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Naples, June 9.

THE Gallies of this Kingdom are fitting out with all diligence, so soon as they are ready, they will sail for Palermo, to join the seven Spanish Men of War that are there, and pass with them for Catalonia. Orders are come from Spain, not only to send thither all the Troops which can be spared in Sicily, but likewise those that are at present quartered in Calabria. Our Viceroy has made a Contract with the Sieur Aricy, who is to advance 200 thousand Crowns, upon the Duty raised upon Corn. The fears we were in for Ragusa, are now past, for we have an Account from thence, that the difference between the Port and that Republick is made up, by the latters paying 180 thousand Crowns!

Venice, June 17. The Troops which were designed to be employed against the Ragusians, are now, by Command of the Grand Viceroy, marching to join the Army, which marches against the Moscovites, but very slowly, for the Grand Signior diverts himself with Hunting, and sometimes continues 5 or 6 dayes at one place, but this many look upon as a pretence only to amuse the world, and that the secret reason of the Armies marching so slowly, is to see the effect of the enclosures that are now to be made in the Country, to compose the matters in difference with the Moscovites; and if this be so, it must then necessarily follow, that the Turks have their eye some other way.

Legorn, June 18. Some dayes since Sir John Narborough came to an Anchor in this Port with ten Frigats, and about 24 Merchantmen, he found here four Frigats more, and 25 Merchantmen, which he will Convoy part of their way home, and then, as is believed, stand over to Argiers. From Naples they write, that the Prince de Gonzague, Viceroy of Sicily, studying how to restore the Trade to Messina, which hath been very much lost, during the late Troubles, hath declared that City a free Port.

Vienna, June 18. The Rebels in Hungary are together in a considerable Body not far from Casthaw, and seem encouraged with the hopes they have that the Turks will turn their Forces towards Hungary; which if any reliance may be had in the repeated assurances of the Port, to maintain inviolably the present friendship and good correspondence between the two Empires, they will find themselves disappointed in; and we have the more reason to believe they will be so, because the Letters from Moscow say, that there is very small appearance of an Accommodation between them and the Turks, and that they are making very great preparations for the War, which is intended to be carried on on the part of the Moscovites, with all the vigor and force they are capable.

Copenhagen, July 3. Since the News we had, that the Suedes Fleet was put into Calmar, we have not any thing from Sea; our Fleet, under the command of Admiral Fuels, will continue on the Coast of Sweden, to hinder the passage of any men or provisions

from thence to Pomeren, where the Forces of the Elector of Brandenburgh, and the Dukes of Saxe-burg, are preparing to take the Field, and we are assured they will advance directly to Straßburg, and attack that place. We are in a continual expectation of hearing that the Sieur Guldeneke has taken the strong Fortress of Babus, for the last Letters the King received from him, advised, that he was advanced very far in the Siege, and that he hoped by his next to give his Majesty a good account of the place. Though the report still continues of the Suedes having within these few dayes mad an Attack upon Christianstadt, and of their having been repulsed therein, yet there is not any certainty; and we have great reason to believe that this Account is not better-grounded, than that we have had formerly of the same kind.

Hamburg, July 5. From Berlin they write, that his Electoral Highness of Brandenburgh had given the necessary Orders, in order to his taking the Field, which its expected our next Letters from those Parts will give us an account of. The Lunenburg Troops have already begun to quit their quarters, and are marching to the place appointed for their Rendezvous. We have not of late had any knowledge of what passes between the Communication with that Kingdom, by reason of the interruption of the Posts, being at present so very difficult. That their Fleet has been at Sea, we have from several Masters of Vessels who met it, and were on Board some of their Ships; but whether they are putt again into Calmar, as they write from Denmark, we have not any information, or from any where else. The Advices from Dantick, and those Parts, speak only of the War which is going to break out between the Turks and the Moscovites, for which both Parties have made very great preparations, by which means the Suedes will be at ease in Livonia, and might employ the Forces they have in that Country elsewhere, and particularly against the Elector of Brandenburgh in Prussia, could they obtain passage through the Territories of the Crown of Poland, or the Duke of Courland, which has been hitherto refused them.

Menz, July 3. Several Troops of the Princes of the Empire, being the Quota's they are to furnish, are marching towards Hailbronn, where they will receive Orders from the Duke of Lorraine how to proceed, in order to their joining the Imperial Army, which, according to the last Advices we have from it, was encamped at Stauffen, about three Leagues from Freiburg. The three Regiments of Saxony, which are on the other side of the Moselle and the Saar, are advanced farther into the Country of Luxembourg.

Hague, July 8. We are expecting to hear from Nimeguen, what Answer the French Ambassadors there, will have Orders from their King to make, to the Representations of our Ambassadors, in pursuance of the last Resolution of the States, in the matter concerning the quitting the Towns in Flanders,

After which we shall be better able to judge how things will turn. The Merchants upon the great appearance there was of a fudd in Peace, had already begun to fit out their ships, but at present they slacken their hand, till they see the issue of things. We do not yet certainly know when the Prince of Orange will return to the Army, which it's said, the Duke de Villa Hermosa, Governor of the Spanish Netherlands, desires his Highness would do very speedily, in order to th^e putting a Royal Convoy into Mons, which, after all, we are told, is not in so great want of Provisions as hath been said.

