

# The London Gazette.

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From Thursday October 31. to Monday November 4. 1678.

Whitehall, Octob. 31.

**H**IS Majesty has been pleased to cause the following Proclamation to be published, Commanding all Persons being Popish Recusants, or so reputed, to depart from the Cities of London and Westminster, and all other Places within Ten miles of the same.

CHARLES R.

**W**Hereas the Lords, Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in Parliament Assembled, having taken into their serious Consideration the Bloody and Traiterous Designs of Popish Recusants against His Majesties Sacred Person and Government, and the Protestant Religion, having taken into their serious Consideration the Bloudy and Traiterous Designs of Popish Recusants against His Majesties Sacred Person and Government, and the Protestant Religion, have (for prevention thereof) most humbly besought His Majesty to issue forth His Royal Proclamation, to the effect, and for the purposes hereafter mentioned: The Kings most Excellent Majesty hath been Graciously pleased readily to condescend thereunto; And doth by this His Royal Proclamation straitly Charge and Command all persons being Popish Recusants, or so reputed, that they do on or before the Seventh day of November next ensuing (under pain of His Majesties highest displeasure, and of the severest Execution of the Laws against them) depart and retire themselves and their Families from His Majesties Royal Palaces of Whitehall, Somerset House, and St. James, the Cities of London and Westminster, and from all other Places within Ten miles distance of the same: And that no Person being a Popish Recusant, or so reputed, do presume at any time hereafter to repair or return to His Majesties said Palaces, or any of them, or to the said Cities, or either of them, or within Ten miles of the same.

Provided, That nothing before contained, shall extend to such Householders dwelling within the said Cities, or either of them, or in any Place within Ten miles of the same, who being Traders, exercising some Trade or Manual Occupation, have been there settled for the space of Twelve Months last past, in Houses of their Own, and have not an Habitation elsewhere, and who shall give in their Names, and the Names of all other Persons in their Families, to the two next Justices of the Peace. And His Majesty doth straitly Charge and Command, That immediately after the said Seventh day of November, the Constables, Churchwardens, and other Parish Officers within the said Cities, and either of them, and within Ten miles of the same, do go from House to House in their several Parishes, Hamlets, Constabularies, and Divisions respectively, and there take an Account of the Names and Surnames of all such Persons as are Popish Recusants, or reputed so to be, as well Householders as Lodgers, or Servants, and to carry a List of their Names to the two next Justices of the Peace, who are hereby Required and Enjoined to send for them, and every of them, and to tender to them and every of them, the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy, and to commit to Prison till the next succeeding Sessions of the Peace, all such

Persons as shall refuse the said Oaths, and at the said next Sessions to proceed against them according to Law: His Majesty hereby giving the said Justices to understand, That the better to enable them to tender the said Oaths, His Majesty hath Commanded respective Commissions to be issued under His Great Seal of England, to the Justices of Peace within the said Cities of London and Westminster, and the Places within Ten miles of the same, to Authorize and Require them, or any two of them respectively, to administer the said Oaths accordingly.

Given at Our Court at Whitehall, the Thirtieth day of October, 1678. in the Thirtieth year of Our Reign.

*Dantzick, Octob. 22.* The Letters from Livonia assure us, that the Suedes Army has pass'd the *Duna*, and intended to take its march through *Courland* towards *Prussia*. From *Po* and we hear, that the *Turks* will not yet suffer the *Polish* Ambassadors to return.

*Vienna, Octob. 23.* Count *Leslie* lying very ill of a Fever, the Emperor has given the command of his Forces in *Hungary* to General *Wurm*, and Orders are sent him to draw all the Force he can together, to suppress the Rebels, who do not only ravage and destroy the Countrey, but have attacked several important places, and made themselves Masters of them. In my last I told you, that Father *Fojsch* was taken Prisoner, which the Rebels having an account of, they sent to the *Imperialists*, to let them know, that in the same manner they treat the said Father *Fojsch*, the Prisoners they have taken shall be dealt with. The Emperor, we hear, is going to publish a General *Par*don in *Hungary*, and has committed that matter to the Archbishop of *Gran*. We have fresh Letters from *Hungary*, which say, that the Rebels besieged *Cremnitz*, and that they intended the 13th instant to make a general Assault upon the place; and that another place, called *Newfoll*, was blocked up by them; and that Letters from *Teckeli*, to the *Bassa* of *Waradin*, had been intercepted, in which he gives the *Bassa* an account of what the Rebels had done, and of the Booty they had made, and offers the Grand *S*gior 100000 Ducats, and the Grand *Vizier* half that Sum for their protection.

