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Westminster, June 10, 1791.

THIS Day His Majesty came to the House of Peers, and being in His Royal Robes, seated on the Throne with the usual Solemnity, Sir Francis Molyneux, Knight, Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, was sent with a Message from His Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their Attendance in the House of Peers. The Commons being come thither accordingly, His Majesty was pleased to give the Royal Assent to

An Act for the Payment of the Sum of Five Hundred Thousand Pounds by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer.

An Act for regulating the Importation and Exportation of Corn, and the Payment of the Duty on Foreign Corn imported, and of the Duty on British Corn exported.

An Act to repeal certain Parts of an Act, passed in the Fourteenth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for making more effectual Provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec, in North America, and to make further Provision for the Government of the said Province.

An Act to relieve, upon Conditions, and under Restrictions, the Persons therein described, from certain Penalties and Disabilities to which Papists, or Persons professing the Popish Religion, are by Law subject.

An Act to continue, for a limited Time, and to amend an Act, made in the last Session of Parliament, intitled, An Act to amend and continue, for a limited Time, several Acts of Parliament for regulating the shipping and carrying Slaves in British Vessels from the Coast of Africa.

An Act for better protecting the several Oyster Fisheries within this Kingdom.

An Act for the better regulating of Gaols and other Places of Confinement.

An Act for making and maintaining a navigable Canal from, or from near to, the Town of Birmingham,

in the County of Warwick, to communicate with the River Severn, near to the City of Worcester.

An Act for confirming an Agreement entered into between the Company of Proprietors of the Undertaking for recovering and preserving the Navigation of the River Don, and certain Lords of Manors, and other Persons intitled to Right of Common upon the Wastes and Commons, and the old Common Salt Marpes, lying on the South Side of the said River, below, or to the North-East of Greenfield Gate, in the County of Flint, and an Award made in Consequence thereof.

An Act for the better Regulation and Government of the Company of Cutlers, within the Liberty of Hallamshire, in the County of York, and within six Miles of the said Liberty, and of their Journeymen and Apprentices.

An Act for paving, lighting, watching, cleansing, watering, repairing, and keeping in Repair, Finsbury Square, in the Parish of St. Luke, in the County of Middlesex, and Part of the Manor of Finsbury, and certain other Streets and Places communicating with, or near to, the said Square, and for preventing or removing Nuisances and Annoyances within the same.

An Act for continuing and amending certain Acts, of the Second and Twenty-second Years of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from Flimwell Vent, in the County of Sussex, through Highgate, in the County of Kent, and the Parishes of Sandhurst, Newenden, and Northiam, to Rye, in the said County of Sussex, and from Highgate aforesaid, to Cooper's Corner, in the said County of Sussex, and for repairing and widening a Piece of Road communicating with one of the Roads comprized in the said Acts, called Whitebread-Lane.

An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of several Acts, made for repairing the Roads from Livingstone, by the Kirk of Shotts, to the City of Glasgow, and by the Town of Hamilton to the Town of Strathaven, and for repairing and widening the Roads from the Confines of the County of Ayr, at or near Lochgate, to the Town of Strathaven, and for repairing the several Roads leading into the City of Glasgow, so far as the same relate to the Road leading from the Town of Airdrie

[Price One Shilling.]



towards the City of Glasgow, through the Village of Shettleston, till it falls into the Great Road from Murriehall to the said City; and for repairing the Road from the said Great Road, by Drygate and Whitehill, to Garnyne, and for repairing and widening several other Roads; and for building a Bridge over the River Clyde, at or near Theevesford; and for opening and making certain Streets in and near the City of Glasgow.

And to Five Private Bills.

After which His Majesty was pleased to make the following most Gracious Speech:

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

IN closing the present Session of Parliament, I cannot omit expressing My Satisfaction in that Zeal for the Public Interests, with which you have applied yourselves to the Consideration of the different Objects which I recommended to your Attention.

The Measures which have been adopted for defraying the extraordinary Expences of the last Year, in such a Manner as not to make any permanent Addition to the Public Burthens, and the Provisions which have been made for the good Government and Prosperity of My Subjects in Canada, call for My particular Acknowledgments.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

I return you My Thanks for the Readiness with which you have granted the Supplies necessary for the Public Service, and for the Proof of your affectionate Attachment, in enabling Me to provide for a Part of the Charges of the Younger Branches of My Family out of the Consolidated Fund.

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

I am not yet enabled to inform you of the Result of the Steps which I have taken with a View to the Re-establishment of Peace between Russia and the Porte: It is My earnest Wish that this important Object may be effectuated in such a Manner as may contribute to the Preservation and Maintenance of the general Tranquillity of Europe. I feel, with the greatest Satisfaction, the Confidence which you have reposed in Me, and My constant Endeavours will be directed to the Pursuit of such Measures as may appear to Me best calculated to promote the Interests and Happiness of My People, which are inseparable from My own.

Then the Lord Chancellor, by His Majesty's Command, said:

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

IT is His Majesty's Royal Will and Pleasure, that this Parliament be prorogued to Tuesday the Sixteenth Day of August next, to be then here holden; and this Parliament is accordingly prorogued to Tuesday the Sixteenth Day of August next.

AT the Court at St. James's, the 8th of June, 1791.

P R E S E N T,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THIS Day the Right Honourable Sir William Hamilton, Knight of the Bath, was, by His Majesty's Command, sworn of His Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, and took his Place at the Board accordingly.

His Majesty having been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Henry Dundas to be One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, he was this

Day, by His Majesty's Command, sworn One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State accordingly.

AT the Court at St. James's, the 10th Day of June, 1791.

P R E S E N T,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WH E R E A S by an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled; "An Act to continue, for a limited Time, certain Provisions contained in an Act made in this present Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act for indemnifying all Persons who have been concerned in advising or carrying into Execution certain Orders of Council respecting the Importation and Exportation of Corn and Grain, and also certain Orders issued by the Governor-General of His Majesty's Colonies in America, and for preventing Suits in consequence of the same, and for making further Provisions relative thereto, relating to the Importation and Exportation of Corn and Grain, and to authorize His Majesty to permit the Exportation of Corn, Grain, Meal or Flour, and to prohibit the Importation thereof on the low Duties," it was enacted, that at any Time before the 28th Day of February, 1791, it should be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, (among other Things) to prohibit, for a limited Time, the Importation on the low Duties of Foreign Wheat, Wheat-Flour, Rye, Rye-Meal, Barley, Barley-Meal, Oats, Oat-Meal, Pease and Beans, and in like Manner to recal such Prohibition, if Circumstances should appear so to require; and all Persons acting contrary to such Prohibition were thereby made liable to the Penalties and Forfeitures therein mentioned.

