

The London Gazette.

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From Monday November 4. to Thursday November 7. 1678.

At the Court at Whitehall, the Second of November, 1678. By the Kings most Excellent Majesty, and the Lords of His Majesties most Honorable Privy Council.

His Majesty was this day pleased to Declare in Council, That whosoever shall make Discovery of any Officer or Soldier of His Majesties Horse or Foot-guards, who, having formerly taken the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy, and the Test, Enjoined by a late Act of Parliament, for Repeating Danger, which may happen from Popish Recusants, hath since been Perverted, or hereafter shall be perverted, to the Romish Religion, or bear Maies; Such Discoverer, upon Information thereof given, to his Grace the Duke of Monmouth Lord General of His Majesties Forces, shall have a Reward of Twenty pounds for every Officer or Soldier so Discovered as aforesaid. And to the end His Majesties Pleasure herein may be fully known, His Majesty doth Command that this Order be forthwith Printed and Published.

Vienna, Oct. 23. From Hungary we have nothing but bad news, our last Letters told us, that the Rebels had made themselves Masters of the principal Bergh Towns; where the Gold and Silver Mines are, viz. Skemnitz, Kremnitz, Noizol, and Oldzou, and that it is to be feared they will make farther progress. On Thursday last the Court went to Neustadt, where the marriage of the Archduchess Ann, with the Prince of Neuburg, will be celebrated on Tuesday next.

Ditto, Octob. 30. The 25th instant the Prince of Neuburgs Marriage was consummated at Neustadt, and the two following days were taken up with Comedies and Entertainments suitable to the occasion. The news from Hungary is very unpleasant, the Rebels growing daily stronger and stronger, and now lately the Inhabitants of the Isle of Raab, have, it is said, joined with them, and being possessed of the Mines, they begin to coin Money, which on the one side bears the Figure of the Emperor, and on the other a new Device, with these words, *Pro Deo, Patria & Libertate*. There is at present at the Court, a person sent by the Rebels, to beg of the Emperor the restitution of their Laws and Liberties, the free exercise of their Religion, and a general Pardon, in which case they promise to return to their former Obedience and Loyalty.

Dantzick, Octob. 29. The Polish Letters tell us, that the Cossacks are much enraged against the Turks, and that they have taken young *Knyalitski*, whom the Turks had made Governor of their new Conquests in the *Ukrain*, and had sent him prisoner to *Mosco*. The City of *Gradz* in *Lithuania*, is by an accidental Fire, burnt down, the Dyce was to have met there, which they must now do at *Widda*. The Suedes Army is on its march; *Pactz* the General of *Lithuania* was upon the Borders to have

opposed their passage, but not finding himself strong enough, retired.

Hamburg, Novemb. 8. Among the Articles agreed between the Elector of Brandenburg, and Count *Goringmaake*, upon the surrendering of *Straessford*, one was, That the said Count, as well with the Suedes as Germans in the service of *Suede*, and with all their Cannon and Artillery, should be transported to *Schonen*; Now our Letters from *Denmark* tell us, that that King is much dissatisfied hereat, and that he will not permit the said Troops to pass to *Schonen*, seeing they are there to be employed against him. The Bishop of *Osnabrug* is returned home with his Troops, to cover his own Countries, and to hinder any others from taking Winter-quarters in them.

Straasburg, Novemb. 4. The Marschal de *Crequi* has taken his march towards *Schlestadt*, and has caused a Bridge to be laid over the *Rhine* near *Brisac*. In the mean time the Deputies that are to treat concerning a suspension of Arms, are met at *Erpon*, *Weissenburg*. *Monsieur Manciar* is posted with the Body under his command near *Javerny*, and the Duke of *Lorraine* is decamped from *Offenbourg*, and marched to cover *Swabia*.

Francfort, Novemb. 5. From Hungary they write, that the Rebels threaten to put the Bergh Towns into the hands of the Turks, unless the Emperor will consent to their demands, which are, Free Exercise of their Religion, restitution of their Estates and Priviledges, and a General Pardon.

