral Highness has sent three Regiments of Horse, one of Foot, and one of Dragoons more towards *Prussia*. The King of *Denmark* is daily expected at *Wismar*, to have an Interview with his Electoral Highness.

*Francfort*, Nov. 16. The great matter which is now agitating in the Empire, is about settling the Winter-quarters, which the several States endeavor all they can to get themselves eased in. They of the Circle of *Franconia* have obtained some moderation, because the burthen has been very heavy upon them during the whole course of this War. From *Strasburg* they tell us, that the *Marschal de Crequi* is gone for *Paris*; that the greatest part of his Army is already in their Winter-quarters, and that the rest are going to follow; that the Duke of *Lorraine* was doing the like with the Imperial Troops, and would himself go for *Vienna*.

*Brifac*, Nov. 18. The *Marschal de Crequi* is gone for *Paris*, leaving the Command of the Kings Forces in these Parts, to *Monsieur de Monclar*. It was once resolved to have disturbed the Imperialists in the Fortifications they are re-making at *Kiel*, and several Troops were already ordered for that design; but that resolution has been changed, it being thought necessary to give the Troops some time to refresh themselves at present, and that when the hard Frost comes in, they will be better able to march, and to execute this design. All our Forces are now gone and going into their Winter-quarters on this and the other side of the *Rhine*. The Duke of *Lorraine* will stay till the 22 or 23 instant at *Offenburg*, his Dutcheß will meet him there, and then they will go together to *Vienna*, to pass the Winter there.

*Strasburg*, Nov. 18. The *French*, after having made a false shew of taking the Field again, are now all in their Winter-quarters. Yesterday one of our Parties, consisting of 100 Horse, and 250 Foot, returned hither; having had the good fortune to defeat a *French* Regiment of Horse between *Raon* and *Badonville*, the Lieutenant, with about 300 Soldiers were killed upon the place, the Major with 50 others were brought in hither with eight Standards, and six Mules, and 100 Horses, with their Furniture, the Colonel and about 50 Soldiers escaping. These Standards were immediately Presented to the Duke of *Lorraine*, who was then at *Kiel*.

*Nimegues*, Nov. 23. Many had expected that the Conferences between the Imperial and *French* Ambassadors would by this time have produced the desired effect, in the concluding of a Peace between the Empire and *France*, but hitherto things are in that state, that no certain account can be made of the issue of them, though it is said that if a way could be found out to satisfy *Sueden*, the said Peace would be quickly concluded, for that the Points which con-

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cern the Emperor, and the Most Christian King, are assigned as adjusted.

*Hague, Nov. 25.* We are told that the French Ambassador here, hath declared to the States, that the King his Master can not grant the Neutrality which the States desire for the Countrey of Cleves, for that he would be thereby deprived of the means to bring the Elector of Brandenburg to a reasonable Peace. From Nimwegen they write, as if there were great hopes that the Peace between the Emperor and France would be suddenly concluded, and thereupon it is said that Monsieur Beurning is hastening to return thither. We are told that the States have thought fit to defer the farther reduction of their Forces, in consideration of the present posture of Affairs. The Letters from Hamburg give us an account, that Gripswald is furnished to the Elector of Brandenburg.

*Brussels, Nov. 28.* This Court is much troubled to see the Ratifications stay thus long, the Countrey being in the meantime totally ruined by the French Troops: And from Gaunt we have an account, that the Governor of that City hath signified to those Inhabitants, that this delay of the Spanish Ratifications obliging the King his Master to keep his Troops in these Parts, and being the reason that he cannot make the reduction of his Forces he intended; it is but reasonable that his Finances should not be charged with the payment of these Troops, and that therefore if the Ratifications arrived not before the end of this month, his Majesty was resolved to send a considerable number of Troops to be quartered upon the Burghers of that City, at the same rate as they are in the Countrey of Waes, where every Soldier must be furnished with half a Crown a day, beside Provision for himself and Horse; and it is not to be doubted, but the same course will be taken in the rest of the Towns that are to be restored to the Spaniards. Several French Troops, and even some of those in Flanders, are marching towards the Meuse; and we are told from the Countrey of Juliers, that a considerable detachment is sent from thence towards the Dutchy of Cleves: Seven or eight Dutch Regiments are marched towards the Canal, and Madines, to embark for Holland, the rest, which are within the Spanish Territories, are marched towards the Mayery of Boldu. From Dordorp they write that the Duke of Neuburgs Troops have received Orders from the Emperor to march into Wetteravil, to oblige the Lunenburg and Osnaburg Troops to remove out of that Countrey, where they have taken their Winter-quarters without the Emperors Orders; but at the same time we hear the Lunenburgs are resolved to maintain their quarters, and will doubtless do it, being much stronger than the Neudurgs. From Strassburg of the 18th instant they write, that the French are gone into Winter-quarters in the Upper Alsace, & that the Imperialists are doing the like in Swabia and Franconia: That a Party of Swaburgs had fallen upon a French Regiment of Horse, as they were marching towards Lorraine, and had defeated them, killing 300 upon the place, striking which was the Lieutenant Colonel, and several Officers; that the Major, and about 50 others were taken Prisoners, and brought with eight hundred Horses, and a considerable Booty, to Strassburg. The Letters from Cologne of the 20 say, that they are this day putting themselves into a posture of defence, being extremely jealous of the French, who continue