And whereas by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, "An Act to continue and amend so much of Two Acts, made in the last Session of Parliament, as relates to the Importation and Exportation of Corn and Grain, and to the authorizing His Majesty to permit the Exportation of Corn, Grain, Meal or Flour, and to prohibit the Importation thereof on the low Duties," the said before recited Act was further continued in Force until the 10th Day of June, 1791.

And whereas by virtue of the Powers vested in His Majesty by the before-mentioned Acts, His Majesty was pleased, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, on the 13th Day of October, 1790, the 5th Day of January, the 18th Day of February, and the 23d Day of March, 1791, to make certain Orders for regulating the Importation of Foreign Wheat, Wheat-Flour, Rye, Rye-Meal, Barley, Barley-Meal, Oats, Oat-Meal, Pease and Beans, which were to continue in Force, by virtue of the last mentioned Order, until the 10th Day of this instant June.

And whereas by another Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, "An Act for regulating the Importation and Exportation of Corn, and the Payment of the Duty on Foreign Corn imported, and of the Bounty on British Corn exported," it was enacted, That so much of the herein before-mentioned Act, intituled, "An Act for indemnifying all Persons who have been concerned in advising or carrying into Execution certain Orders of Council respecting the Importation and Exportation of Corn and Grain, and also certain Orders issued by the Governor-General

“ General of His Majesty’s Colonies in America, and for preventing Suits in consequence of the same, and for making further Provisions relative thereto,” as relates to the Importation and Exportation of Corn and Grain, and also the Whole of the above recited Act passed in the said Thirtieth Year of His Majesty’s Reign, should continue and be in Force until the 15th Day of November, 1791; His Majesty is thereupon pleased, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, pursuant to the Powers vested in His Majesty by the said Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, “ An Act for regulating the Importation and Exportation of Corn, and the Payment of the Duty on Foreign Corn imported, and of the Bounty on British Corn exported,” to order, and doth hereby order, That so much of the Regulations in each and every of the said Orders respectively contained, as were in Force and Effect until the 10th Day of June, 1761, respecting the Importation of Foreign Wheat, Wheat-Flour, Rye, Rye-Meal, Barley, Barley-Meal, Oats, Oat-Meal, Pease and Beans respectively, or warehousing the same respectively, shall be and continue in Force and Effect from the Day of the Date of this Order until the 15th Day of November, 1791, in like Manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as the same were in Force and Effect immediately before the said 10th Day of June, 1761, unless His Majesty shall think fit, with the Advice aforesaid, to revoke the same in Whole or in Part.

And the Right Honorable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty’s Treasury are to give the necessary Directions herein accordingly.

Steph. Cottrell.

Whitehall, June 11.

The King has been pleased to grant to Sir James Peachey, Baronet, the Place or Office of Gentleman and Master of His Majesty’s Robes.

The King has also been pleased to grant to the Reverend Charles Bostock, Doctor of Laws, and his Issue, his Royal Licence and Authority to assume the Surname and bear the Arms of Rich only; such Arms being first duly exemplified according to the Laws of Arms, and recorded in the Heralds Office; And also to order that this His Majesty’s Concession and Declaration be registered in His College of Arms.

Whitehall, June 11.

The following Advices have been received from the East Indies by the Rodney, one of the Company’s Ships.

Extract of a Letter from the Right-Honourable Lord Cornwallis to the Right Honourable W. W. Grenville, dated Fort St. George, December 28, 1790.

IN pursuance of the Intention which I notified you in my Letter dated the 15th of November, I left Calcutta on the 6th, to embark in the Vesta Frigate at Diamond Harbour, and, after a very prosperous Passage, I landed here on the 13th Instant. My Time has been partly employed in attending to several important Points of the Civil Business of this Presidency, but principally in acquiring minute Information of various Kinds respecting the Condition of the Troops, of the Magazines of Provisions and Military Stores, and of the Nature of the different Passes that lead into the Mysore Country; and, after the most deliberate Reflection, I have determined, instead of prosecuting the Plan of the Southern Invasion, to penetrate, by

the Passes that lead from the Centre of the Carnatic, and to commence our Operations with the Sieges of Oussore and Bangalore, unless Tippoo should resolve to hazard an Action; and it’s Event shall render it expedient to take other Measures.

I have accordingly instructed General Medows, who had approached Tritchinopoly before my Arrival at this Place, after he shall have made the Arrangements that I have directed for the Southern Garrisons, to march the whole Army from Tritchinopoly to Trinomalee, and there to form it into two Divisions, entering the Enemy’s Country with one of them by the Changama Pass, and ordering the other to continue it’s March, as lightly equipped as possible, to meet me with the Reinforcements from Bengal, and a considerable Quantity of heavy Artillery, which I shall carry from hence, at Arnee, from which Place it is my Intention to proceed, to complete our battering Train from the Magazines at Vellore and Amboor, and to advance through such of the Passes in that Quarter as may be found most convenient to form a Junction with the other Column near Oussore.

The Distance between the Columns will, at no Period of the March, be very great, and the Ruggedness of the Country, as well as their own Strength, will secure them against Danger from an Enemy; whose principal Force consists in Cavalry, whilst Supplies of different Kinds will be more easily obtained by the Separation of their Route; and there will be at the same Time an Opportunity on the March to reduce or conciliate a Number of Poygars, who would have it in their Power either to facilitate or embarrass the Communication with our Magazines in the Carnatic.

The Accounts that I have received of the State of the Army, and of the Magazines and Military Stores that have been collected at Arnee, Vellore and Amboor, upon which I shall have Occasion by the intended Plan of Operations to depend for Supplies, have given me great Satisfaction; but above all, the liberal and friendly Manner in which General Medows has assured me of his cordial Assistance and Support in the Execution of any Measures that I may adopt, whilst it reflects the highest Honor upon his own Character, has afforded me a Gratification which it is not easy to describe.

Copy of a Letter from Major-General Abercromby to Earl Cornwallis, dated Firickabad, December 22, 1790.

MY LORD,

IN my last Letter I had the Honor of acquainting you with the Capture of Cannanore, and the Surrender of the Force employed by Tippoo to defend it. The Prisoners have since been removed, under an Escort, beyond Billipatain River.

You will also have been inform’d of the successful Attack made by Colonel Hartley at Firerugarry, and his obtaining Possession of Firickabad, the Capital of Tippoo on this Coast. His brilliant Success, and the good Fortune of the Detachment under my Command, have not only opened the Pariaie River, but completely cleared the Malabar Coast, and left us at Liberty for any further Operations that may be thought necessary.

