

The London Gazette.

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From Thursday November 7. to Monday November 11. 1678.

Whitehall, November 10.

A Great and Malicious Abuse being found to have been committed by the Person entrusted to Translate the Gazette into French, in the Translation of His Majesties late Proclamation, Commanding all Persons, being Popish Recusants, or so reputed, to depart from the Cities of London and Westminster, and all other places within Ten miles of the same. For which he is in Custody, and the Matter under examination, in order to his just Punishment. It is thought fit, for the redressing the said Abuse, That a new and true Translation of His Majesties said Proclamation be given to the World in the French Gazette of this day.

Genova, Novemb. 2. The 27th past arrived here the Charles, Peter Walle Commander, who was some time since chased by an Algerine from Evizza; and the same evening arrived two French Ships, who come from the Straights Mouth, the Masters say they were the 11th past on board Sir John Narborough, who lay at anchor with the Squadron under his command off of Tangier; that the Royal Oak, with another Frigate, and the Ships with Provisions which came lately from England, had joined him; and that Sir John Narborough was ready to sail, intending for Argiers. Three English Brigats, bound from Malaga for Cadix, with several Merchantmen under their Convoy, gave chase to an Algerine of 40 Guns, but she escaped.

Memel, Octob. 30. The Suedes Army, for which the Commissaries provide Provisions as for 15000 men, is come within 15 miles of this place, and seem as if they would make a halt there; they have with them 30 pieces of Cannon, and 5 Mortar-pieces. They have the news of the taking of Straelsund.

Danzicke, Nov. 5. The Letters we receive from Leopold in Poland, give an account, that the Moscovites had fallen upon the Turks, and had obtained, with the assistance of the Cossacks, a great Victory over them, having taken 46 pieces of Cannon, and a great many prisoners; That three Bassas had been slain in the fight, and the Coplan Bassa dangerously wounded, and that the consequence of this success of the Moscovites, had been their taking of Kalwick and Njemlow, which the Turks had not long before possessed themselves of, of all which we must expect the confirmation. By several persons come from Coningsberg in Prussia, we are informed, that the great alarm people there had been in upon the advice they had of the march of the Suedes Army, had been somewhat abated; when they understood, as they did, by their Letters from Gourland, that the Suedes made very small marches, and that they were marking out a Camp at Grzymek in Courland, as if they intended to make a halt there, which may it is likely be occasioned by the news they will have had of the surrender of Straelsund.

Copenhagen, Novemb. 5. The affair of Lieutenant General Arensdorf is under examination, the Commissioners appointed to give sentence in it, have had several meetings of late, and will speedily come to a determination. The Armies in Schonen being gone into their Winter-quarters, nothing occurs there worth the waiting. Yesterday Te Deum was sung in the great Church of this City, and the Cannon on the Walls thrice discharged, for the taking of Straelsund, though it is said our King does not like the Articles that have been made with Count Coningsmarke.

From the Elector of Brandenburg's Head-quarter at Wrangelsburg, Nov. 7. His Electoral Highness having made his solemn Entry into Straelsund, and received the Homage of the Magistrates and Burghers, came hither, with intention to remain here till he be Master of Gripswaldt, which his Forces have invested; the 5th instant his Electoral Highness went to see the disposition of their several Posts, and having given the orders he thought necessary, and left the care and ordering of all things to Velt-Marschal Dorffing, returned hither. This morning we have an account, that the Governor of Gripswaldt had sent to the said Velt-Marschal, to let him know, that he was willing to enter into Treaty with him, upon this condition, that the place should not be surrendered till January next, which the Velt-Marschal wholly refused, yet offered to treat with him. In the mean time the Besiegers are preparing their Batteries, which will be ready in few days; and the Burghers are so apprehensive of the effects thereof, that they have written a Letter to his Electoral Highness, to pray him to spare their City. His Electoral Highness has already ordered several Regiments to march towards Prussia, under the command of Colonel Kustan, and others are appointed to follow, for the opposing the designs of the Suedes on that side.

Hamburg, Nov. 11. We are told that the King of Denmark will by no means permit Count Coningsmarke and his Troops to pass over to Schonen, being dissatisfied that the Elector of Brandenburg made such Articles with him. The Brandenburgs are now before Gripswaldt; they intend to attack that place in the same manner as they did Straelsund, that is, with their Cannon and Bombes, which, it is not doubted, but will have such an effect, as quickly to oblige the Inhabitants to surrender the place, to prevent the total ruine of it. The King of Denmark and the Elector of Brandenburg, are to have an Interview at Wismar.

Strasburg, Novemb. 7. The Armies, as well the Imperial as French, are preparing to go into Winter-quarters, which the latter will take in Brisgow, (and to that end several Troops have already pass the Rhine) in Upper Alsace, the Franche Comte, and Lorrain. We are going to re-fortify the Fort of Kiel, and two days since the Duke of Lorrain was to view that and the other Post which the French have quitted; besides our Magistrates have refused

ved to make a Fort Royal between this City and the Rhine. The Marechal de Crequi has been at Brisac and Schieftadt, and this day we have an account, that he is returned for Paris. We do not hear the Deputies, which are met at Croon-Weissenbourg for the treating a Cessation of Arms, have made any considerable advance therein.

