The States have at present this Memorial before them, and by our next we may be able to tell you what resolution they have taken upon it. It is believed they will not send any Deputies either to Ghent or St. Luintin, but will rather desire to have the matter treated at Nimeguen, if there be occcafiou.

Bruffels, Aug. 2. On Saturday last the Lunenburg Troops-under the command of the Sieur Chauvet. arrived near Malines, being followed by those of Brandenburg, under Monsieur Spien, which consist in 3500 Foot, and 1500 Horse, besides two Dutch Regiments that came with them from Maseycke and Hassel, which will be a great reinforcement to the Prince of Orange's Army, and make it above 40000 men, reckoning the Spanish Troops and those of Osnabrug, which will march to morrow in order to their joining the Army, which decamped this morning from Vi'vord, and is now posted at Grimberg, his Highness being resolved to march on towards Mons. The Duke of Luxemburg is still encamped between Soignes and Escaussin, his head-quarter being at la Pollie. It is faid that he hath fortified and secured all the Passes to Mons on that side, and hath caused all the Corn and other Provisions to be taken away from Nivelle and Englien, to prevent its falling into our hands. The Mareschal de schomberg is likewife marching with great diligence towards Mons, having passed the 30 of the last month by Liege towards Dinant. Our Letters from Germany say, that the Mareschal de Crequi finding he could not fucceed in his design upon Rhinfelt, descended with great diligence towards Strasburg, and that he was fet down b. fore Offenburg, which however he did not before the Duke of Lorrain had put 3000 men into the place under the command of Count States remburg. His Highness being advanced with some of his Cavalry, had a Rencounter with part of the French Army near Ortenberg, in which he loft 3 or 400 nien.

Paris, Aug. 3. The Letters we received by the fast Ordinary from Germany; give an account, thac the Marcichal de Crequi was let down before Offenburg the 13 past; that the same day some of his Troops had a rencounter with the Duke of Lorrain near Ortenburg, who was forced to retire with considerable loss, on our side the Marquis de Schomberg was taken prisoner; after which our Troops attacked the Callle of Ortenburg, defended by 200 men, and took it, the Garison obtaining Conditions to march out, &c . That the Mareschal de Grequi detached the 25 the Sieur Monclar, with 7 Battalions, and 16 Squadrons, and some Cannon, towards Stras. burg, to attack the Fort which guards the Bridge; That being arrived there, he summoned the Commander of the faid Fort, who having given an account thereof to the Magistrates of Strasburg, they presently sent a Deputy to the Sieur de Monclar to pray him not to commit any hostility, but to retire out of their Territory; but had for answer, that he was come thither to possels himself of the said Fort, and of the Bridge, and allowed the faid Magistrates three hours to consider whether they would deliver them up to him; and the Sieur de Monclar not having in that time received a satisfactory answer, immediately caused a Battery to be raised against the Fort, and the Trenches to be opened the 26 at

night, and having made a Breach, the next morninghe attackt it, and after a brave defence on the part of the attacked, took it by affault, though with the loss of 4 or 500 men, and among them many Officers. We have Letters from Nancy of the 28 palt, which fay, that they had advice from the Mareschal de Crequi's Camp before Offenburg, that they had opened the Trenches before that place, and that they were pushing on the Siege very vigorously; that the Imperial Army, which had had a very difficult march through the Mountains, was expected the 27 at Gengenback, which is about three Leagues from Offenburg, which it is thought they will endeavor to succor; the Count de Staremberg is in the place with 4 or 5000 men. We have nothing of moment from Flanders, onely the Prince of Orange was preparing to relieve Mons.

Hereas on Sunday the 21 instant in the evening Mr.

Hinry Wroth with 10 or 12 persons his Accomplices, did in a forcible manner fall upon Sirkeb 2 Viner in his Coach near his house by Vabridge, and after much barbarous usage of the said Sir Robers, his Daughter in-Law Mrs.

Hyde, and other Friends with him, did violently seize and carry away the said Mrs. Hyde as far as Twinem (where she was rescued) to the high violation of His Majesties Peace, and the Laws of the Kingdom; fr which the said persons are sted: And His Majesty highly offended at so foul an action, having commanded that all possible means be used for their discovery and apprehension, in order to their being proceeded against according to Law: And to that end we are commanded to publ sh the following Descriptions of the several persons coucerned in this barbarous Attempt, according to the informations taken upon Oath before Roger Jimings of Hayes in Midtlesex, Esq. one of His Majesties Justices of the Peace for that County.

Mr. Hm. 7 Wroth, about 18 years, of a ruddy and fair round face, small black eyes, went lately in a light coloured Sute, with a Campaine Coat, without a Perriwig, very short hair; it's said he goes in Womens Cloaths. Cha les Tork Corporal, lately a Cossee man nigh Exeuer Exchange, a very swarthy thin fac'd man, black hair, not tall. Andrew Hopel lately a Taylor in St. Marsins C'u ch Lane, middle aged, a fresh colour, shore gissed hair. Jo. Sinclare, a Scotchman, middle-faz'd, long sac'd, much tann'd. Jo. Stowa.d., a Scotchman, hard savour'd, full sac'd, with bushy light hair, was Mr. Wroth's Footman. Thomas Newsom, full sac'd, pale, down-lookt, middle sa'd, another of his Footmen. Goodrick Sybets, his Groom, a stender man, long sac'd, did wear a Perriwig. When the Fact was committed, most of these persons were in red Cloaths; and whoever can discover and secure any of the said persons, so that they be brought before some one of his Majesties Justices of the Peace, shall upon notice given thereof to Sir, Robers Viner, receive a very got a Reward.

Advertisements.

Casus Medico-Chirurgicus: Or, A most Memorable Case of a Noble Man, deceased. Wherein is showed his Lordships Wound, the various Diseases survening, or Moreover the Art of Curing the most dangerous of Wounds, by the first intention, with the description of the Remedies. By Gileon Harvey M. D. Phistian in Ordinary to His Majesty. Printed fix M. Rooks, and are to be fold by the Booksellers of London.

Hese are to give Notice, That on Thursday the 8th of Jugust neat, my Lord Treasurer will be ready at the Treasury Chambers in Whitehall, to receive all such Proposals as shall be then made for Farming or Managing of His Majesties Revenue arising by Fire-hearths and Stoves for te Term of three years, to Commence from the 25th day of March next

Hese are to give Notice, That there is come into the Exchequer Mony sufficient to pay off all Orders Registred on the Act of Parliament for the Poll Mony, to N. 18 Inclusive, and the said Mony is there reserved to be paid for that purpose.