In order as much as possible to exert myself for the Good of the Service, I determined to come to this Place, and consult with Colonel Hartley on the most advisable Plan to be adopted consistent with his Orders. I arrived here this Morning, and have now the Honor of communicating our Ideas on the Subject.

Our last Accounts from the Army left General Medows in Pursuit of Tippoo, and near Trichinopoly. As this Movement makes it uncertain when he can ascend the Ghauts, any Operations of ours must depend on a Knowledge of his Intentions & Expectations. If the General's Determination is, Colonel Hartley to join him still remaining in force, it is my Intention to return to Bombay, and leave the Troops I have brought down at Tellicherry, after reinforcing Colonel Hartley with two native Battalions for him to return to Paligauti with. (But if you are of Opinion, that joint Force can be employed with greater Effect, I am decided that a powerful Division might be made by us in the Canara Country, provided it is probable that the Grand Army does not soon ascend.

If fortunately, however, it is found practicable for it to move towards Seringapatam, we are of Opinion that we can march from thence with our Force, and all the Stores for the Grand Army, through the Tambercherry Pass, and joint above the Ghauts.

These I have the Honor to assure you are our Sentiments; how far they may accord with your Intention it is impossible for me to decide. We mean, however, to remain until your Orders arrive. Colonel Hartley to the Southward of Tellicherry, and my Detachment between Decla and Cananore.

The Necessity of our ultimate Decision on these Points has induced us to send an Express immediately with this Letter; and we have to entreat that positive and immediate Orders may be given us how to act.

Captain Byron has been kind enough to bring me hither in His Majesty's Ship Phoenix; I mean to return with him Tomorrow; and I am pleased at an Opportunity of assuring you he has been of essential Service, not only in a well directed Fire from his Ship, but in his Exertions in forwarding the Public Stores, and in landing with 2, Eighteen Pounders his Marines, and Part of his Crew, to assist in the Reduction of Carley.

I have the Honor to be,

&c. &c.

Rob. Abercromby.

Extract of a Letter from the President and Council of Fort St. George, in their Political Department, to the Court of Directors, dated January 20, 1791.

OUR last Communication respecting the Operation of the Grand Army advised you of the important Capture of Palicauclerry, by a Detachment of the Army under Colonel Stuart, and of a Check it had occurred by a sudden Attack of the Enemy upon the Force stationed on the Banks of the Bawanne River, under the Command of Lieutenant-Colonel Floyd; we shall now continue the Subject.

Lieutenant-Colonel Hartley, with the Force stationed in the Travancore Country, having received Orders from the Commander in Chief to advance to Palicauclerry, arrived safely at that Place a few Days after it had surrendered; and opportunely sent the Three Coast Battalions to Coimbatour just before the Enemy made his Appearance in the Neighbourhood of that Place.

We learn by a Letter from the Commander in Chief, dated the 23rd of October, that the Enemy as usual had studiously avoided coming to Action, but that by a sudden Movement he had appeared before

Daraporah, where there were no Guns; that the Garrison were obliged to capitulate, and had in consequence been released upon the Express Condition of not serving during the War.

The General being extremely anxious that the Centre Army should enter the Baramahal Country, and proceed to Caveripatam previous to the setting in of the Rains, in order that the two Armies might be ready to act in conjunction, we sent Orders to Lieutenant-Colonel Maxwell (who had succeeded to the Command of the Centre Army, upon the Decease of Colonel Kelly) as directed in our Letter of the 25th of October, to hasten his March to Caveripatam.

We were shortly after informed, by a Letter from the Colonel, that he had reached Trepature, distant from Caveripatam about Twenty-five Miles: That the Arrival of his Army in the Enemy's Country had inspired the Inhabitants with Confidence, and that the whole of the Villages had accepted a Coward Protection.

In subsequent Letters we were advised of the Arrival of the Army at Caveripatam, and of the Appearance of the Enemy in considerable Force. Colonel Maxwell at the same Time transmitted the following Account of an Attack that had been made upon the 1st Regiment of Cavalry. "The Enemy's Irregular Horse having driven off some Cattle from the Front of the Camp where they were grazing, the 1st Regiment of Cavalry imprudently pursued them through a narrow Pass, on the other Side of which 3000 Horse, regularly drawn up, immediately attacked them. Under these Disadvantages, however, the Regiment made good their Retreat, but not without considerable Loss. Lieutenant Fonbanque, Cornets Hoare and De Morgan, and Fifty Men and Horses, were reported missing. Cornet De Morgan was said to have been killed, the other Officers wounded and taken." Colonel Maxwell added, that the Army was surrounded by Horse, and that Tippoo was in the Field.

We immediately communicated to the Commander in Chief, by Express, the Situation of Lieutenant-Colonel Maxwell, for although we had no Apprehension that he could be worried in an Action, yet we felt much Anxiety lest the numerous Bodies of Cavalry belonging to the Enemy hovering around him, might cut off his Baggage, and distress him for Want of Provisions; but we were soon relieved from all Uneasiness, by a Letter from the General, informing us, that he was crossing the Cavery with the whole Army in Pursuit of the Enemy, who had marched to the Northward a few Days before, with an Intention, it was supposed, of attacking Colonel Maxwell. The General added, that he was under no Alarm for the Safety of the Centre Army, which though perhaps not able to beat the Enemy in full Force, could certainly hold out until his Arrival.

On the 19th of November the Juno Pilot Sloop arrived in these Roads from Bengal, and brought us Dispatches from the Governor-General in Council, which announced the Intention of Earl Cornwallis to take upon himself in Person the Conduct of the War, in consequence of his Lordship's Apprehensions that the Marattas and the Nizam would be discouraged, if, from the Want of Provisions, our Army should not be able to invade the Mysore Country at the Time they had been taught to expect it.

Captain Kyd, the Company's Surveyor-General, and Lieutenant Robinson, Aid de Camp to the Governor-

Major-General, were sent down in the Juno for the Purpose of collecting Information upon particular Points, to be reported by them to his Lordship upon his Arrival at Madras.

We accordingly issued the necessary Orders to the Heads of Departments at the Presidency, directing that every Information should be given to the Gentlemen deputed from Bengal.

We lost no Time in communicating the Purport of the abovementioned Dispatches to Major-General Meadows; we also advised him of the Reinforcements expected from Bengal, consisting of His Majesty's 73d Regiment, 50 Matrosses of Artillery, 200 Land's, about 1400 Sepoys, and a complete Regiment of Cavalry.

Our next Advices from General Meadows stated, that after having marched seven Days successively, he was within fifteen Miles of Colonel Maxwell, to whom he had sent five Squadrons of Dragoons, and Orders to join him; and that Tippoo had declined an Engagement, not liking the judicious Position of Colonel Maxwell, nor the near Approach of the Grand Army.

