

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Monday September 16. to Sunday September 19 1678.

Time, Sept. 16.

Yesterday sailed from hence several Vessels bound for *New England*, *Virginia*, and some Parts of *France*, the Wind at N.W. and the same day passed to the Eastward a considerable Fleet; we told above 30 Sail, and judge them to be homeward bound from the *Streights*, under the Convoy of some of His Majesties Frigats.

Portsmouth, Sept. 17. On the 12 instant arrived at *St. Helens* the *Dover* and *Sweepstakes* Frigats, and since the *Dreadnought*, the *Adventure*, the *Harwich*, *Stoifisire*, *Mountague*, *Lyon*, and *Tork*, are arrived at *Spithead*, whither the *Bristol* and *Lark* Frigats, and the *Ann*, and *Christopher*, and *Castle* Fireships, sailed from hence the 14 and 15, Yesterday in the morning passed by for the *Downes* the *Portsmouth* and *Forefight* Frigats, with 34 Sail of Merchamen under their Convoy from *Plimouth*.

Copenhagen, Sept. 17. There is not any thing worth writing from hence, The Armies in *Schonen* continue encamped within two hours march of each other; and our King is returned hither, which makes us think that there is no great appearance of action. Lieutenant-General *Arensdorf* continues under restraint, and the Commissioners are examining the Articles given in against him.

Hamburg, Sept. 10. We are expecting to hear by every Post that comes from *Pomeran*, that the *Danes* and the *Brandenburgs* have made the attack so much spoken of upon *Rugen*; the last Letters we had from those parts, only said, that the Elector of *Brandenburg* continued at *Wolgast*, and that there was a discourse of an intended interview between the King of *Denmark*, the Elector of *Brandenburg*, the Dukes of *Lunenbourg*, and the Bishop of *Munster*, which was to be held at *Rostocke*, to concert the said design upon *Rugen*, or some other of no less importance, though at the same time the Letters from *Rostocke* speak of a Cessation of Arms. From *Wismar* we have an account, that the *Danes* have taken one *Kipping* a *Suede*, who hath been much employed to carry Letters to and fro, and it's said several Letters of importance was found about him when he was taken.

Strasbourg, Sept. 16. On Monday last part of the Cavalry that is in *Garison* here, marched out, in design to attack a French Brigade that was posted at *Hambergen*, which they did, and killed several of them, but they being reinforced with fresh Troops, our Horse was forced to make haste home again, leaving about twenty of their Companions behind them. The *Sieur de Monclar* has drawn the Troops that were in the *Wantzenaw* from thence, and has embarked them in 19 large Boats, in order to their passing down the *Rhine*, and their joining the *Mareschal de Crequi*. The Imperial Troops that were

at *Offenburg*, being relieved by others, have posted themselves on the *Rhine* at *Nieubof*, which is a little above the Island, which the French are possessed of in the *Rhine*, to hinder the passage of the Vessels which come down with Provisions from *Brissac*, for the use of the French Army. Nine great barks which came from *Brissac*, laden with Meal, run two days since upon the Pales of that part of our Bridge which is burnt, and were all sunk. The abovementioned *Garison* of *Offenburg*, and some Troops of ours have been all this morning skirmishing with the French that are posted in the Isle in the *Rhine*.

From the *Mareschal de Crequi's Camp* at *Minfeldt*, Sept. 16. The 9th instant we quitted the Neighborhood of *Weissenbourg*, and came and encamped in the Plain of *Minfeldt*, where we raised several small Redoubts to secure the head of our Camp towards *Rheinsabernd* and *Wickem*. The 14th, the *Mareschal de Crequi* having advice that 400 Imperial Horse, and 200 Foot were at *Landau*, he detached the *Sieur de Saint Silvestre*, with some Horse and Dragoons, to remove them from thence, and the next day followed himself with 200 of the Kings Guards, 200 Dragoons, and the Brigade of the Queen; but the Enemy after some skirmishes with the *Sieur Silvestre*, retired in disorder, and abandoned *Landau*, where the *Mareschal* found great quantity of Corn and Forage, which was brought to our Camp. The 14th likewise the *Sieur de Langallerie* had advice, that the *Baron de Mercy*, who commands the Cavalry in *Garison* at *Strasbourg*, was come out with a Body of Horse, in design to surprize him in his quarter at *Hochfeldt*, whereupon the said *Sieur de Langallerie* caused his Brigade to mount, and to march towards the Enemy; and being come near them, commanded 100 to advance and to charge the Enemy; but the rest coming likewise into the action, the Imperialists retired with precipitation. The *Baron de Monclar* is come with the Brigade of *Beaupré* to *Lauterbourg*, and the *Sieur de Langallerie* remains with his Brigade and two Battalions in the *Wantzenaw*. The Count de *Schomberg*, who was some time since taken prisoner by the Imperialists is here upon his Parole.

Frankfort, Sept. 17. The Imperial Troops continue to live very disorderly in the *Palatinate*; they having within these few days plundered several Villages near the *Bergstrach*, as also the Castle of *Ormsbach*. We have Letters from the Imperial Camp dated yesterday at *Sreck*, which tell us, that the Duke of *Lorraine* understanding that the French had a design to attack his Bridge, had commanded all his Infantry to pass the *Rhine*, and to join the Body commanded by General *Caprara* and General *Schulze*. The Letters from *Nimegue* giving an account of the great likelihood there is, that the difficulties between *France* and *Spain* will be overcome, and the Treaty brought to perfection, makes these Princes of the Empire, who were before very desirous of