the Dombes and Fire-bills, and have written to our bil ftor in very lubmissive terms, to pray him to spare their City, yet, the Suedish Governor appears very is obtte to defend the place to the last extremity. Our Elector continues still here, to see what is siege of Gripswald will have, which will be either continued or quitted, according to the Advices he receives from Prussa of the march of the Suedes, who, according to the last Account we had, made a halt in Courland, as if they intended to winter there. If this News be confirmed by our next Letters, no more Troops will be sent that way; but if it be not, and that we should hear the Suedes continue their march towards Prussa, the Siege of Gripswald will be turned into a Bloade, and greatiff part of the Army will march towards Prussa, to secure that Countrey against the designs of the Suedes.

Nov. 18. Our Letters from the Hamburgh , Elector of Brandenburgh's Court tell us, That his Electoral Highners had fent several Regiments towards Prussia, upon the advice he had received of the march of the Suedish Army; and that it was beheved they would be followed by more Troops, and even by greatest part of those that are now before Gripswald, which in that case vill be only left blockt The Governor of it seems hitherto resolved to make all the relillance pollible, and has taken all the care he can to secure the Town against Fire, which is the only thing they dread, confidering the great execution it did at Strae! sond. The Lunenburg Troops are going into their Winter-quarters. We have been told of a new Alliance that is Negotiating between the King of Denmark, the Elector of Branderburg, the Dukes of Brunswick, and the Bishop of Munster, for fecuring the Conquelts they have made in this War, but many are of opinion that it will not take effect.

Strasburgh, Nov. 11. The Conferences which were held at Weiffenburg for the treating a Cessation of Arms, are broken up, upon Monsieur Ruvigny's proporing, that the Emperor should be obliged to winter his Forces in his Hereditary Countries, while the French Troops had their quarters in Lorrain and Burgundy; which the Imperial Minister thought so unreasonable, that he would not enter into any Negotiation. The 3th instant the Deputies of this City met the Duke of Lorrain and General Cops at Kiel, where they had a long Conference with them: Four Battalions work daily on the Fortifications of the Fort at Kiel, and 400 Men on those of the Toll-Scans.

Ditto, Nov.14. From Suifferland we have an account, That the French Troops, which were already gone into Winter quarters in Burgundy, are drawing out again, and, it's faid, are ordered to come this way; upon which the Imperial Troops are likewise moving, to observe the Enemies designs, which we as The Mareschal de yet know not what they may be. ·Crequi's Army is not yet separated, but remains encamped i.ear Schlestadt, nor do we hear it confirmed, that the Mareichal himself is gone for Paru, as was aid in our last. The Fort of Kiel, as well as the other Forts, which were demolished by the French when they quitted them, are re-fortifying with all the diligence possible; and the Duke of Lorrain has been several times at Kiel in person, to see in what forwardness the work is, and to give the necessary Orders concerning it. The meeting of the Deputies of the Emperor, of Irance, and of Icveral Princes of the Empire, is quite broken up, the Imperial Minister having thought the Propositions of Monsieur Ruvigny, concerning the Emperors wintering his Troops within his Hereditary Countries, to unreasonable, as not to enter into any Conference with him upon them.

Hague, Nov. 22. The States having, at the defire of the Emperor, and of several Princes of the Empire, made the demand by the hands of the French Ambassadors here and at Nimeguen, that the Emperor, and those Prince, may be comprehended in the late Treaty of Peace between France and this State, according to an express Article of it. Monsieur d'Avaux, the French Ambailador here, has given in a Memorial to the States, containing several Reasons why the King his Maffer cannot content thereunto. What resolution the States will take thereupon, we are yet to learn. The States of Holland continue affembled, but have not as yet taken any resolution concerning the further reduction which it was faid was intended to be made of their Forces. From Nimeguen we hear, that the great difficulty which hisders the conclusion of the Peace between France and the Empire, proceeds from this, that the French pretend a liberty to march their Troops through the Empire, in order to their affilling the Suedes.

Paris, Nov. 23. The great Treasurer of Poland, who hath been here some time, parted hence the 19 instant, on his return home, to assist at the General Dyet of that Kingdom, which will be held the beginning of the next month; the Marcschal de Crequi, we hear, is come to Nancy, having left the command of the Kings Forces in Allace, in the hands of the Monsteur de Monclar. Our Italian Letters give us an account, that the Republick of Rangla had sinally paid the monies which the Grand Signior had demanded of them by way of Tribute, so that their Deputies, who have been so long kept Prisoners, will now be restored to their liberty.

Advertisements.

Parts, I. Of Benefits II. Of a Happy Life, Anger, and Clemency III. A Miscellany of Epitiles. By Riger L'Estrange. Sold by Henry Brome at the Gun in St. Panis Church yard.

Oft or stolen the 4th instant, one of the Kings Setting Digs, coloured black and white, streak'd down the fore-head with a broad white lift, black ears, four white steet, a long becsum tail, indifferent long hair, an indifferent large Dog, named Ranser. They that can give notice of him to Mr Chissum at the Kings Back stairs, shall be well rewarded.

N Thursday next, the 23d of this instant November, at the Musick School in Ess. Raillings, over against St. Clements Church in the Strand, will be continued a Confors of Vocal and Instrumental Musick, beginning at tive of the clock every evening. Composed by Mr. John Barnister.

Hese are to give Notice, That His Majesty hath been Graciously pleased, for increasing the Woollen Manufacture, and to encourage Obedience to the late Act, Fir Burying it Woollen, to Grant unto Amy Potter Widow, the sole Use, Exercise and Benesit of making all forts of Woollen Lates, for the decent Burying of the dead, or otherwise, for 14 years, according to the Statute in that Case provided, being the sirft Inventer thereof; And prohibits all Possus to make, imitate, counterfeit, or resemble the same, other than such who shall be Licensed thereunto, under the Hand and Seal of the said Amy Poster, or her Assigns. She lives at the Woollander against Somerser-house in the Strand.