General Meadows informed us that he had seen the Enemy two Days before, about twenty Miles distant, on his Return from Colonel Maxwell, pitching his Tents just as our Army had come to the Ground, after a long fatiguing March through the Pass of Tapoor: That three Guns having been fired as a Signal to Colonel Maxwell, the Enemy immediately decamped, and halted on the Ghauts by the Odeadgam Pass.

The General having in View the material Object of joining Colonel Maxwell, bent his Course direct to Caveripattam, and soon after formed the Junction; upon which he wrote to us, that having now an Army sufficient to secure his Convoys, and keep open his Communication with Palicaudcherry and Coimbatour, he meant forthwith to proceed up the Coveriporam Pass, and take Post at the Head of the Guzzelattaty, until the Battering Train, expected from Bombay, should join, and enable him to proceed to the Siege of Seringapatam.

The next Advices from the General stated, that pursuant to his intended Plan of Operations, he had moved towards the Coveriporam Pass, where, as he wrote to us in his last, he meant to have gone up; but that during the March he found the Enemy had retired back, from his apparently going up the Ghauts, and was upon his March before him.

The Intention of immediately ascending the Ghauts was therefore given up. The Enemy was rapidly pursued, and, after a very long March, the General got so near to him as to cannonade his Rear. A few of his best Horses were killed. But, as he moved (the General observed) so much lighter than our Army, and without such Swarms of Followers, he got down the Tapoor Pass, and continued his March before him towards Errood.

The General added, that he should march the next Day in pursuit of the Enemy, who he hoped would not be able to repass the Cavery unmolested. That the going up the Coveriporam Pass, and leaving the Enemy at the Bottom, would be attended with bad Consequences; and that he was far from despairing of driving him up, sooner or later, or bringing him to a general Action first, and following him up afterwards.

The next Letter from General Meadows was dated near Caroor, in which he gave us the following general Idea of the Army, its Situation and Destination: since its Junction with Colonel Maxwell.

"The Two Armies having joined, pursued the Enemy towards this Place (Caroor.) He is reported to have crossed the Cavery lower down. As he moves evidently lighter than us, and as his Intentions seem to be the detaining us below the Ghauts till he has gathered in the Crops, which I understand are just now cutting, and lodge them safely in his Forts, I think, and I think with some of the ablest Officers in the Army, the most determined Measure the likeliest to bring him to Action, and drive him out of this Country, is boldly to go up the Ghauts ourselves, which I mean to do by the Coveriporam Pass, and taking Post at the Head of the Guzzelattaty, and opening the Tumlercherry, preserve our Communication with Coimbatour, Palicaudcherry, and the other Coast."

The General imagined that he should be able to set out for Coveriporam Pass by the 8th of December at farthest; and expressed his Belief, that if he were once up the Ghauts the Enemy would fight or treat.

About this Time we received Intelligence from the Commanding Officer at Trichinopoly, that the Enemy had appeared in great Force in the Neighbourhood of that Place; and that there was Reason to believe, from the Preparations he was making, an Attack upon Trichinopoly was the Object in View.

The Enemy however, after remaining some Days encamped within Sight of the Fort, moved of a sudden to the Northward, having previously destroyed the Officers Quarters on the Island of Seringam, and burnt the surrounding Villages; and shortly after we received Intelligence that he had advanced as far as Tiagar, of which he threatened the Siege.

It appears that the sudden Movement of the Enemy from Trichinopoly was occasioned by the Approach of General Meadows, who informed us, in a Letter dated December 5, that some Circumstances, "such as the unusual swelling of the River, and the apparently setting in of the Monsoon, the daily expected Arrival of Lord Cornwallis, and some other Reasons, had determined him to proceed towards Trichinopoly, before he attempted the Execution of the Plan communicated in his last Letter; by which Means the Country would be cleared of the Enemy, the Faculty of Lord Cornwallis's joining the Army ensured, and his Lordship enabled to pursue the War in the Manner judged by him most eligible; all which might be very uncertain, should the Army proceed without him." The General hoped that, for the above Reasons, beside some other Advantages of providing the Army with many Things in the Neighbourhood of Trichinopoly, of which, after Six Months in the Field they stood much in Need, we should approve the Suspension for a short Time of the Plan of Operations, which he had before reported to us as his Intention immediately to pursue.

In



In the concluding Paragraph of the above Letter, the General stated that he had received a Kind of Overture to a Treaty from Tippoo's Minister, which, with the Answer, he means to submit to Lord Cornwallis upon his Arrival.

General Medows in his next Letter informed us of his Arrival at Trichinopoly, where he purposed remaining until he should receive Orders from Lord Cornwallis. If no Orders were received, and his Lordship should be prevented by any unforeseen Circumstance from taking the Command of the Army in Person, it was the General's Intention, in that Case, to commence his March towards the Mysore Country on the 1st of January, and endeavour, by the most determined Measures, to bring the War to an honorable Conclusion before the Month of June.

On the 12th of December, in the Evening, the Vestal Frigate anchored in the Roads, with the Governor-General on board. His Lordship was received at his Landing, the next Morning, with every Respect due to his Rank and Station, and a general Order was immediately issued, directing all Officers and Soldiers under this Presidency to obey his Lordship as Commander in Chief in India.

The Governor-General in Council having informed us of the Powers with which Earl Cornwallis had been invested during his Absence from Fort William, we shall, in consequence thereof, pay the same Respect and Attention to his Lordship's Orders and Instructions as if they were conveyed to us by the special Concurrence and Sanction of the Governor-General in Council assembled.

Captain Evans, who commanded at Daraporam, has laid before us a Copy of the Articles of the Capitulation, under which the Fort and Garrison were delivered up to the Enemy. We have great Satisfaction in observing to you, that Tippoo's Engagements with Captain Evans were scrupulously adhered to, and the Troops composing the Garrison, which consisted of 317, (including Officers) were treated with Respect, and dispatched with a Flag of Truce to General Medows.

At the Recommendation of the Governor-General, we have directed the Troops abovementioned to march to Ellore, where they are for the present, to remain under the Capitulation, which prohibits them from bearing Arms against Tippoo Sultaun during the present War.

We feel very sincere Pleasure in reporting to your Honorable Court the complete Success of your Arms on the Malabar Coast. Lieutenant Colonel Hartley, with His Majesty's 75th Regiment, Two Battalions of native Infantry, and a few Artillery, gained a signal Victory, on the 10th ultimo, over a Party of the Enemy, consisting of 9000 disciplined Men, and 4000 Moplas. The Battle was fought a few Miles from Calicut, and was conducted with the greatest Coolness, but at the same Time with the most determined Courage, by our Troops. Our Loss was very trifling, viz.