to possess themselves of all the strong places thereabouts, having the day before seized Saizig, Remagen, Rhinick, &c. near Bonn.

*Falmouth, Nov. 14.* The Wind hath been Easterly this long time, so that there are several Ships in this Port bound to the Eastward; and the Wind coming up S.W. this day they are all putting to Sea.

*Brisg, Nov. 18.* The 16 instant came in here the Dove of Topsham, John Lyett Master, laden with Wines and Fruits from Malaga, from whence she came the first instant, in company of 15 or 16 Sail more, from whom she parted the 15th instant, off of the Rock of Lisbon.

*Whitehall, Nov. 23.* His Majesty has been pleased to make these following Alterations of the Sheriffs for the Year ensuing.

Dorset	John Hardy Esq;
Derby	Sir John Pye Baronet.
Leicester	Rowland Browne of Borough Esq;
Stafford	Edward Manwaring Esq;
Southampton	Richard Love Esq;
Surrey	Anthony Bryan Esq;
Suffex	Thomas Smith Esq;
Worcester	Richard Nicoletts Esq;

#### Advertisements.

On Monday, the Second day of December next, the Libraries of an English Noble man, and of two Reverend Divines deceased; will be Exposed to Sale, by way of Auction, at the Sign of the Harrow over against the Colledge of Physicians in Warwick-lane, London; where also the Books are to be seen in the mean time. The Catalogues are distributed Gratis, by Nath. Rauwe Bookseller at the Kings Arms in St. Pauls Churchyard.

The Book of Common-Prayer, and Administration of the Sacraments, and other Rights and Ceremonies of the Church, according to the Use of the Church of England, Translated into the Welsh Language, and Printed in Polio, for the use of Churches and Chapells in Wales, are to be Sold by Jonathan Edwin at the Three Roses in Ludgate Street.

This is to give notice to all Lovers of Learning, that this present Monday, the 25th of November, is exposed to Sale by way of Auction, at the White Hart in Great St. Bartholomews Close, the Library of Dr. William Rant, with other choice Books in all Arts and Languages, out of the Libraries of Gishert Vorrius, and others, from Beyond Seas. The Sale will continue every day (except Fridays and Saturdays) according to the order of the Catalogue, till all be sold off. This is farther to give notice, that the English Atlas, according to the directions of Sir Ch. Wren, Dr. Is. Vossius, Dr. Jo. Pell, Dr. Will. Lilly, Dr. Tho. Gale, and Mr. Rob. Hook, is now Printing at the Theater in Oxford. A Specimen of which is to be seen at the shop of Moses Pitt in St. Pauls Church-yard: Therefore it is now desired, that all Gentlemen that have or are willing to subscribe, do immediately pay in their Subscription Money to the said Moses Pitt, lest they lose the Benefit and Honor of being Recorded in the Preface of the said noble Book.

This present Monday, at the Musick School in Essex Buildings, over against St. Clements Church in the Strand, will be continued a Consort of Vocal and Instrumental Musick, beginning at Five of the clock every Evening. Composed by Mr. John Banister.

Lost or stolen the 17th instant, a White Spaniel Dog with broad liver'd colour'd spots, and some little liver'd colour'd spots on his legs, with pretty rough hair on his ears, his tail cut about half off, being a middle sized Land Spaniel. They that can give notice of him to the Right Honourable the Countess of North Devon, next door to the Arch in Lincolns Inn Fields, or to Mr. William Fryson at the Six Crosses near Lincolns Inn, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward.