The London Gazette.

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From Thursday August 8. to Monday August 12. 1678.

Whitehall, August 10.

IS Majesty has been pleased to cause His Royal
Proclamation to be iffued, Declaring the
Parliament shall be Prorogued until the First day of
Ostober next.

CHARLES R.

Hereas this present. Parliament was Prorogued from the First day of this instant August, unto the Nine and twentieth day of the same month; And whereas His Majesty did Issue His Proclamation of the Second day of this month, Signifying His Royal Pleasure, That both Houses should not onely meet upon the said Nine and twentieth day of August, but should continue then to Sit, for the Dispatch of divers weighty Affairs which should then he Proposed and Debated; His Majesty now taking into His Consideration, That the State of Affairs abroad is much changed since that His Proclamation, Hath therefore thought sit (with the Advice of His Privy Coancil) to Publish and Declare, And His Majesty doth hereby, Publish and Declare, And His Majesty doth hereby, Publish and Declare Frongued to the Two Houses of Parliament shall noon the said Nine and twentieth of August be surther Prorogued to the First day of October next, And that they, shall then continue to Sit for the Dispatch of divers weighty Matters which shall be then Provosed and Debated.

Nine and twentieth of August be further Prorogued to the First day of October next, And that they, shall then continue to Sh for the Dispatch of divers weighty Matters which shall be then Proposed and Debated.

And His Mayesty being desirous, in respect of the Importance of those Affairs, to have on the said First of October, a full Assembly of the Members of both Houses of Parliament, Doth hereby Require and Command all and every the Lords Spiritual and Temporal of this Realm, and the Knights, Citizens, and Burgesses of the House of Commons, to give their Attendance at Westminster on the said First day of October next; letting them know, that He will not at the said Nine and twentieth day of August instant, expect the Attendance of any, but only such as being in or about the Cities of London or Westminster, may Attend the making of the said Prorogation: And Him Majesty doth expect a ready Conformity to this Him Royal Will and Pleasure.

Given at Our Court at Whitehall, the Eighth day of August 1678. And in the Thirtieth year of Our

Hamburgh, Aug. 10. We have had news here, that the Fortreis of Babus was surrendred to the Sieur Guldenlieu the 27 pall, and that the King of Denmark had relieved Christianstat; neither of which is confirmed by the Letters we receive this day from Denmark: They tell us on the contrary, that Babus held out still, and that the Suedes were so advantageously posted at Christianstads, that there was not any likelic hood of the King of Denmarks relieving the place, unless he could oblige them to quit their station, by cutting off their Provisions, which his Majesty, it seems, was resolved to attempt. In Pomeren the Brandenburgh Troops block up Gripswaldt; and it is not doubted but we shall very shortly hear that they

have befieged Straelford. Count Coningfmark continues with what Suedift Troops he has in the Isle of Rugen, which he will endeavor to secure against all the attempts of the Enemy.

Strasburgh, Aug. 8. The 6th inflant, the French, after having demolished the Fort of Kiel, taken away the Cannon, &c. that was there; fet fire to the Houses, and to the Bridge, and so retired. To morrow the Mareschal de Crequi will pass the Rhine at Altenheim, his Cannon is already on this sule. The Sicure de Monesar is posted at Ruprechscham; he seems to have a design to attack the two Forts which guard our Bridge on this side, but hitherto he has not

made any attempt upon them.

Bruffels, Aug. 12. Yesterday the Prince of Orange decamped from Enghien, intending to march directly towards the Enemy, as had been resolved at a Council of War. His Highness being in the head of his Army, which had the Vanguard, notice was given him, that the Enemy was also decamped, and marched towards Cambron; wheretpon the Prince made a halt, resolving to change his march to the right, and in the interim sent out Parties to learn the Enemies motions, who returned, and assured his Highness, thas the Enemy were returned to their Camp at Soignies; whereupon his Highness resolved to encamp at Steenke, about a League and half from the Enemies Camp. This day his Highness resolved to advance nearer to the Enemy, and to succor Mons at any rate.

Ditto, Aug. 16. There has been a most sharp Engagement between the two Armies near Mons, which began on Sunday at three in the afternoon, (the Prince of *Grange* attacking the Enemy in their Camp) and laited till night, with a great flaughter on both fides. We have not as yet all the particulars, only in general, That we have beaten the Encmy from their Post at St. Denis, and that our Army is now encamped where the French (who are retired nearer to Mons) were before the Fight. The Prince of Orange, and the Duke of Monmouth; (which latter arrived in the Army some hours before) were for feveral hours engaged in the hottest of the Action, but, God be thanked, came off without any hart. The Count Horne, General of the Artillery to the Prince of Orange, is come hither, to fend Ammunition and other Necessaries to the Army.

Lille, Aug. 17. The Letters we have from our Army give us an Account of a very sharp Action which passed between them and the Enemy the 14 instant. All the particulars we have are, That that day about noon, the Prince of Orange advanced towards our Army to attack it, which was posted to very advants a geously, as to be even surprized, at the boldness of the design; but that the Duke of Luxemburgh immediately gave the necessary Orders, and using great diliagence, took such Posts as were most advantageous: The two Armies were soon very near each other, began to make use of their Cannon, and presently after sell into Action; the Fight lasted from three in

the

the afternoon till ten at night, between Bodies, for the whole Armies did not engage. The Dragoons of Fimancon bore the first shock on our side, and are most cut off, as likewif, the Dragoons of Tilladet, and four Monsieur de Fimancon is mortally wounded, his Lieutenant Colonel, and most all the Officers of that Regiment are either killed or wounded. Monfieur de Neyoe, Captain of Dragoons of Tilladet, was cut in two by a Cannon-shot. have certainly loft a great many Officers, and we reckon that on our fide there were 3 or 4000 killed and wounded, and of the Enemies 5 or 6000. have taken some Prisoners, and three small Fieldpieces. The Garison of Mons, during this Action, inade several very vigorous Sallies, but were still repulsed. When these Letters came away, the Armics continued very near each other, and, it's believed, would renew the Fight the next day.

Antwerp, Aug. 17. The Prince of Orange, after a dispute which lasted on Sunday last from three in the afternoon till ten at night, with confiderable loss of men on both fides, hath forced the Duke of Luxemburg to quit his Camp at St. Denis, where his Highness was encamped when our Letters came from the We are expecting a particular Relation of this Action, which was extreme obstinate on both

fides:

From the Prince of Oranges Camp at St. Denis, Aug. 15. Yesterday, about noon, the Duke of Monmouth joined the Prince of Oranges Army, which was then marching, in order to attack the Enemy in their The French Army was encamped between two Woods, with fuch advantage of scituation, that it was extremely difficult to come to them; notwithflanding which, the Prince of Orange caused his Foot and Dragoons to make two Attacks, one on the right, and the other on the left, they both succeeded fo well, that though after a very obstinate dispute, in which a great many Men were killed, they made themselves Masters of the Villages of St. Denis, and of Castebau. The Earl of Offory, with the Regiments of the King of Englands Subjects under his command, was engaged in the Attack on the fide of Castebau, in which, as well the Officers, as common Soldiers, in imitation of his Lordships example, (who alwayes Charged with them) behaved themselves with that Courage and Bravery, which is so natural to them, and consequently suffered very much. The whole Action lasted from three in the afternoon, till the night put an end to it, the Brince of Orange and the Duke of Monmouth being still present, where the Action was hottest, as well to encourage the Soldiers, as to give the necessary Orders; in the night the Duke of Luxemburg quitted his Camp, (where we are now possed) and retired nearer to Mons. We cannot as yet certainly tell you the number of the killed on either fide, but it must needs be great. We have the Honour of having forced the Enemy to quit their ground, which is so much the greater, considering with what difficulty and disadvantage we made our Attacks, in which we were so successful, as that we continued Masters of St. Denis, though we were forced in the evening to quit the Post we had taken at Caste-We know not of any Person of Quality that we have loft, only Lt. Colonel Douglas is a Prisoner. This morning we have News in the Camp, that the Peace is figured at Nimeguen between France and Hol-

ved from the Prince of Oranges Army, we have an Account, that on Sunday last his Highness attacked the French in their Camp at St. Denis, and after a very sharp Fight forced them to quit it with the loss of a great many men. This we are only told in general, the particulars we must expect hereafter.

Patis, Aug. 17: Yesterday artived here two several Couriers, who brought an account of an Engagement between the two Armies in Flanders on Sunday the 14 instant. It seems the Prince of Orange being resolved to relieve Mons, advanced, in order to it, towards our Army, which was encamped at the Abby of St. Denis, and at Castehau, and about 2 or 3 in the afternoon began to attack us; the Duke of Luxemburg, who could hardly have believed that the Enemy would have made so bold an Attempt, was not wanting to give the necessary Orders, and to post his Troops with the most advantage; the Fight lasted till the night put an end to it; which however, it's belied ved, was renewed yesterday, or the day following. The loss of Men and Officers hath been great on both fides, and almost equal. It is said we took three small Field-pieces, and some Prisoners, but we must expect a more particular Account.

The Letters from Alface of the 9th say, That the Mareschal de Crequi was going to repais the Rhine at Altenbeim, having first demosished the Fort of Kiel, and burnt great part of the Bridge of Strusburg; and that he had fent to the Magistrates of that City; to have their final Answer upon the Proposals he had made to them of a Neutrality, which if it were not fuch as the Mareschal expected, he was resolved to attack immediately the Forts that guard their Bridge

on the fide of the City.

Advertisements.

♥ Hefe are to give Notice to thofe that have already Proposed for Farming or Managing the Hearth-money, and are willing to Amend their Proposals, and to all others that defire to make new Proposals for the same, That Saturday next, being the 17th instant, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, is the Time appointed for their bringing in of the Said Amended or New Proposals, to the Treasury Chambers in Whitchall, where His Majesty, attended with the Lord Treasurer,&c. will be then ready to receive the same,

The Project of Peace, or Unity of Faith and Government, the only Expedient to procure Peace, both Foreign and Domestique: and to preserve these Nations from the Danger of Popery, and Arbitrary Tyranny. By the Author of the Countermine. Sold by F. Edwin, at the three Roles in Ludgate-ftrees,

A New Edition of the Famous English Poet Mr. Edmund Spencer's Works being now in the Pref-, roct Mr. Lamma Opener's Works being now in the Pref-, allingenious Genthemen, who have any of his Poems, or any thing relating to an account of his Life, nor yet Printed, in their hands, are hereby humbly defired to oblige Posterity, by communicating Copies of them to Finathan Edwim Bookfeller at the Three Rose in Language Street, London, Who will thankfully acknowledge their Civility. The Book will be published in Michaelmas Term next,

His is to give Notice to whom it may concern, That his Excellence Don Francisco de Mello, Ambastador of Porrugal, being lately deceased, his Sister, the Lady Countess of Penalua, and the other Executors of his Will, are ready to pay any of the faid Ambassadors Debts due to any Person in England, upon just Proof thereof, within an dayes time, according to the said Ambassadors Orders in his last Will and Testament,

Oft or folen the toth instant, a large light brindled gelt Mastiff Dog, white down the face, round the necky white belly and legs, long ears, cut tail'd. Whoever gives notice of the said Dog to Mr. Panless at the Bico Posts in the Hay-marker, shall have Two Quineys Reward.