Officers killed, none; wounded slightly, 4.

Privates killed, 4 of the 75th Regiment, 3 of the 7th Battalion native Infantry. Wounded, 3 Serjants and about 40 Men.

Lieutenant Colonel Hartley, in speaking of the Enemy's Loss, says, "One of their principal Sirdars, and above One Hundred Men, were found

" dead in the Ditch and at the Gateway. Their
" wounded are very numerous. Hussian Ally Cawn,
" Two Sirdars, and about Nine Hundred Men,
" are taken. Their Loss upwards of One Thou-
" sand Men."

The Colonel pursued the Enemy to Firickabad, a new Fort built by Tippoo, adjoining to Calicut; but the Night before his Arrival, Mautaub Cawn, the Leader of the Party, with about Two Hundred Men, carried off, through the Tumbercherry Pass, all the public Treasure. The Fort of Firickabad was evacuated, Fifteen Hundred Men laid down their Arms. Baypore, and all the Vessels in the Harbour, submitted, as did Six Thousand Inhabitants.

Shortly after the above Advices were received that Major-General Abercromby had arrived at Cannanore; that the Fort had surrendered at Discretion, and that all the Troops in the Neighbourhood had laid down their Arms, by which Means, and in Consequence of the brilliant Success of Colonel Hartley, the Paniana River had been opened, and the Malabar Coast completely cleared.

General Abercromby speaks in high Terms of the Conduct of Captain Byron, commanding His Majesty's Frigate the Phoenix, who rendered with Cheerfulness every Assistance, and facilitated by his Exertions the Reduction of Carley.

We have the Pleasure to inform you, that the Marattas and the Nizam seem at length determined to prosecute the War with Vigor against the common Enemy. Our Detachments serving with the respective Armies of these States, will, we hope, by their Courage and Conduct, inspire our Allies with Confidence, and enable them to act with Effect. The Maratta Army is now before Darwar, a principal Fortress of Tippoo, on the Southern Bank of the Kistna. The Reduction of this Place, which is expected soon to happen, will open the Country for the Invasion of the rich Province of Bednore, and give Alarm to the Center of the Enemy's Dominions. The Nizam's Army, on the other Hand, after taking the Fort of Cummum, is now besieging Kopaul, a Place of much Consequence, which, in its Fall, will ensure an easy Conquest of the Enemy's surrounding Possessions, and effectually protect our Northern Circars. We hope, therefore, that Tippoo will soon be confined within the Circle of the Mysore Country, and that the ensuing Campaign will terminate the War in a Manner highly favourable to the Security of the Allies.

Extract of a Letter from the President and Council at Fort St. George, in their Political Department, to the Court of Directors, dated January 28, 1791.

WE have the Honour to inform you, that the Army is now encamped at Vehout, about Fourteen Miles from the Presidency; and that Lord Cornwallis expects to begin his March towards the Mysore Country in a few Days.

Lord Chamberlain's Office, June 11, 1791.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Drawing-Room at St. James's will be continued once a Fortnight till further Orders. The next will be on Thursday the 23d Instant.

War-Office, June 11.

- 2^d (or *Queen's*) *Regiment of Dragoon Guards*, William Tudor, Gent. is appointed to be Surgeon, by Purchase, vice Gavin Hamilton, who retires.
- 10th *Regiment of Foot*, Lieutenant William Belford, from the Half-Pay of the Independent Companies, to be Lieutenant, vice Hall, placed on the Half-Pay.
- 14th *Regiment of Foot*, Surgeon John Ramsay, from the Half-Pay of Pringle's late Corps of Foot, to be Surgeon, vice James Duffy, who exchanges.
- 18th (or *the Royal Irish*) *Regiment of Foot*, William Johnston, Gent. to be Ensign, by Purchase, vice Henry Wolfeley, who retires.
- 19th *Regiment of Foot*, Charles H. Cogan, Gent. to be Ensign, by Purchase, vice Patrick O'Connor, promoted.
- 22^d (*Highland*) *Regiment of Foot*, Ensign Edward Edwin Colman to be Lieutenant, by Purchase, vice Duffe, promoted to an Independent Company.

Dublin-Castle, June 6, 1791.

Saturday last being the Anniversary of His Majesty's Birth-Day, the Great Guns at the Salute Battery in His Majesty's Park the Phoenix were fired Three Rounds, and answered by Volleys from the Regiments in Garrison, which were drawn out in the Royal Square at the Barracks. At Noon there was a very numerous Assembly of the Nobility and other Persons of Distinction at the Castle, who appeared in great Splendor, to compliment his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, before whom an Ode, set to Music, was performed. In the Evening a Play was given by his Excellency to the Ladies; and at Night there were Bonfires, Illuminations, and all other Demonstrations of Joy throughout the City.

SEVERAL Persons, whose Names are thereunto subscribed, on Behalf of themselves and others, being legal Electors of Members to serve in Parliament for the Borough of Newark in the County of Nottingham, having this Day presented their Petition to the House of Commons, setting forth, That upon the Twenty-second Day of March, One Thousand Seven Hundred and Ninety-one, the Select Committee who were appointed to try and determine the Merits of a Petition of William Paxton, Esquire, and also the Petition of several other Persons, Electors of Members to serve in Parliament for the said Borough, reported to the House, that they had determined, "That the Right of voting for Members to serve in Parliament for the Borough of Newark in the County of Nottingham is in the Mayor, Aldermen, and all the Inhabitants paying Scot and Lot, within the said Borough." That the Petitioners are advised, that the said Right of voting, so determined by the said Select Committee, is not the Right of Election for the said Borough. Therefore, and to prevent the said Judgment of the said Select Committee from becoming final and conclusive, the Petitioners pray, that they may be admitted as Parties, according to the Form of the Statute in that Case lately made and provided, to oppose the said Right of Election in Favour of which the said Select Committee have reported as aforesaid; and that they may have such other Relief in the Premises as to the House shall seem meet, and the Nature of the Case may require.

I do hereby give Notice that the House has appointed Tuesday the Thirtieth Day of August next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, to take the said Petition into Consideration. Given under my Hand the Ninth Day of June, One Thousand Seven Hundred and Ninety-one.

HENRY ADDINGTON, Speaker.

Stockholm, May 27.

The King of Sweden set out for Germany on Tuesday the 24th Instant, and embarked at Daleröe early the next Morning, with an Intention to land at Rostock; having previously appointed a Regency, at the Head of which is the Prince Royal. The other Members are, the Chief-Justice-General, Count Wachtmeister; the Senators Count Oxenstierna and Count Bonde; Baron Armfelt, Baron Ruuth, and the Secretary of State Monsieur de Franc.