*Hamburg, Nov. 1.* We have nothing new since our last, what we told you then of the sad condition of the City of *Straelsund*, of which above two thirds lie in ruins, is confirmed by several persons come from thence, who add, that so soon as his Electoral Highness had received the homage of the Magistrates and Burghers of that City, he would march to *Gripwaldt*, likewise to reduce that place; and in the mean time, it's believed, will send some Troops towards *Prussia*, to secure that Countrey against the *Suedes*, who are marching that way from *Livonia*. From *Denmark* they only write, that the Armies were preparing to go into their Winter-quarters.

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*Francfort, Octob. 29.* From *Strasburg* we understand, that notwithstanding the season, and that the *French* have quitted the Forts of the Bridge, the apprehensions of a Siege are very great there, or at least of their being blocked up this Winter, which would reduce them to great necessities; In case of the first, the Duke of *Lorraine* has assured them he will hazard all to relieve them, and to that end is come with the Imperial Army to *Offenburg*, having sent several Regiments to secure the passages of *Suabia*, where the *French* say they will go seek their Winter-quarters, and to that end have laid a Bridge over the *Rhine* below *Brisac*. The Affairs of *Hungary* are but in an ill posture, the Rebels upon their late successes increasing in strength as well as in their insolences, and being encouraged to new enterprizes; and according to our last Advices they had taken several places, called the *Berg Towns*, which are the more important, because of the Mines that are there, which are now fallen into the hands of the Rebels.

*Cologne, Octob. 28.* The Duke of *Luxemburg* decamped some days since from his quarters at *Wyffweiler*, and is returned towards the *Meuse*, as is believed to enlarge his quarters, the Town of *Fuliers* remaining in the mean time blocked up. The 26th instant the Bishop of *Osnabrug* arrived at *Smarts-Ryndorp*, right over against *Bonne*, where he took a review of his Troops, and is expected this day at *Mulbeim*, half a League from hence. The Marquis de *Grana* lies very ill here of a Fever.

*Ditto, Nov. 1.* The Baron de *Landsee*, the Imperial Minister, having been here some dayes, to oblige these Magistrates not to give the *French* a passage over the *Rhine*, is returned to *Mentz*. On Wednesday last the *French* possessed themselves of *Bruggen, Dolcken, Greuenbracke, and Glabbach*, in the Countrey of *Fuliers*; upon which the *Brandenburg* Troops, under the command of Lieutenant General *Spaen*, passed the *Rhine* the next day at *Orsaw*, and are marched into the Countrey of *Elsen*, so that the lower Diocesis of *Cologne* is now quite freed of the Confederate Troops, who have lived upon those Inhabitants for these 3 or 4 weeks past.

*Maestricht, Nov. 2.* The day is fixed for the evacuation of this place, which is to be the 6th instant, and the *Dutch* Troops that are to come hither, lie ready. The *French* Troops quartered in the Countreys of *Fuliers* and *Liege*, have Orders to live wholly upon the Inhabitants, who will be thus entirely ruined. At this moment we have Advice, that the *Germans* have surprized the Village of *Sennick*, in the Countrey of *Fuliers*, and put all the *French* that were quartered there to the Sword, without giving quarter to one.

*Brussels, Nov. 1.* By the Extraordinary Courier arrived since our last from *Spain*, we are assured, that the King had given Orders for the dispatching the Ratifications, and that they would follow this Courier in few days, who brings the Order of the *Golden Fleece* to his Excellency, and to the Duke d' *Aersbott* Governor of *Hainault*. The Count de *Rafsch*, our Maître de Camp General, is made, in consideration of his great service in the Battle of *Sz. Denys*, Prince de *Rafsch*. Prince *Vaudemon*, upon the same account, is made Gentleman of the Kings Bedchamber in Ordinary, and *Don Francisco Marcos de Velasco*, General of the Artillery, is made one of the great Council of War at *Madrid*, and Monsieur de

