

*Amsterdam, July 8.* We have Letters from the Sieur *Everez*, who commands the *Dutch Squadron* in the *Streights*, dated the 5th past, in the Road of *Alicant*, which say, That on the 28 of *May* he sailed with the Ships under his command from *Cadix*, that the 30 he arrived at *Malaga*, in order to have taken on Board some *Spanish Troops*, which, it seems, had already been sent away in Vessels hired for that purpose to *Barcelona*; that on the 2d of *June* he sailed from *Malaga*, and arrived the day these Letters were written, before *Alicant*, where he found the Prince of *Montesarchio* with three *Spanish Men of War*, and two *Dutch Vessels* laden with *Ammunition*, and all kind of *Provisions*; that the said Prince intended to sail from thence the 5th or 6th past, to go and meet the *Armada* which comes from *Palermo*. From *Rochel* we have an *Account*, that there was arrived a Vessel from the *West-Indies*, which said, that the Count *d'Estree* sailed from *Martenico* on the 7th of *May*, but that it was not known whether he took his course.

*Hague, July 8* In our last we told you, that the Sieur *de Lanoy* was returned from the *French Court*, and had brought a Letter from that King to the *States*, which hath been communicated to the *Ministers* of the *Allies* residing here, and contains, That his Majesty understanding, that the *States* in pursuance of their *Resolution* of the 22d past, had sent *Orders* to their *Ambassadors* at *Nimeguen*, to conclude and sign the *Treaty of Peace*, had sent the like directions to his *Ambassadors* there; that at the same time his Majesty had commanded the Duke of *Luxemburg* to withdraw his *Forces* out of the *Territories* of the King of *Spain*, except those, which it will be necessary still to keep, about *Mons*, for the blocking up of that place; and that his Majesty had caused a great number of *Passes* to be sent to his *Ambassadors* at *Nimeguen*, to be made use of by the *Subjects* and *Inhabitants* of this State, upon condition the *States* furnished likewise such *Passes* as should be desired by the *Subjects* of *France*. And accordingly we are told, that the *States* have caused a good number of them to be sent to their *Ambassadors* at *Nimeguen*, some speak of 2000. Yesterday, and this day, the *States General*, and the *States of Holland* have been assembled, upon Letters come from *Nimeguen*, which, as is said, give an *Account*, that the difficulty about the places in *Flanders*, continues to hinder the conclusion of the *Treaty*. The Prince of *Orange* purposes to return in a day or two to the *Army*, which is marching, as well as the *Osnabrug Troops*, in order to the putting a *Convoy* into *Mons*, which begins to be very much streightned.

*Paris, July 9.* The Letters we received some days since from *Alsace*, giving us an account that the *Marschal de Crequi* had besieged *Rhinfeldt*, and that the Duke of *Lorraine* was hastening to the relief of it, put us in an expectation of hearing by the Letters come in last night from those Parts, of an *Engagement* between the two *Armies*; but they only say, that the *Marschal de Crequi*, upon the motions of the *Imperial Army*, was come back to *Neuburg*, and had posted himself there, while the detached *Troops*, under the Command of the *Marquis de Choiseul*, besieged *Rhinfeldt*. The last Letters from *Flanders* say, that the Duke of *Luxemburg* remained in the Neighborhood of *Brussels*, expecting new *Orders* from hence, upon the difficulties arisen in the matter of the *Peace*. We have the following *Advices* from our *Army* in *Germany*.

*From the Marschal de Crequi's Camp at Schellingen, July 3.* The 26th of the last month, the *Marschal de Crequi* encamped at *Grotzingen*, from whence he removed the 27 to *Neuburg*, where he had ordered a *Bridge* to be laid over the *Rhine*. The 29 he marched to *Emellingue*, a League above *Basse* where he had Advice, that the Duke of *Lorraine* followed him; whereupon he sent out the Sieur *de la Buffiere* with 150 *Horse*, to learn the *Enemies motions*. They found the *Imperial Army* encamped at *Grotzingen*, which is about two Leagues from our *Camp*, which hindered not, but that we continued our march hither, as had been intended. About an hour after our coming hither, word was brought, that the Van of the *Enemy* was come near our *Guards*, which proved only to be 1000 *Horse*, who charged our *Out-guards*, and 200 *Horse*, who brought up the *Rear* of our *Army*, under the Command of the *Marquis de Cominges*, with the *Squadrons* of *Ollier*, *Almani*, and *Montaugé*, Commanded by the Sieur *Ollier*. The *Enemy* being much superior in number, our *Troops* retired in some disorder, and the *Imperialists*, without losing time, passed a certain *Lane*, and charged the said *Squadrons* in *Flank*, but the *Marquis de Cominges* having recovered the disorder his men were at first put into, receiving the *Enemy* with his 200 *Horse*, conducted by the *Squadron* of *Montaugé*, so briskly, that he made them give ground; and the *Marschal de Crequi* being come thither in person, and rallying the *troops* that were in disorder, they followed the *Imperialists* to a *Defile* or *Lane*, which was before their *Camp*. The *Enemy* lost several *Officers* in this occasion, *Prince Louis* of *Baden* is dangerously wounded, and the Count *de Ligneville*, Aide de *Camp* to the Duke of *Lorraine*, taken *Prisoner*, with some other *Officers*. We likewise took some *Standards*. On our side the *Chevaliers de Cominges* and *Kaucocour* are killed, the latter in defending his *Standard*, which was afterwards recovered, and the Sieur *Ollier* was mortally wounded and taken, but afterwards disengaged again.

*From the said Camp near Neuburg, July 4.* From *Schellingen* we are come hither again, the Count *de Choiseul* is with 8000 men at *Rhinfeldt*. The Duke of *Lorraine* sent thither likewise a considerable detachment, commanded by the Count of *Staremberg*, who, on the 2d instant, attacked the *Guards* of the said *Body*, commanded by the Count *de Choiseul*, but was repulsed.

#### Advertisements.

#### The History of the Wars of Flanders.

Written in *Italian* by that Learned and Famous Cardinal *Bemignio*. Englished by the Right Honorable *Henry Earl of Monmouth*. The whole Work, Illustrated with a Map of the 17 *Provinces*, and above 20 *Figures* of the chief Personages mentioned in this History. Sold by *Dorman Newman* at the *Kings Arms* in the *Parlour*.

LOst on Thursday last, in the afternoon, a little Land Spaniel, red and white, no Setter, and a size above a lap Dog, with long ears, from *Somerset-house*. Whoever brings notice of the said Spaniel to the Porter of *Somerset-house*, shall have 10 s. Reward.

A Market and four Fairs, granted to the Earl of *Lindsey*, to be kept at *Edenham* in the County of *Lincoln*; the Market is held upon every Thursday in the year, and the Fairs upon every Thursday next before *St. James's day*, *St. Luke's day*, *St. George's day*, and *Whitsonday*, yearly for ever.

A Black Boy, about the age of 16 or 17, ran away the 24th of *June* last, (who came from the *East Indies* 8 or 9 years since) having long hair, a sad coloured Sute, with blue edging, and blue stockings, known by the name of *Black Tom*. Whoever shall bring him into *Fenchurch-street*, to *Mr. William Perse* a *Chyrurgion*, his Master, shall have 20 s. reward.