Custom-House, London, June 10, 1791.

P O R S A L E,

BY Order of the Honourable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, in pursuance of an Act of Parliament of the Third Year of His present Majesty, on Tuesday the 21st and Wednesday the 22^d of June, 1791, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoons of the said Days, in the Long-Room, Custom-House, London,

The following Goods,

Which are allotted in small Quantities, for the better Accommodation of the several Dealers, as well as private Persons, who chuse to become Purchasers.

For Exportation,

East India Prohibited Goods, Silks, Blois and Thread Bone Lace and Leather Gloves.

For Home Consumption,

Muslins, Linen, Printed Callico, Cotton and Linen Checks, Nankeen Cloth, Shawls, Hosiery, Haberdashery, Pictures, China Ware, Sugar and other Groceries, Horse Hair, Wisp Brooms, Skins, Elephant's Teeth, Drugs, Oats, Barley, Malt, Coals, a Yawl and Materials, Boats, Materials of Vessels, Artificial Flowers, Chalk, Pink Root, Woollen Cloth, Fans, Mustrooms, Pill Boxes, Refused Wine, Tobacco Ashes, Cinders, and sundry other Sorts of Goods as mentioned in the Catalogues.

* Clear of all Duties,

East India Prohibited Goods excepted.

The Coals, Yawl, Boats, &c. to be viewed at the Tobacco Grounds, near the Wet Dock, Rotherhithe; the Tobacco Ashes and Cinders, at the King's Tobacco Warehouse, Tower-hill; and all the other Goods, together with Samples of the Corn, at the King's Warehouse, Custom-House, London, on Friday the 17th, Saturday the 18th and Monday the 28th of June, 1791, from Nine to One in the Forenoons, and in the Mornings before the Sale; where Catalogues will be delivered.

King's Sedgmoor Drainage and Division. — First Meeting.

WE, the Commissioners named and appointed in and by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Thirty-first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King

King George the Third, intituled, "An Act for Draining and Dividing a certain Moor or Tract of Waste Land, called King's Sedgemoor, in the County of Somerset", do hereby give Notice, that we shall meet at the House of William Came, called the George Inn, situate in Bridgwater, in the said County of Somerset, on Monday the 20th Day of June next, and proceed to the Execution of the said Act. Dated May 18, 1791.

H. Hobhouse.
H. Somerville.
Jas. Bernard.
H. W. Sanford.
John Billingley.

London, June 9, 1791.

Notice is hereby given, that a General Court of the Governor and Company for working of Mines, Minerals and Metals in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland will be held at the Sun Fire Office, in Bank-street, Cornhill, on Thursday the 14th of July next, at Twelve of the Clock at Noon, to consider of a Dividend; and that the Transfer Books will be shut on Thursday the 30th Instant.

Royal Exchange Assurance Office,
June 8, 1791.

THE Court of Directors of the Royal Exchange Assurance do hereby give Notice, That their Transfer Books will be shut from Tuesday the 21st of June instant, to Tuesday the 12th of July next; and that a General Court of the said Company will be holden at their Office on the Royal Exchange, on Wednesday the 22d of June instant, at Eleven in the Forenoon, to consider of a Dividend, and on other Business.

N. B. Attendance is daily given at the said Office, and at their Office in Conduit-street, Hanover-square, for the Assuring of Buildings, Goods, Merchandizes and Ships from Loss or Damage by Fire; and also for the Assurance of Lives.

June 6, 1791.

Notice is hereby given, that the Partnership between Isaac Hawley and Edward Colemere, of Oxford-street, in the County of Middlesex, Linen-drappers and Co-partners, was this Day dissolved by mutual Consent.

Isaac Hawley.
Edward Colemere.

CORNWALL.

TO be sold in Fee by Auction, at the King's Arms Inn, Liskeard, on Thursday the 16th Day of June, 1791, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, The Fee Simple and Inheritance of a Majesty of the valuable and extensive Manors of Bodlet, otherwise Bottlegate, and Treganhawke, situate in the several Parishes of Landreath, Duloe, Boconnock, St. Pinnock, St. Martyn, and St. John's, in the County of Cornwall. The above Manors contain upwards of Two Thousand Six Hundred Acres of Land, and are divided into Seventy-five Tenements, Fifty-seven of which are in Demesne, and the rest held by Leases determinable on One, Two and Three Lives. There are now upwards of Two Hundred Acres of Coppice Wood, Part of which is about Sixteen Years Growth, with a large Number of thriving Timber Trees therein, and a very healthy Common for Cattle and Sheep, together with many Chief Rents, and an extensive Royalty.

The Manors are well situate for bringing in Manure of Lime and Sea Sand; the Soil very improveable, and in a very fine sporting Country, about Eight Miles from Liskeard, Five from

Leawichiel, and Three from the Seaport Towns of East and West Looe and Fowey.

Printed Particulars may be had by applying to Mr. Kingdon, of Milverton in the County of Somerset; Mr. Cutcliffe, Attorney, in Barnstable; and Mr. Shephard, Attorney, John-street, Bedford-row, London.

Mr. William Olver, at Trecangate, in Landreath, will shew the Premises.

Treasury Chambers, May 31, 1791.

IN Consequence of an Address of the House of Commons to His Majesty, and of an Examination made respecting the Efficacy of a Composition discovered by Mr. William Forsyth, for curing Injuries and Defects in Trees, His Majesty has been pleased to grant a Reward to Mr. Forsyth, for disclosing the Method of making and using that Composition; and the following Directions for that Purpose are published accordingly.

Royal Gardens, Kensington, May 11, 1791.

DIRECTIONS for making a Composition for curing Diseases, Defects and Injuries in all Kinds of Fruit and Forest Trees, and the Method of preparing the Trees, and laying on the Composition, by William Forsyth.

Take One Bushel of fresh Cow Dung, Half a Bushel of Lime Rubbish of old Buildings, (that from the Ceilings of Rooms is preferable) Half a Bushel of Wood Ashes, and a Sixteenth Part of a Bushel of Pit or River Sand. The Three last Articles are to be sifted fine before they are mixed; then work them well together with a Spade; and afterwards with a wooden Beater, until the Stuff is very smooth, like fine Plaster used for the Ceilings of Rooms.