Cologne, Novemb. 4. We are told from *Straasburg*, that the Marschal de *Crequi* having demolished the Forts on the *Rhine*, and burnt the Bridge, was marched with his whole Army to *Schlestadt*, and had caused a Bridge to be laid over the *Rhine* near *Brisac*, for the passage of his Army, intending to march through the *Back Forest*, and to take his Winter-quarters in *Swabia*, which the Duke of *Lorraine* will endeavor to prevent, and to that end was marching in great diligence towards the Mountains, to secure those Passages. The Troops of *Lunenburg* and *Osnabrug*, with those of *Alunster*, have taken their Winter-quarters in *Wiperaqua*. The Marquis de *Grana* begins to march.

Ditto, Novemb. 8. From *Alsace* they tell us, that a Cessation of Arms is proposed between the Imperial and French Troops, and that Deputies are appointed on both sides, who are to meet at *Weissenburg*; that hereupon the Marschal de *Crequi* has altered his resolution of passing the *Rhine*, and is disposing his Troops into Winter-quarters in the *Upper Alsace*, and in *Suntgom*. From *Vienna* they write, that the Marriage between the Prince of *Neuburg* and the Archduchess, was consummated at *Neustadt*, but that the rejoycings on that occasion had been somewhat abated, by the ill news from *Hungary*, where the Rebels increase daily in strength. On Friday last, at night, the French took, without any resistance, the Town and Castle of *Oedt*, and put a Garrison into it; they have done the like at *Wick*, *reidt*,

vaed, and, it's believed, they possess themselves of these Passes, in order to their falling into the Country of Cleves, and the rather, because they are repairing the Bridge over the Rger at Lingich. Our Elector has sent some Troops out of the lower Dioceses to reinforce the Garrison of Bonne.

Liege, Nov. 4. The French Troops that are quartered in the Country of Juliers, possess themselves every day of some place or other, and seem intentioned to stretch out their quarters as far as the Moselle. Since our last they have taken a very strong Castle, called Schomberg, belonging to the Elector of Treves, as likewise Diackenheim, and they give out they will besiege Treves or Juliers with the first Frost.

Ditto, Nov. 8. The French have finally evacuated Maestricht, the Garrison marched out the 5th instant, in the morning at the Gate of St. Pierre, and soon after several Dutch Regiments, commanded by the Prince of Birkenfeld, entered the place. All these parts are filled with French Troops, by which means the Country is greatly ruined. The Duke of Luxemburg has leave to return to Court, and we are told, that the Marechal de Belfonds will have the command of a Body of 15 or 16000 men, to act in favor of the Swedes. The Prince of Orange is expected in a day or two at Maestricht, to settle the Affairs of that City, as well Civil as Military. The French at Aix la Chapelle, have arrested several Merchants belonging to this City.

Brussels, Novemb. 8. Sunday last, being our Kings Birth day, was kept with the usual solemnity, and in the evening the Court was entertained with a Ball. The same day Maestricht was evacuated by the French, and taken possession of in the name of the States, by the Prince of Berkenfeld. The Dutch Garrison is to consist of 8 Regiments of Foot, and 12 Squadrons of Horse and Dragoons. Yesterday Count Nassau went thither to view the Fortifications, and give the necessary orders concerning them. The Dutch Troops are now upon removing out of the Country of Liege, in order to their going into quarters. Monsieur Calvo is marched with part of those Troops that were in Maestricht, towards Aix la Chapelle, where his quarters will be this Winter, being to command the Troops that are lodged in the Country of Juliers. The Duke of Luxemburg continues his quarters at Herac in Liege, having sent a considerable detachment into the Country of Eyselt, to seize all the places there that are tenable, which they have accordingly done. Yesterday arrived the Spanish Ordinary, but brought not the Ratifications, which are so impatiently expected here, because of the great charge this Country in the mean time lies under. Yesterday the chief President of the Supreme Court at Malines, was arrested by order of his Excellency, for what cause is not known. The Sickness continues very great at Antwerp, and many persons of the best quality are dead there. Monsieur Boreel being recovered of his illness, is upon his way hither from the Hague, as is Monsieur Odyke from Zealand; Monsieur Dickvelt has orders to stay for them, that so they may proceed together on their Embassy to France.