Braintree, July 8. The Dutch Army, consisting in about 2 Battalions, and 900 Horse and Dragoons, commanded by the Count de Nassau, are encamped near Vlissing; the Osnabrug Troops, who were marching towards the Meuse, are come back, and are encamped near Maastricht. The Duke of Luxemburg continues in his old Camp near this City, whither the 5000 Horse that were sent towards the Meuse, are returned; and the Cannon is likewise brought back from Aix, and besides we have an Account from Lille, that the Mareschal de Humieres is drawing out several Garisons to reinforce the Duke of Luxemburg's Army, which it's said, the said Mareschal will command, and that the Duke will return to Paris. On Sunday last in the evening hapned here a Tumult among the ordinary sort of people, who meeting at one of the Gates with three or four Wagons laden with Wine and Provisions, going to one of the French quarters, with a Passport from his Excellency, they brought them back to the Market-place, where they staved the Casks, and burnt the Wagons, and not satisfied with this, they went to the House of Viscount Berlin, Governor of this City, with intention to have plundered it, but were prevented by a Guard of soldiers he had got there. Yesterday Sir Alexander Collyer, Adjutant of the Dutch Army, came hither, being sent by the Prince of Orange to the Duke de Villa Hermosa, and after having been several hours in Conference with his Excellency, returned again. The last night a French Party passed the River, and came very near the Fort Monterey, and took a very strict view of it. Our Letters from Aix la Chapelle tell us, that Mareschal Schomberg continues encamped at Gulpen, near Aix la Chapelle, where he layes up great Magazines. Our last Advice from Strasburg is of the first instant, which sayes, that the Duke of Lorrain was marching with all the diligence possible to relieve Rhinfeldt, which the Mareschal de Crequi had sent a detachment of 8 or 9000 men to besiege.

Antwerp, July 9. Hitherto we remain in an uncertainty what to expect, Peace or War, all the appearances are for the latter; for we are assured, that at Nimeguen things continue in the same state they were 3 or 10 dayes since, only the French Ambassadors have not yet finally, as we hear, declared themselves, expecting the Orders of their King, in return to the Account they have given him of the Resolutions taken by the States. In the mean time the Duke of Luxemburg, who remains near Brufels, seems to prepare himself for Action, by reinforcing his Army, sending for his Cannon back from Aix, &c. At Brufels the ordinary sort of People have been very apt of late to fall into mutinies, two or three dayes since they seized some Wagons with Provisions, which his Excellency the Duke de Villa Hermosa, in civility to

some of the French Commanders, had permitted to be sent to the French Camp; and the disorder would have gone farther, had it not been prevented by the care of the Governor, the Viscount Berlin, who had very seasonably posted two Spanish Companies in and near his house, which secured it.

Paris, July 13. We have an Account from Germany, that the Duke of Lorrain, upon the Advice he had that the Mareschal de Crequi had sent a Body of Men, under the Command of the Marquis de Choiseul, to besiege Rhinfeldt, detached the Count de Staremberg with 6000 Horse, to cover the place, with whom our Troops have had an Engagement, and are said to have quite routed them, killing 7 or 800 upon the place, among whom are counted several Persons of Quality, as the Prince of Baden, Prince Porte, &c. a great many were made Prisoners, and 3 or 400 drowned, a Bridge breaking under two Regiments of Cuirassiers, as they were passing it, and it is said that Count Staremberg is among the drowned. We are expecting to hear that the Duke of Luxemburg has entered upon some Action in Flanders, in order to which our Letters from thence tell us, that he had caused his great Cannon, which he had sent to Aix, to be brought back to his Camp, and had given Orders for the drawing out several Garisons to reinforce his Army. Men, we are told, is at present in that condition, that it cannot hold out long, and therefore if the War continues, that place must of necessity fall into our hands very quickly. On the side of Catalonia, the Kings Troops are all in quarters of refreshment in Lampourdan, where they will continue till the great Heats are over. Mareschal Schomberg continues encamped near Aix la Chapelle, and gathers great Contributions.

Bridlington, July 4. By a Vessel arrived here from the Sound, we have Advice, that the Danes, under their Guidance, Viceroy of Norway, besieges Babek, which, if they can make themselves Masters of, will very much facilitate their design upon Gottenburg.

Advertisements.

Lost about seven weeks since, nigh unto Canterbury, a Box with Point lace, bound about with Packthread and sealed up, directed to John Nelson at the Sagur-loof in the Old Bailey, London: Whoever gives notice of the said Box to Mr. Nath: Simpson at Canterbury, or to the aforesaid John Nelson, shall be well rewarded.

Lost the 21st of June last, a small Pocket Almanack, bound in Purple Turkey Leather (with Claps, within it certain Notes and Accompts, together with a Bill of Exchange) to be paid from Mr. Jonath: Lee in Bow-lane. Whoever shall bring the said Almanack to Mr. Joseph Morey at the Arches on Eⁿ gate-hill, or to Mr. William Berry at the Globe at Charing-cross, shall be well rewarded.

STolen or strayed about the 15th of June last, from Mr. James Hayes near Windsor, a brown Gelding about 44 hand's high, with a small blaze in his forehead, and burn-marked with two P's, counter-placed thus qp upon his near shoulder. Whoever gives notice of the said Gelding to Mr. Hayes at the Kite-bine-wheel in Gracechurch-street, London, shall have 30 s. reward.

Lost from about the Black Lyon in Wm^t lane in Fleet-street, one of this Years Almanack bound up in Parchment. They that give notice of it to the Tapster at the Black Lyon, shall be well rewarded.

Jane Tarey an Inhabitant in Hammersmith about 12 years, went away from thence lately, being of a middle stature, brown complexion, about 30, somewhat distract^d. Whoever gives notice of her to the Churchwardens of Hammersmith aforesaid, shall be well rewarded.