The Composition being thus made, Care must be taken to prepare the Tree properly for its Application, by cutting away all the dead, decayed, and injured Part, till you come to the fresh sound Wood; leaving the Surface of the Wood very smooth, and rounding off the Edges of the Bark with a Draw-knife, or other Instrument, perfectly smooth, which must be particularly attended to: Then lay on the Plaster, about One-eighth of an Inch thick, all over the Part where the Wood or Bark has been so cut away, finishing off the Edges as thin as possible. Then take a Quantity of dry Powder of Wood Ashes, mixed with a Sixth Part of the same Quantity of the Ashes of burnt Bones; put it into a Tin Box, with Holes in the Top, and shake the Powder on the Surface of the Plaster till the Whole is covered over with it, letting it remain for Half an Hour, to absorb the Moisture: Then apply more Powder, rubbing it on gently with the Hand, and repeating the Application of the Powder, till the whole Plaster becomes a dry, smooth Surface.

All Trees cut down near the Ground should have the Surface made quite smooth, rounding it off in a small Degree, as before mentioned; and the dry Powder directed to be used afterwards, should have an equal Quantity of Powder of Alabafter mixed with it, in order the better to resist the dripping of Trees and heavy Rains.

If any of the Composition be left for a future Occasion, it should be kept in a Tub, or other Vessel, and Urine of any Kind poured on it, to as to cover the Surface, otherwise the Atmosphere will greatly hurt the Efficacy of the Application.

Where Lime Rubbish of old Buildings cannot be easily got, take powdered Chalk, or Common Lime, after having been slaked a Month at least.

As the Growth of the Tree will gradually affect the Plaster, by raising up its Edges next the Bark, Care should be taken, where that happens, to rub it over with the Finger when Occasion may require, (which is best done when moistened by Rain) that the Plaster may be kept whole, to prevent the Air and Wet from penetrating into the Wound.

WILLIAM FORSYTH,

This Day are published, price Two Shillings,

OBSERVATIONS on the DISEASES, DEFECTS, and INJURIES in all Kinds of FRUIT and FOREST TREES; with an Account of a particular Method of Cure, invented and practised

By WILLIAM FORSYTH,

Gardener to His Majesty at Kensington.

Printed for the Author, and sold by Geo. Nicol, Bookseller to His Majesty, Pall Mall.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Abraham Brearley, of Marsden, in the Parish of Almondbury in the County of York; Dealer and Chapman, are desired to meet the Assignees of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; on the 30th Day of June instant, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon, at the Black Bull, in Wakefield, in the said County, in order to assent to or dissent from the said Assignees commencing; prosecuting, or defending, any Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity for Recovery of any Part of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; and also to their compounding, submitting to Arbitration; or otherwise agreeing, any Matter or Thing relating thereto; and on other special Affairs.

AVERAGE PRICES OF CORN.

From May 30, to June 4, 1791.

By the Standard WINCHESTER Bushel of Eight Gallons.

	Wheat.		Rye.		Barley.		Oats.		Beans;	
	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
London,	5	11	3	3	2	10	2	4	3	0
COUNTIES INLAND.										
Middlesex,	6	3			2	10	2	7	3	5
Surry,	5	3	3	3	3	0	2	6	3	11
Hertford,	6	0			3	0	2	5	3	11
Bedford,	5	10	3	9	2	11	2	5	3	7
Cambridge,	5	6	2	11	2	6	2	1	3	3
Huntingdon,	5	8			3	0	2	1	3	0
Northampton,	6	4	3	10	3	1	2	3	3	4
Rutland,	6	2			3	0	2	3	3	8
Leicester,	6	3	3	10	3	4	2	4	4	1
Nottingham,	6	2	4	2	3	4	2	3	4	0
Derby,	6	9			2	7	2	8	4	6
Stafford,	6	7			3	7	2	8	4	2
Salop,	6	2	4	5	3	7	2	3	4	9
Hereford,	6	4			3	5	2	3		
Worcester,	6	3			3	5	2	7	3	8
Warwick,	6	5			3	6	2	8	4	2
Glocester,	6	3			2	11	2	3	3	7
Wilts,	6	3			2	11	2	3	4	1
Berks,	6	1			2	10	2	3	3	3
Oxford,	6	5			3	0	2	4	3	6
Bucks,	6	1			2	10	2	4	3	4
COUNTIES upon the COAST.										
Essex,	5	7			2	8	2	3	3	0
Suffolk,	5	8	3	0	2	7	2	3	2	11
Norfolk,	5	5	2	7	2	6	2	4	3	1
Lincoln,	5	9	3	8	2	9	1	11	3	2
York,	6	4	4	8	3	1	2	4	4	0
Durham,	6	5	3	11	3	7	2	6		
Northumberland,	5	9	4	1	3	3	2	4	4	0
Cumberland,	6	8	3	11	3	3	2	5	3	5
Westmorland,	6	5	5	9	4	4	2	11		
Lancashire,	6	6			3	6	2	6	4	1
Cheshire,	6	7	5	0	3	6	2	6	3	9
Monmouth,	5	10					2	0		
Somerset,	5	11			3	2	2	3	3	1
Devon,	6	0			2	10	1	9	3	3
Cornwall,	6	2			2	11	1	9		
Dorset,	6	2			2	10				
Hants,	6	0			2	8	2	4	3	11
Suffex,	5	9			2	8	2	3		
Kent,	5	9			2	10	2	4	3	0
W A L E S.										
Anglesea,										
Flint,	6	9			4	1	2	5		
Montgomery,	6	6	4	9	3	8				
Carnarvon,	6	5	4	7	3	6	1	10	3	8
Denbigh,	6	7	4	7	4	2	2	6	5	5
Merioneth,	6	6	5	6	4	4	2	4		
Brecon,	6	5	4	9	3	6	1	9		
Cardigan,	6	9	4	2	3	10	1	6		
Carmarthen,	7	8			4	1	1	7		
Glamorgan,	6	8			3	6	1	10		
Pembroke,	6	0			3	4	1	5		
Radnor,	6	1			3	6	2	1		

TOTAL AVERAGE of ENGLAND and WALES.

Per Bushel,	6	2½	4	1½	3	2½	2	3	3	8
Per Quarter,	49	8	32	10	25	10	18	0	29	4

* Owing to an Error of the Press, the Total Average Price of Barley of England and Wales was inserted in last Saturday's Gazette 3s. 2d. ½ per Bushel, instead of 3s. 2d. ¼.

Published by Authority of Parliament,
John James Catherwood.

CORN EXCHANGE, LONDON:
RETURNS of CORN and GRAIN,

From May 30, to June 4, 1791.