Ditto, Nov. 11. His Excellency being informed that the Count de Nassau was marching with the Dutch Troops under his command, which come from the Country of Liege, into the Spanish Territories, has

sent to the Prince of Orange, and to the said Court, to represent to them, how much he is surprized at it. The Letters from Nimegues of the 9th instant, tell us, that the French Ambassadors have agreed with those of Spain, for prolonging the term for the Exchange of the Ratifications till the 20 instant inclusive; and that there is great appearance that a Peace between the Emperor and France, will be concluded this Winter. From Liege we have an account, that the Duke of Luxemburg was gone for Paris, leaving the command of the Kings Forces in those parts to Monsieur Calvo.

Hague, Novemb. 12. This day the States of Holland re-assembled, and the Heer Van Beverning, one of the Ambassadors of this State at Nimegues, made his report to them. The Spanish Ratifications are not yet arrived, but we hear from Nimegues, that the term for the exchange of them, hath been prolonged till the 20 instant. The 9th instant the States, and the Prince of Orange, received Letters from the Count de Nassau, commanding their Troops in the Country of Liege; wherein he gives an account, that the 6th instant, about seven in the morning, the Sieur Calvo marched out of Maestricht with the French Garrison, which he drew up upon a Hill hard by, and there continued about an hour, while the Dutch Troops, commanded by the Prince of Birkenfeld, entered into the Town, where has been since great rejoicing, on occasion of their returning under the obedience of this State.

Paris, Nov. 12. The Letters from Alsack of the 7th instant tell us, that the Marechal de Crequi has his Camp near Schilsstadt, that he was going to put part of his Forces into Winter-quarters in B. igow, and the rest on this side the Rhine in the Upper Alsace; that he had given Orders for the burning all that belonged to the City of Strasburgh; that the Duke of Lorraine was marched from Effling towards the Mountains, to secure the passages that lead into Suckin; that the Marquis de Ruwigy was arrived at Croon-Wessteburg, as did the day after, the Deputies of the Emperor, the Elector Palatine, &c. According to our last advices, the Duke of Luxemburg was quartered at Herac, in the Country of Liege.

Falmouth, Octob. 31. On Tuesday last came into this Port the *Allegine* of London from Jamaica, by which we have an account of the arrival there of his Excellency the Earl of Carlisle, His Majesty's Governor of that Island. The same day arrived the *Biscay* Armes of London from B.boa.

Advertisements.

Le Blazon: or, A short and easie way to attain the Art of Heraldry. Printed at Oxford, and sold by Dani! Major at the Flying-Horse near St. Dunstan's Church in Fleet street.

Upon Monday next, the 11th of this instant November, in Westminster Court in St. Bartholomews Clove, London, will begin the Sale, by Auction, of the Libraries of John Gad-Lopin, Dr. of Civil Law, and of Mr. Owen Phillips, Usher of W. better School.

This is to give Notice, That whereas the Yorkshire Feast, was appointed to be kept upon the Twelfth day of November instant; It is thought convenient, in respect of the Publick Fast, to adjourn the same to the Third day of December next.

Stayed or stolen the 25th of September last, out of the Grounds of Mr. William Hopkins, Minister of Sutton at Stone near D. in the County of Kent, a brown bay Nig near 14 hands, all his parts, three white saddle spots, and a white lock upon his mane near the wither, a cloudy face, about 3 years old, a bob tail. Whoever gives a piece of the said Nig to the above-named Mr. Hopkins, or to Mr. Henry Vernon, at the Three Black Lyons in Peter-Nigger-Road, shall have 30 s. Reward.