*Louigny* has a Pension of 3000 Crowns. All things are disposing on this side for the putting the Troops into Winter-quarters. The Duke of *Luxemburg* is at *Herac* in the Countrey of *Liege*, and they tell us that the detachment of 10000 men, which marched towards *Dinant*, is gone back towards *Fuliers*, to take their Winter-quarters there. Last night arrived here an Express from *Nimeguen*, with an account of *Straelsfond's* being surrendered to the Elector of *Brandenburg*; from whence we are likewise told, that not only the Electors of *Ments* and *Trier*, and the Duke of *Neuburg*, have desired to be comprehended in the late Treaty between *France* and *Holland*, but that the Duke of *Lorraine* hath likewise by his Minister at *Nimeguen*, declared his acceptance of the conditions proposed by *France* in *April* last, with relation to him.

*Ditto, Nov. 4.* People here are much troubled, that the Ratifications tarry thus long, considering the great charge this Countrey lies under, through the Contributions they will pay to the *French*, who being besides displeas'd at this delay, have quartered 200 Troops of Horse in the several Castellaries of *Acib, Audena d, Courtray, Gaun*, and in the Countrey of *Al B*, by which means those Territories, which by the Treaty are to be restored to *Spain*, will be entirely ruined, the charge upon the Inhabitants amounting to 100000 Florins a day. His Excellency hath convey'd the States of *Babans*, of whom he demands a Million and 800 Florins. The Mortality is so great at *Autwerp*, and the Infection so catching, that hardly a House escapes, for which reason the Magistrates of *Molines* and *Louvain*, have prohibited all Commerce with that City, and it's believed, others will follow their example. Monsieur *Dichvelt*, one of the Ambassadors design'd from the States to the *French* Court, expects a Courier this night from the *Hague*, with Orders to begin his journey alone. From *Liege* of the 2d instant they tell us, that the Duke of *Luxemburg* is still at *Herac*, that he had sent a detachment of 5000 Horse towards the Countrey of *Cleves*, and that the *Brandenburg* Troops were thereupon retired in great diligence from *Kempen*, leaving that side of the Dutchy of *Cleves* open. That the *French* have put 1000 men into *Vifet*, and have laid a Bridge over the *Meuse* there. That *Maestricht* is to be certainly evacuated on the 6th instant, the *French* being to march out at the *Clogue* Gate, and the *Dutch* to enter at the *Bussels* Gate. From *Strasburg* of the 28th they write, that the *Marschal de Crequi* was come nearer with his Army, that the *French* had taken two Posts, kept by the Imperialists for the guarding their passage over the *Rhine*, but that they had afterwards quitted them, as also the Forts of the Bridge, after having demolished them.

*Paris, Nov. 8.* The Letters from the *Marschal de Crequi's* Army give an account, that the Marquis de *Ruvigny* was to be the 3d instant at *Crown-Weiffembourg*, to meet there with the Deputie of the Duke of *Lorraine*, to treat a Suspension of Arms. That the Army was advanced as far as *Schlstadt*, where it would continue a day or two, and then go into Winter-quarters. From *Flanders* we are told, that the Count de *Maulverier Colbers* commands a Body of an Army between the *Sambre* and the *Meuse*. It is not doubted but the Court of *Spain* will ratifie the Treaty lately concluded at *Nimeguen*, and it is much wondred the Ratifications stay so long.

#### Advertisements.

THIS is to give Notice, That whereas the *Yorkshire* Feast was appointed to be kept upon the 12th of *November* instant, It is thought convenient, in respect of the *Publick* Fast, to adjourn the same to the 3d of *December* next.

LEFT in a *Hackney Coach*, or lost, on *Tuesday* in the evening, being the 29th of *October* last, between *Temple-Bar* and *Leaden Hall* Streets, *London*, a *Green Bag* with a *Letter Case*, or *Cafe* to put *Papers* in, covered with *Turkey Leather*, wherein is a *Draught* of a *Lease* from one *Mr Rider* to *Mr Tatnall*, of a *Messuage* or *Tenement* in or near *Broad-street*, *London*, and several other *Papers* and *Notes*. Whoever shall give notice of the said *Bag*, with the *Letter-Case* and *Papers* therein, to *Mr Henry Cherry* at the *Chamber of William Cherry Esq*, in *Dr. B. Robinson's* Building near the *Middle-Temple* Hall, shall have two *Guineys* Reward.