Francfort, Nov. 9. By our last Letters from Vienna we had an account, that the perour sent thither by the Rebels, to pray the Emperor to grant them a Peace, was returned towards Hungary, to give his Principals an account of the success of his Commission, which whether it will be to their satisfaction we do not yet know. The fears of the City of Strasburg, of being either besieged, or blocked up this Winter, are now wholly removed, the French having abandoned the Posts they had taken for that purpose, and being about putting all their Troops into Winter-quarters, and the Marechal de Crequi himself being on his return for Paris.

Brusse s, Nov. 15. This morning arrived here Monsieur Boreel, with his Lady and Family, being still much indisposed of a Tertian Ague; on Thursday next he and Monsieur Dickweit will part hence on their Embassy to the Court of France. The States of Brabant are still assembled, but are not as yet come to any resolution in the point of the Money demanded by his Excellency. The Dutch Troops commanded by Count Nassau, continue quartered in the Villages between Louvain and Tiltmonst, where they live very disorderly, insomuch that his Excellency hath sent the Drossart of Brabant, to complain thereof to the Count of Nassau, and to desire him to withdraw his Troops out of those Territories. From Alsace they tell us, that preparations are making for the meeting of the Ministers of several Princes of the Empire, at Croon-Weissenbourg, for the treating and concluding a Cessation of Arms. The Letters add, that the Marechal de Crequi after having visited Brisac, was returned to Schieftadt, and from thence was gone for Paris; the Troops of the Kings Household marching after him, and the rest of the Army being put into Winter-quarters in the Upper Alsace, the Franche Comte, and Lorraine. The Spanish Ratifications stay still.

Laque, Nov. 15. His Highness the Prince of Orange having disposed of the several Offices Civil and Military at Maesricht, has sent thither the Heer Helt, of his Council, to put the persons in possession of their respective Charges, and to take the usual Oath of them. From Nimwegen we are told, that some new difficulties are arisen in the affair of the Peace.

Paris, Nov. 16. The Campaign is ended on the side of Germany, and the Marechal de Crequi having put his Troops into Winter-quarters, is expected at Court in few days, as is also the Duke of Laxemburg from Flanders. Notwithstanding it hath been very confidently reported that a Courier was passed through this City, on his way to Nimwegen, with the Spanish Ratifications, we are assured, that they are not yet arrived, and that the terms for the exchange of them has been prolonged till the 18 of this month. The hopes of a Peace between the Empire and this Crown, begin to lessen, some new difficulties arising in the present Negotiations, of which, one again one is, that France pretends to assist the King of Sweden, and in order thereunto to march its Troops through the Territories of the

Empire. The Ambassadors of the States General of the United Provinces to this Court are on their way hither, their journey having been retarded by the indisposition of the Heer Boreel the chief of them. Our Spanish Letters give us an account, that the Imperial Ambassadors at that Court had labored very hard to hinder the Ratifications of the late Peace, but that it had notwithstanding been resolved in the Council of State; and that the Ratifications were accordingly ordered to be dispatched.

Falmouth, Nov. 4. The 2d instant arrived here the *St. Martin* of London, John Foster Master, with Linnens and other Goods, from Amsterdam. Yesterday came into this Port the *Batchelors Adventure* of Stockton, in 16 days from Bourdeaux, they came from thence in company of about 20 Sail more of English Merchantmen. Here are likewise arrived two or three ships from Rochel; they tell us, that before they came thence, they had an account of several small French Vessels that had been cast away in the late bad weather.

Whitehall, Novemb. 9. His Majesty being come this morning in His Royal Robes, attended with the usual Solemnity, into the House of Lords, and the House of Commons being sent for up, His Majesty made a most Gracious Speech to the two Houses, which follows.

My Lords and Gentlemen.

I am so very sensible of the great and extraordinary care you have already taken; and still continue to shew for the Safety and Preservation of my Person in these Times of Danger, that I should not satisfy myself without coming hither for purpose to give you All My most hearty thanks for it.

Now do I think it enough to give you My thanks only, but I hold My self obliged to let you see withal, that I do do much Study your Preservation, so far as I can possibly, and that I am as ready to join with you in all the ways and means that may establish a firm Security of the Protestant Religion, as your own hearts can wish; And this not only during My time (of which I am sure you have no fear) but in all future Ages, even to the end of the World.

And therefore I am come to assure you, That whatsoever reasonable Bills you shall present to be Passed into Laws, to make you safe in the Reign of any Successor, (so as they tend not to impeach the Right of Succession, nor the Descent of the Crown in the true Line, and so as they restrain not my Power, nor the just Rights of any Protestant Successor) shall find from me a ready Concurrence.

And I desire you withal to think of some more effectual means for the Conviction of Popish Recusants, and to expedite your Counsels as fast as you can, that the World may see our Unity, and that I may have the opportunity of shewing you how ready I am to do any thing that may give Comfort and Satisfaction to such Dutiful and Loyal Subjects.

Advertisement.

LOST or stolen the 7th instant from Mr Willm Field Scoble at the Rose and Crown in Lane in Bedfordshire, a brown gelding, about 15 hands, three white feet, a small blaze in his face, short dock, a sear in his Crest, about 8 years old, a little lame in his far foot before, with an old red Velvet Saddle. Whoever gives notice to William Field aforesaid, or to Mr Thos. the Woollen Draper at the Black Lion in Whitechapel Street, shall have two Guineas Reward.