Francfort, Odob. 29. From Strasburgh we underf'and, that notwithstanding the season, and that the French have quitted the Forts of the Bridge, the apprehensions of a Siege are very great there, or at least of their being blocked up this Winter, which would reduce them to great necessities; In case of the first, the Duke of Lorrain has affured them he will hazard all to relieve them, and to that end is come with the Imperial Army to Offenburg, having fent several Regiments to secure the passages of Suabia, where the French fay they will go feek their Winter-quarters, and to that end have laid a Bridge over the Rhine below Brifac. The Affairs of Hungary are but in an ill posture, the Rebels upon their late successes increating in strength as well as in their insolences, and being encouraged to new enterprizes; and according to our last Advices they had taken several places, called the Bergh Towns, which are the more important, because of the Mines that are there, which are now fallen into the hands of the Rebels.

Cologne, Octob. 28. The Duke of Luxemburg decamped some dayes since from his quarters at Wysweiler, and is returned towards the Meufe, as is beliewed to enlarge his quarters, the Town of Juliers remaining in the mean time blocked up. The 26th inflant the Bishop of Osnabrug arrived at Swarts-Ryndorp, right over against Bonne, where he took a review of his Troops, and is expected this day at Mulbeim, half a League from hence. The Marquis de

Grana lies very ill here of a Fever.

Ditto, Nov. 1. The Baron de Landjee, the Imperial Minister, having been here some dayes, to oblige these Magistrates not to give the French a passage over the Rhine, is returned to Mentz. On Wednesday last the French possessed themselves of Bruggen, Dolcken, Greuenbracke, and Glabbach, in the Countrey of Juliers; upon which the Brandenburgh Troops, under the command of Lieutenant General Spaen, passed the Rhine the next day at Orsaw, and are marched into the Countrey of Elsen, so that the lower Diocess of Cologne is now quite freed of the Confederate Troops, who have lived upon those In-

habitants for these 3 or 4 weeks past.

Maestricht, Nov. 2. The day is fixed for the evacuation of this place, which is to be the 6th instant, and the Dutch Troops that are to come hither, lie The French Troops quartered in the Countries of fuliers and Liege, have Orders to live wholly upon the Inhabitants, who will be thus entirely ruined. At this moment we have Advice, that the Germans have surprized the Village of Sennick, in the Country of Fuliers, and put all the French that were quartered there to the Sword, without giving quar-

ter to one.

Bruffels, Nov. 1. By the Extraordinary Courier arrived fince our last from Spain, we are assured, that the King had given Orders for the dispatching the Ratifications, and that they would follow this Courier in few dayes, who brings the Order of the Golden Fleece to his Excellency, and to the Duke d' Aerschott Governor of Haynault. The Count de Rasch, our Maistre de Camp General, is made, in confideration of his great service in the Battel of St. Denys, Prince de Rasch. Prince Vaudemon, upon th: same account, is made Gentleman of the Kings Bedchamb r in Ordinary, and Don Francisco Marcos de Velasco, General of the Artillery, is made one of the great Council of War at Madrid, and Monsieur de

Louvigny has a Penfien of 3000 Crowns. All things are disposing on this side for the putting the Troops into Winter-quarters. The Duke of Lux. mburg 13 at Herac in the Countrey of Liege, and they tell us that the detachment of 10000 men, which marched towards Dinant, is gone back towards Juliers, to take their Winter-quarters there. Last night arrived here an Express from Nimeguen, with an account of Straelfond's being furrendred to the Elector of Brandenburgh; from whence we are likewie told, that not only the Electors of Ments and Trier, and the Duke of Neuburg, have defired to be comprehended in the late Treaty between France and Holland, but that the Duke of Lorrain hath likewise by his Minister at Nimeguen, declared his acceptance of the conditions proposed by France in April last, with relation to him.

Ditto, Nov. 4. People here are much troubled, that the Ratifications tarry thus long, confidering the great charge this Countrey lies under, through the Contributions they ill pay to the French, who being befiere displeased at this delay, have quartered 200 Troops of Horse in the several Chassellanies of Acth, Andena d, Courtray, Gaunt, and in the Country of Al ft, by which means those Territories, which by the Treaty are to be reftored to Spain, will be entirely ruined, the charge upon the Inhabitants amounting to 100000 Florins a day His Excellency hash convened the States of B abent, of whom he demands a Million and 800 Florins. The Mortality whom he demands a Million and soo Florins. I he Mortality is so great at Anime, p, and the Insection so catching, that hardly a House escapes, for which reason the Magistrates of Malines and Lonvain, have prohibited all Commerce with that City, and, it's believed, others will sollow their example. Monfieur Diehvelt, one of the Ambaffadors deligned from the States to the French Court, expects a Courier this night from the Hagne, with Orders to begin his journey alone From Liege of the 2d instant they tell us, that the Duke of Luxem-burgh is still at Herac, that he had fent a detachment of 5000 Horse towards the Countrey of Cleves, and that the Branden-burgh Troops were thereupon settred in great diligence from Kempen, leaving that side of the Dutchy of Chives open. That the French have put 1000 men into Vifet, and have laid a Bridge over the Menfe there That Maestricht is to be cerbridge over the Menye there I hat Machiner is to be ecratainly evacuated on the 6th instant, the French being to march out at the Cologne Gate, and the Dutch to enter at the B nifely Gate. From Strasburgh of the 28th they write, that the Marechal de Cicqui was come nearer with his Army, that the French had taken two Posts, kept by the Imperialists for the guarding their passage over the Rhine, but that they had afterwards quitted them, as also the Forts of the Bridge, after having demolished them.

Paris , Now. 8. The Letters from the Marelchal de Crequi's Army give an account, that the Marquis de Ruvigny was to be the 3d instant at Croon-Weiss mbourg, to meet there with the Deputie of the Duke of Lorrain, to treat a Suspension of Arms. That the Army was advanced as far as S bl stadt, where it would continue a day or two, and then go into Winter-quarters. From Flunders we are told, that the Count de Mullevier College commands a Body of an Army between the Sambre and the Meufe. It is not doubted but the Court of Spain will ratifie the Treaty lately concluded at Nimeguen, and

it is much wondred the Katifications flay fo lo g.

Advertisements.

His is to give Notice. That whereas the Yorkshire Feast was appointed to be kept upon the 12th of November instant, It is thought convenient, in respect of the Publick Fast, to adjourn the same to the 3d of December next.

Eft in a Hackney Coach, or loft, on Tuesday in the evening, being the 29 h of Officer last, between TemptaBar and Leaden Hall freet, London, a Green Bag with a Letter Cafe, or Cafe to put Papers in, cevered with Inrky Leather, wherein is a Draught of a Lease from one Mr Rider to Mr. Tainail, of a Meffuage or Tenement in or near Breadfirees, Loudon, and several other Papers and Notes. Whoever hall give n tice of the faid Bag, with the Letter-Case and Papers therein, to Mr Henry Cherry at the Chamber of Wiliam Cierry Fig, in Dr. B. phon's Building near the M.ddle-Temple Hall, shall have two Guincys Reward.