	Quarters.	Price.			Average Price per Quarter.		
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Barley, - - -	7293	9005	4	2	1	4	8
Beans, - - -	1368	1708	19	9	1	4	10
Malt, - - -	3373	6220	3	6	1	16	10
Oats, - - -	7480	7092	5	8	0	18	11
Pease, - - -	420	586	1	6	1	7	10
Rye, - - -	141	184	17	7	1	6	2
Rape-Seed, - -	25	60	0	0	2	8	0
Wheat, - - -	4944	11641	17	10	2	7	1

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Joshua Thomas, of Buntinghall-street, London; Carpenter, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 14th and 25th Days of June instant, and on the 23d Day of July next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, on each of the said Days; at Guildhall, London; and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mess. Herne; Paternoster-row, London.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against James Page, of the Parish of Stepney in the County of Middlesex, Farrier, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 21st and 25th Days of June instant, and on the 23d Day of July next, at Ten in the Forenoon, on each Day, at Guildhall, London; and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance or his Certificate: All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Dalton, Wood-street, Spital-fields.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against William Edwards, of Tottenham Court Road in the Parish of St. Giles in the Fields in the County of Middlesex, Coach Broker, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 14th and 18th Days of June instant, and on the 23d of July next, at Ten in the Forenoon on each of the said Days, at Guildhall, London; and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Harman, Wine-Office Court, Fleet-street, London.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Benjamin Sighton, of Wakefield, in the County of York, Tallow-chandler, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 29th and 30th Days of June instant, and on the 23d Day of July next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon on each of the said Days, at the



Stafford's Arms Inn, in Wakefield aforesaid, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Lee, Attorney, in Wakefield aforesaid, or Mess. Allen, Furnivall's-inn, London.

W Hereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against John Peggert, of Ratcliffe Highway, in the Parish of St. George, in the County of Middlesex, Butcher, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 18th and 25th of June instant, and on the 23d of July next, at Eleven in the Forenoon, on each Day, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Finlay, New-rant, St. George's, Middlesex.

W Hereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Abraham Goldsmith, of Cock and Hoop-cour, Houndsditch, in the City of London, Taylor, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 18th and 21st of June instant, and on the 23d of July next, at Ten in the Forenoon on each Day, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Baddeley, Union-street, Whitechapel.

W Hereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against John Smith, of the Town of Monmouth, in the County of Monmouth, Mercer, Shopkeeper, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 13th and 14th Days of June instant, and on the 23d Day of July next, at Ten in the Forenoon, on each Day, at the Queen's Head, in the Town of Monmouth aforesaid, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Edward Evans, of Sandford near Sidney, in the County of Gloucester; or to Mr. Price, Chancery-lane.

W Hereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against John Potter, now or late of Cambridge in the County of Cambridge, Merchant, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 23d and 30th Days of June instant, and on the 23d Day of July next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, on each of the said Days, at Thomas Mitchell's, the Red Lion Inn, in Cambridge aforesaid, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the

said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Pemberton, of Cambridge.

W Hereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Edward Goddard, of Chamber Hall, near Oldham, in the County of Lancaster, Hat-manufacturer, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 18th and 22d of June instant, and on the 23d of July next, at Three in the Afternoon, on each of the said Days; at the Coach and Horses, in Manchester; in the said County of Lancaster, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Shelmerdine, Attorney, Manchester, or to Mr. Edge, Inner Temple, London.

W Hereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Thomas Harrison, of High-street, Southwark, in the County of Surry, Cheesemonger, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 14th and 21st Days of June instant, and on the 23d Day of July next, at Ten in the Forenoon on each Day, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. O'Neil, in Winsley-street, Oxford-street.

T HE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued against Thomas James Lawrence, of Ludgate-street, London, Woollen-draper, intend to meet on the 14th of June instant, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to receive the Proof of a Debt under the said Commission.

T HE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against John Mills and Sherland Swanson, late of Great St. Helen's, London, Merchants, intend to meet on the 28th of June instant, at Ten in the Forenoon, at the Baptist Head Coffee-house, in Chancery-lane, London, in pursuance of the Lord Chancellor's Order, dated the 20th Day of April, 1790, whereby it is referred to the said Commissioners to compute Interest from the Date of the said Commission as Principal of such Debts proved under the said Commission as carried Interest, at such Rate the same respectively carried.

T HE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against John Moss, late of Froddham in the County of Chester, Woollen-draper, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 4th Day of July next, at Ten o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the Feather Inn in the City of Chester, in order to make a Final Dividend of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

T HE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Andrew Mackintosh, of High Holborn in the County of Middlesex, Linen-draper, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 2d of July next, at Five o'Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, (and not on the 3d of July, as before advertised by Mistake) in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against John West, of Long-acre, in the County of Middlesex, Coach-maker and Coach-harness-maker, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 5th Day of July next, at Five in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to make a Dividend of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Peter Whitehead, late of Broad-street-buildings, London, Merchant, intend to meet on the 7th of July next, at Ten in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, to make a Further Dividend of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Edmund Hillier, of Piccadilly in the County of Middlesex, Perfumer, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 1st Day of August next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London; (and not on the 1st of July, as before advertised) in order to make a Dividend of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Joseph Le Jeune, of the Parish of St. Giles in the Fields, in the County of Middlesex, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 5th Day of July next, at Five o'Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Final Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against William Boynton, of Upper Seymour-street, Portman-square, in the County of Middlesex, Painter, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 9th Day of July next, at Twelve at Noon, at Guildhall, London, to make a Final Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Isaac Lermite, of Welbeck-square in the County of Middlesex, Merchant, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 5th Day of July next, at Five in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, (and not on the 12th Instant, as before advertised) to make a Final Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Stephen Taylor, late of Brentwood in the County of Essex, Shopkeeper, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 5th Day of July next, at Five in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Robert Mayne and Robert Graham, of Jermyn-street, in the Parish of St. James, Westminster, in the County of Middlesex, Bankers and Copartners, intend to meet on the 21st Day of June instant, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, (and not on the 18th Instant; as advertised in a former Gazette) at Guildhall, London, for the Proof of Debts under the said Commission; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded.

WHEREAS the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against William Fox, of Bread-street, Cheap-side, London, Warehouseman, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Hon. Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said William Fox hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that, by virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of His late Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 2d Day of July next.

WHEREAS the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against William Cheeke the Younger, late of the City Road in the County of Middlesex, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Hon. Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain; that the said William Cheeke hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that, by virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of His late Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 2d Day of July next.

WHEREAS the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Richard Peele, now or late of Sutton St Mary, in the Parish of Long Sutton, in the County of Lincoln, Jobber, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Hon. Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said Richard Peele hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that, by virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of His late Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 2d Day of July next.

WHEREAS the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against William Clifton, late of Dorrington-street in the County of Middlesex, but now of Ludgate-hill in the City of London, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Hon. Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said William Clifton hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that, by virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of His late Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 2d Day of July next.

WHEREAS the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against William Houghton, of Liverpool in the County of Lancaster, Money-scrivener, have certified to the Right Honourable Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said William Houghton hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that, by virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of His late Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 2d Day of July next.

